WEATHER
Probably fair Thursday and Friday.

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ONE SECTION

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PROGRESSIVES TURBULENT REPUBLICANS VERY CALM

Both National Conventions at Chicago Hold Brief Sessions and Adjourn Until Today.

KEYNOTE SPEECHES MADE

Demonstration Follows the Mere Mention of Roosevelt's Name in the Auditorium.

RAIN DRENCHES DELEGATES

Women Face the Downpour in Parade Lasting Two Hours.

Chicago, June 7. — The Republican national convention held a session of exactly two hours at the Coliseum here today, listened for one hour and twenty minutes to a carefully prepared keynote speech by Senator Warren G. Harding, temporary chairman, perfected its organization and adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning. The initial session was brief, eventless and precise.

A mile away, at the Auditorium theatre, the national Progressive convention met in a tumultous session. Fired by temporary Chairman Raymond Robins' first mention of Theodore Roosevelt, they broke loose in a demonstration that exceeded all records, and for one hour and thirty-three minutes indulged in a cheering, flag-waving march around the hall.

The Tumult Unchecked.

The chairman and the sergeant-at-arms surrendered helplessly to the tide and let them have their way. When he finished his speech, an organization was effected, committees appointed and an adjournment taken until 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

A cold wind-driven rain, that has fallen ceaselessly on Chicago since yesterday, placed vehicles at a premium, drenched delegates and spectators who journeyed to and from the convention halls and dampened any attempt at out-of-door demonstrations—except for the women. Five thousand of them, suffragists from many states, trudged for two hours through the downpour to the sound of bands.

Hotel corridors reeked with wet rain coats and umbrellas, bunting hung draggled and stained from staffs and walls and booster clubs and booster bands quit, discouraged, with nightfall.

FIRST DAY OF CONVENTION IS WITHOUT DEMONSTRATION

Chicago, June 7.—The Republican National Convention assembled in the Coliseum today, heard a keynote speech delivered by Senator Warren G. Harding, of Ohio ,perfected an organization and adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

It all took just two hours and in its lack of demonstration or outbursts of any kind and its strict attention to business was reminiscent of the Philadelphia convention of 1900 that nominated McKinley and Roosevelt.

For one hour and twenty minutes, Senator Harding, the temporary chairman, delivered a carefully prepared speech, punctuated in the telling points with brief periods of handclapping and aplause, but at no time did a demonstration occupy more than a half minute.

Late in Opening.

The convention was 25 minutes behind the hour arranged for its assembly, but when Chairman Hilles, of the National Committee brought down his gavel at 11:25 o'clock it moved quietly and with precision until adjournment at 1:25.

Those of the old-time leaders present who used to march down the aisles to their seats to the tune of an uproar, walked in today almost unrecognized. W. Murray Crane, Senator Lodge, Reed Smoot and a lot of the others came in practically unnoticed probably because most delegates did not even know them by sight. Chauncey M. Depew was surrounded by a small admiring group; Senator Penrose got a reception from his own delegation; Governor Whitman was recognized by some, but on the whole the convention was more interested in wondering what was going on in the auditorium than it was in the arrival of the men who hitherto have decided what the convention should do with itself.

Confusion at Opening Hour.

The hour for assembling was set for 11 o'clock but there was no semblance of order then and no one made any pretense of securing it. The delegates stood about the floor and talked, the spectators overflowed in the spaces reserved for the delegates and hundreds of seats on the floor and in the galleries were empty. Chairman Hilles eventually gave signs of calling the convention to order and the uniformed police began moving about urging the delegates into their places.

Finally at 11:28 o'clock Chairman Hilles brought down the gavel and quiet settled down over the big hall.

"The hour of 11 o'clock having arrived and a quorum being present," said he, "the convention will be in or-

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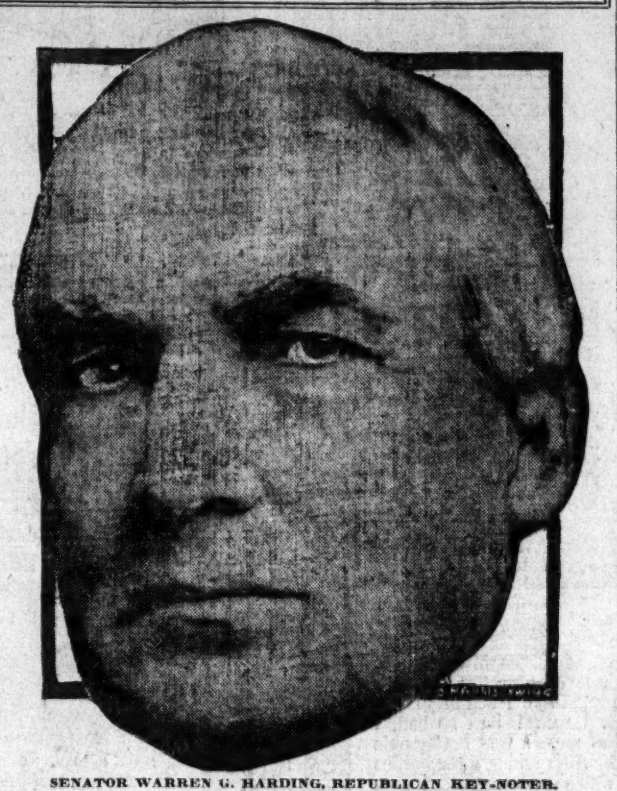
MAKES PLEA FOR REUNION OF THE PARTIES.



SENATOR WARREN G. HARDING, REPUBLICAN KEY-NOTER.

MENTION OF THE NAME OF ROOSEVELT GIVES IMPETUS TO RECORD DEMONSTRATION

For Over An Hour and a Half the Delegates and Spectators at the Progressive Convention Roared, Shouted, Cheered and Applauded—Temporary Chairman Robins Delivers Keynote Speech With Difficulty—"Big Stick" Quiets.

Chicago, June 7.—The Progressive National Convention opened in the Auditorium today with a record-breaking demonstration for Colonel Roosevelt. For one hour and thirty-three minutes the delegates and spectators roared, shouted and applauded. They sang the progressive battle hymns, paraded the aisles and howled down all attempts to check them.

The demonstration exceeded the previous record of one hour and 29 minutes, established in the Democratic convention in Denver in 1908 in behalf of W. J. Bryan.

Raymond Robins, temporary chairman, had spoken just three sentences of his keynote speech when he mentioned Colonel Roosevelt's name. A wave of enthusiasm, that amounted to nothing less than a paroxyism, resulted.

The Demonstration Starts.

"The foremost citizen of the world," was Robin's characterization of Roosevelt. The response was instantaneous.

"We want Teddy," roared the delegates and the demonstration was on.

With umbrellas raised, they began marching about the hall. They flowed up on stage and wrung Victor Murdock's hand until the stalwart Kansan's collar was wilted. Hamilton Fish, Jr., and another man seized a delegate bearing an American flag and carried him around the hall on their shoulders. Banners were torn from their places and stansions were lifted from the floor.

Chairman Robins made several attempts to quell the demonstration and then gave it up. The band chimed in with the Progressive battle hymns and soon the surging crowd was tramping the aisles to the strains of "Onward Christian Soldiers."

The demonstration soon spread to the balconies and the spectators joined in. Banners were snatched from their hangings and waved, bearing these inscriptions:

"Teddy and Safety First."

"If Teddy was President where would Villa be?"

"The people want T. R., a regular American."

"Why take chances. We know what Roosevelt can do."

"We want Teddy," and other Progressive slogans.

The Aisles Became Blocked.

Then the bands switched to "Marching Through Georgia," and a medley of popular airs and the aisles became so blocked that no one moved for several minutes.

While the marchers stood still they kept up the din and after it had been going on one hour, George W. Perkins decided to go to his hotel and wait for it to subside. The Michigan delegation tramped in from the rain outside and their leaders demanded an outdoor demonstration.

"Teddy is not afraid of the rain," they shouted, "get out and march."

They filed from the hall into the deluge outside chanting, "Teddy, You're a Bear." Some of the delegates returned in their soggy garments with banners and flags bedraggled and dripping but their enthusiasm was not dampened for they joined the marching, roaring throng again.

They "Let Them Yell."

The leaders then discussed motions to quiet the uproar. "Let them yell," counselled one. "Now that they have shouted, it will be easier to delay action on a nomination."

A proposal to use the police to quell the demonstration was discussed but it was decided that the experiment was too dangerous. Some of the enthusiasts who had been waving bandanas became dissatisfied with their efforts so they took off their coats and waved them about their heads. One delegate put a black slouch hat with a bandana around the rim on a tall pole and paraded around. "Whoopee," he roared, "She's in the ring."

Delegates from Washington state wrapped an American flag about a woman member and carried her up and down the aisles.

Other western women took the cue and for the next few minutes there was a continuous flag demonstration. Meanwhile scouts came in with the report that the Republican convention had adjourned and had not marked by any special enthusiasm. The arrival was the signal for another outbreak.

"Big Stick" Quiets Crowd.

Chairman Robins finally gave up the gavel and took up a "big stick." The crowd caught the point and began to quiet down.

Finally at 2:37 o'clock Mr. Robins resumed his speech after telling the leaders that he would not risk mentioning the colonel's name again. There were more outbursts and demonstrations but they were short. When Mr. Robins declared the American people were waiting for the progressive convention to name a leader the delegates chorused: "We'll name him."

When Mr. Robins referred to the Colonel as "the favorite son of the nation," there was another outburst.

When he had concluded his speech, Mr. Robins explained to the delegates that it was necessary for the committees to have time for their work.

"I for one promise that there shall be no unnecessary delay," Mr. Robins said. "We shall move just as fast as possible." The convention then adjourned until tomorrow at 2 o'clock.

One Suggestion of Discord.

The only suggestion of discord came with a movement against the selection of Walter Brown, of Ohio, as permanent chairman. Those behind it wanted to present Governor Johnson, of California. The Governor quickly sent word that he would be a party to no discord. That ended it.

The announcement of temporary committees followed and the first day's session was over.

The prediction that the leaders would not be able to hold their delegates from the nomination of Colonel Roosevelt at the mention of his name had not materialized. How long they will be able to control them, however, is conceded by the Progressive leaders themselves to be doubtful.

HUGHES' CHANCES BECOME STRONGER AS THE DAYS PASS

More Political Leaders Than Ever Last Night Were Predicting His Nomination.

AFTER ONLY FEW BALLOTS

They Say Roosevelt No Longer Holds the Veto Power—Harmony Not Yet in Sight.

Chicago, June 7.—More political leaders are predicting the nomination of Justice Charles Evans Hughes tonight than at any time since the Republican National Convention began to assemble. They declare that unless the accumulation of overwhelming circumstantial evidence fails to reflect the situation in its light, the nomination of the Justice will come even sooner than has been predicted. The men who take this view are practical politicians whose estimates are based on careful canvass of the delegates.

The situation is illustrated best by the fact that conferences between leaders to discuss the availability of different candidates practically have ceased, indicating their belief that a majority of the delegates already have reached a decision to name Justice Hughes.

Roosevelt Loses Veto Power.

Convention observers find it impossible not to be impressed by the confident predictions of these leaders who say that Hughes boom now has grown to such formidable proportions that Colonel Roosevelt no longer holds the veto power, which until this afternoon had been conceded to him as part of the programme to bring the Republican and Progressive parties into accord.

Four days of constant and persistent effort to bring the two parties together, in which the personality of the nominee was subordinated to harmony, failed to bring the results desired and the trend from the outset was definitely toward the nomination of Justice Hughes. Had Colonel Roosevelt announced this period that he would not support the Justice, the leaders were prepared to turn to any one of the regular Republican candidates. The Colonel remained silent, however, and because the managers of the other candidacies had fostered the Hughes boom for the purpose of eliminating Roosevelt as a possibility, it grew prodigiously and even a combination of the favorite son's strength was powerless to check it. The reason for this was that the candidacy of no other Republican made any progress and delegates pledged to favorite sons found no other presidential possibility but Justice Hughes, to whom they could turn their strength. Justice Hughes thus naturally became the choice of practically all delegates instructed for others. They became eager to go to him as soon as they could secure release from their pledges.

Claim 300 Votes.

The Hughes managers tonight reiterated their claim that he will have about 300 votes on the first ballot. Frank H. Hitchcock, spokesman for the Hughes followerers, said there would be no attempt to nominate the Justice on the first ballot and that it was their desire to have all the favorite son delegates deliver their complimentary votes.

He believed ,however that the second ballot with the release of many delegates from their obligations, would swell the Hughes vote to such proportions that his nomination would almost certainly be made on the third ballot. Many of the Hughes supporters were even more optimistic and said they thought that before the result of the second ballot was announced, the drift would be apparent to all delegates and there would be enough changes of votes to bring a nomination on the second ballot.

The Hughes managers expect Arizona, second on the roll of states, to yield to New York so Governor Whitman may place Justice Hughes in nomination. Alabama's delegation is divided and, having no candidate to offer, is expected to pass when that state, the first on the roll, is called.

When the Hughes tide became apparent late tonight many inquiries were made of those who are supposed to speak for him as to whether his acceptance, in case of nomination, would be in any sense contingent upon a third party nomination by the Progressives. The answer was that such a contingency would in no wise be taken into consideration by Mr. Hughes.

Roosevelt And Johnson.

It seems practically certain that the Progressive national convention will again nominate Colonel Roosevelt as their standard bearer and it is not at all unlikely that Governor Hiram Johnson also will be drafted, so that their ticket will be the same as in 1912—Roosevelt and Johnson.

Many of the Progressive leaders argue that they have no course other than to name their former ticket, as efforts to reach an agreement with the Republicans for a return to the older party have failed. The more conservative representatives of the Progressive

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CHAIRMAN C. D. HILLES.

Head of the Republican National Committee.

NATION AT PEACE TO BE EMPHASIZED

President Virtually Has Completed Tentative Draft of the Democratic Platform.

ONLY THE DETAILS REMAIN

Will Point Out That National Honor Has Been Maintained—Will Praise Championship of the Rights of Neutrals.

Washington, June 7.—The outcome of the administration's efforts to keep the United States out of war and at the same time maintain the national honor, will be the foundation of the foreign affairs plank and one of the emphasized points in the platform to be adopted by the Democratic National convention at St. Louis, according to authoritative information obtained tonight from administration sources.

As a result of conferences with members of his cabinet and other advisers, President Wilson, who personally began work several days ago on a platform to be submitted to the convention by party leaders, virtually has completed a preliminary draft, leaving only details to be finished after the Republican and Progressive conventions at Chicago. The President has utilized as a basis for this work features of the Missouri State Democratic platform which was prepared, officials made known tonight, under the direction of the White House.

Following out this idea, it is understood that the national platform will declare the success of the administration in guarding the honor and interests of the United States in the face of obstacles and at the same time keep the nation at peace. The administration's championship against all belligerents of the rights of America and all neutrals on the high seas, will be praised with the statement that the results will be of great importance to American commerce.

The Mexican situation will be referred to, it is said, by praise of the President's refusal to allow the nation to be drawn into the internal strife raging in Mexico, and of the prompt action in ordering troops across the border after the Columbus massacre.

Another section is expected to laud the administration for maintaining the Monroe Doctrine and fostering fair dealing with the other republics of the western hemisphere, resulting in the building up of trade with those nations.

Finally, it is understood the foreign affairs plank will align the party behind the president in placing "America first" with reference to all questions, both international and domestic.

The tariff is expected to be the subject of an important plank, the platform coupling the Underwood revision with the currency law and other constructive legislation of the past four years in a prosperity declaration. President Wilson's preparedness programme will occupy another prominent place in the platform.

It is indicated by administration officials that the plank dealing with the tariff will embody the substance of an unpublished letter written by the President in 1914 to Senator Underwood then majority leader of the House. The President wrote that the principle followed in the Democratic tariff was "that each duty levied was to be tested by the inquiry whether it was put at such a figure and levied in such a manner as to provoke competition."

He also declared it was clear that the reduction of the tariff, the simplification of its schedules so as to cut away the jungle in which secret agencies had so long worked, the correction of its accuracies and its thorough recasting, with the single object of revenue, were an indispensable first step to re-establishing competition."

FORT VAUX NOW IN HANDS OF GERMANS SAYS BERLIN REPORT

CONSIDER PLAN TO SETTLE DISPUTES

Proposal of International Commission May be Submitted to Mexico by United States.

SERVE AS A REPLY TO NOTE

Should the Plan Materialize It is Believed It Would Solve Many Complicated Problems Created in Recent Years.

Washington, June 7.—A proposal to General Carranza that the United States and the Mexican de facto government submit the whole subject of their relations to an international commission is being seriously considered by the administration.

Such a proposal, if it is made, will serve as a reply to the Mexican note demanding withdrawal of the American troops, and may contemplate adjustment of many unsettled differences that for years have embarrassed the relations of the two nations. Settlement by a commission is provided for expressly by the treaty of 1848, which provides further that "should such a course be proposed by either party, it shall be acceded to by the other unless deemed by it altogether incompatible with the nature of the difference or the circumstances of the case."

Meet on Neutral Ground.

President Wilson and General Carranza would appoint an equal number of commissioners under the plan and the meeting probably would be held somewhere outside the territory of both countries. There was no indication tonight that the President, with whom rests the final decision as to whether the proposal shall be made, had yet reached a decision or that the reply would go forward within the next few days.

Just what scope would be given the commission has not been worked out. In view of that fact that the Mexican note demands withdrawal of the troops as evidence of good faith, it is possible that this question would have to be considered, although prior to the meetings of the commission no step toward withdrawal probably would be taken. In addition to military questions there are economic considerations, now greatly complicated by the European war.

Coming down from by-gone years are unsettled questions as to certain portions of the international boundary. Out of the Vera Cruz incident arose new problems which must be cleared up sooner or later, including disposition of the customs revenue collected by General Funston, amounting to more than $1,000,000 and now deposited in this country. There are also claims for property damage at Vera Cruz, long pigeon holed in the Navy Department.

Question of Indemnification.

Most far reaching of all, however, is the question of indemnification for American lives lost and American property destroyed or damaged during the years of revolution in Mexico. No at-

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NEW BERN WELCOMES THE EPWORTH LEAGUE

Annual Conference Opens With 300 Delegates Present.

Brilliant Reception Last Night Followed Welcoming Addresses and Responses and Enrollment of Delegates.

(Special Star Telegram.)

New Bern, N. C., June 7.—With three hundred delegates in attendance from all parts of the State, the ninth annual session of the North Carolina Conference Epworth League convened in this city tonight, the first session being held at Centenary Methodist church. Following a short devotional exercise the addresses of welcome were made.

Hon. R. A. Nunn, city attorney, welcomed the delegates to New Bern in behalf of the city; Rev. Euclid McWhorter, paster of Centenary church, welcomed them in behalf of the church, and W. C. Chadwick, in behalf of the local Epworth League. The response was made by Mr. H. S. McGirt, of Wilmington.

Following the enrollment of delegates and the making of announcements, a reception wa stendered the delegates. This was one of the most brilliant events ever witnessed here and was largely attended.

The feature of tomorrow morning's session will be an address by Prof. John Wesley Gilbert, dean of theology of Payne College, Augusta, Ga., who will tell of the missionary work being done in Africa. Tomorrow night Rev. Fred. R. Chenault, of Richmond, Va., will make an address.

French Soldiers Stubbornly Defended Stronghold for Weeks Have Surrendered.

PARIS HASN'T HEARD IT

Russians Are Claiming Gains of Considerable Importance Over the Teutonic Allies.

BUT LOST TO THE TURKS

While Germans Make Gains Over the British.

Fort Vaux, lying some five miles northeast of Verdun, which for weeks past the French had been stubbornly defending against terrific onslaughts by the Germans, has at last fallen into the hands of the Teutons, according to Berlin. The men who defended the fortress to the last, surrendered to the Germans, who also captured a large number of guns, machine guns and mine throwers. Paris, however, says the fort was still in French hands early Wednesday morning, but that since then it had been impossible to communicate with the fort, owing to the violence of the bombardment.

Gains of considerable proportions by the Russians over the Teutonic allies, by the Turks over the Russians, and by the Germans over the British, are recorded in the latest official communications from Petrograd, Constantinople and London.

Russians Take 40,000 Teutons.

In the region of Verdun violent artillery combats are in progress, while on the Austro-Italian line the Italians continue to hold the Austrians from further advances.

In the fighting that is going on from the Pripet marshes to the Rumanian frontier, the Russians in their big offensive movement have dislodged the Teutonic allies from fortified positions and brought their aggregate of men captured up to about 41,000. They have also taken 77 guns, 134 machine guns and 49 bomb throwers. Among the men made prisoner are 900 officers.

As an offset to the Russian gains over the Teutonic allies, however, Constantinople asserts that in Asia Minor, in the Kope mountain district, the Russians have been driven eight kilometers eastward from positions extending over 14 kilometers, suffering losses of more than a thousand men killed or wounded.

The fighting in this immediate vicinity covers a front of over 31 miles with the Turks the aggressors and with the situation favorable to them, according to Constantinople.

In addition, in Mesopotamia the Turks claim to have defeated and dispersed the Russian wings which were endeavoring to carry out an enveloping movement against them near Khanikin, northeast of Bagdad, but Petrograd asserts that the Russians here have captured additional Turkish positions and put to the sabre several battalions of Turks.

Still Fighting Desperately.

The Germans and the British are still fighting desperately in the vicinity of Ypres, both sides using their artillery in heavy bombardments and their infantry in occasional attacks. In an infantry attack against the ruined village of Hooge, east of Ypres, the Germans succeeded in capturing the British front line trenches running through the village, but all their attacks elsewhere failed.

Around Verdun, in the region of Hill 304 and on the right bank of the Meuse from Damloup to Douaumont, the bombardments continue intense.

The Austrians again have essayed violent attacks against the Italians in the upper Arsa valley, and northeast of Asiago, but everywhere were repulsed. In the latter sector the Italians drove back the Austrians in a hand to hand conflict to the bottom of the Campomulo valley.

900 OFFICERS AND 40,000 MEN HAVE BEEN TAKEN BY RUSSIANS

Petrograd, via London, June 7.—In their new offensive movement the Russians have captured more than 40,000 men, it was announced officially today. The official statement follows:

"The successes of our troops in Volhynia, Galicia and Bukowina are developing. The total number of prisoners and trophies captured in the fighting which resulted in the enemy being dislodged from his powerfully fortified positions, continues to increase.

"Since the beginning of the recent actions until noon Tuesday, General Bruisiloff's armies have captured 900 officers, more than 40,000 rank and file, 77 guns, 134 machine guns and 49 trench mortars, and, in addition search lights, telephones, field kitchens, a large qauntity of arms and war material and great reserves of ammunition.

"A number of batteries were captured intact by our infantry with all their

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PREPAREDNESS IS DOMINANT THEME

Tentative Draft of the Progressive Platform Finished by Resolutions Committee.

BREAKS RECORD IN BREVITY

States Conditions Facing and Remedies Needed by the Nation—Says Situation Makes an Issue of Men Rather Than Words.

Chicago, June 7.—"National preparedness in spirit, arms and industry," is the dominant theme of the Progressive party's platform, of which a tentative draft was completed tonight by the resolutions committee. It breaks the record for brevity and consists of a broad statement of conditions facing and remedies needed by the nation rather than the usual formidable array of separate planks.

As to preparedness the platform declares for a navy second in the world's armadas, a standing army of 250,000 men, and "universal opportunity for military training under federal supervision."

Social and economic reforms and "social reform," features of the 1912 platform, are re-affirmed, "full political suffrage" is endorsed a permanent expert tariff, high protective tariff, regulation of industries, conservation and development of natural resources are urged.

The platform declares that the present situation makes an issue of men rather than words and closes with the declaration that the Progressives "will meet any party who sees the nation's needs and puts forward a leader fit to meet it."

Following is the text of the tentative platform draft:

Text of the Draft.

"This is the year of decision for the nation's future. We now decide so we shall go forward in righteousness and power, or backward in degradation and weakness.

"Of necessity we deal now with the foundations of our national life. We are facing elemental facts of force, of right, and wrong, of extreme national peril. Our present choice of path will be irrevocable. The tradition of isolation has been ended. The United States is now part of a world system of civilization. We stand or fall as we prepare to take our part in peace or war or hold our own therein.

"As members of an international community we are subject to certain basic duties.

"To secure the rights of our citizens at home and abroad;

"To guard the honor and uphold the just influence of our nation.

"To maintain the integrity of international law.

"These are the cornerstones of civilization. We must be strong to defend them.

Peace of Justice.

"The present war shows that it is the supreme duty of civilization to create conditions which will make peace permanent. Our country must be able and ready to take its part in that work. The peace which we desire for our country is not the peace of submission and cowardice, but the peace of justice.

"War and its evils will not be done away with by suffering injustice tc ourselves of others, nor by pledging ourselves to drastic action for international right if we do not prepare the force which would sustain such action. We can perform our rightful part in promoting permanent international peco only by a willingness an da prepared ability to defend our own rights and the rights of other nations. We earnestly desire to keep the peace. But there are higher things that we must keep as Washington and Lincoln kept them for us.

"Adequate provision for the common defense has become the task of foremost national concern. We must be ready in spirit, arms and industry Preparation in ams requires:

"A navy once more second in battle efficiency;

"A regular army of 250,000 men, fully armed and trained as a first line of land defense.

Military Training System.

A system of military training adequate to organize with promptness, behind that first line of the army and navy, a citizen soldiery, supplied, armed and controlled by the national government.

"(a) In our democracy every male citizen is charged with the duty of defending his country. This duty is not now. It has existed from the foundation of the government. Under modern conditions, it cannot be performed without military training. It is not necessary that this training should be so extensive as to interfere with the ordinary pursuits of the citizen but it should be systematic, efficient, universal and obligatory; proper provision being made for other kinds of public service by those with honest, conscientious scruples or physical disabilities.

"A voluntary system in effect gives opportunity for military training only to those who are well-to-do. We would have the son of the workman and the son of the rich man trained side by side. A universal system under the control of the Federal government will provide adequately for our defense, promote efficiency in time of peace and develop, as nothing else can, that essential of good citizenship, the ideal of personal service for national ends.

"(b) In our democracy every male ci..zen is charged with the duty of defending his country. This duty is not new. It has existed from the foundation of the government. Under modern conditions it cannot be performed without military training. We should, therefore , give to every citizen the opportunity to obtain at the expense of the Federal government sufficient training to perform this duty with efficiency.

"We stand for peace not war. We believe in preparedness for defense, not for aggression. We should not sacrifice the lives of men for the glory or gain of military conquest. We therefore desire that the women of the country, who bear and rear its soldiers and make and keep its homes, shall have the full political right of suffrage.

"Arms alone cannot maintain a nation. Of far greater permanent importance must stand a national industry efficient for the general welfare, a prosperity justly distributed, a national life organized in all points for national ends. Four years ago this party was born of a nation's awakened sense of these fundamental truths. In the platform then adopted we set fort hour position on public question. We here reaffirm these declarations. They are made on national issues.

"A nation to survice must stand for the principles of social and industrial justice. We cannot permit the oppression of any class and expect of that class high ideals of patriotism.

"We must protect the wage earner, develop country life, and remove the artificial causes of the high cost of living. A country must be worth living in to be worth dying for.

"To make possible social justice, to maintains, our position in peace and war, we must insure business and industrial prosperity. This can be done:

"By a regulation of industry almed at promoting its growt hand prosperity an a just distribution of its reterurns.

"By a conservation and development of our national resources, human and material.

"By the creation of a permanent expert tariff commission.

"The protective system is essential to our national prosperity. Tremendous new pressures will be thrown upon our industries after the war by the highly mobilized production of Europe. At all times conditions of competititn must be equalized between our own and foreign countries. We can only get the protection we need through the use of exact and complete knowledge, unaffected by prejudice or politics. We can only secure secure that knowledge at all times and when needed through such a commission.

"We have set forth in this platform the principal essentials of national existence with which most men agree; which any man can propose. They are not new in principle. Our urgent and immediate need is for their performance. We have had ample experience with the promiser, with words and the bitter taste of words but by past deeds gives guarantee that he can and will make these ideals good. The issue is one of men.

"In the midst of world changes unparalleled in history, we cannot forecast the problems which will confront our government during the war and at its end. We therefor need as President a leader, who knows the nation; a man who acts. If we continue longer to stand for words as above deeds, for hopes as above facts, we have receive and merit the fate that surely awaite the ma nor people who do not face them.

"We will meet and work with any man or party who sees the nation's needs, and puts forward a leader fit tc meet it. We will accept no less in plan, or in the man, and we hereby solemnly charge upon those who place partisan politics above the country the drea dresponsibility for a nation's future, sacrificed to self-interest and spoils."

INVESTIGATION TODAY OF HOSPITAL CHARGES

To be Started in Raleigh by Bickett This Morning.

Sampson County Man Terms Central Hospital "Haven for Drunks," But Declines to Appear as Witness at Hearing.

Raleigh, June 7.—The investigation into the affairs of the State Hospital for the Insane here, to be conducted by Attorney General Bickett will begin tomorrow at the institution. That improper food and clothing were furnished the patients and that they were mistreated are among the charges.

Among those who are not coming is J. C. Hubbard, of Clinton, who has been cited by D. A. McDonald, secretary of the institution, relative to "rat found in fish, improper food, exposure of patients, mal-treatment of patients, etc." In the letter asking for the appearance of the Sampson county man the hospital secretary states that he is not authorized to assure payment of expenses, but that the matter will be referred to the proper authorities.

Mr. Hubbard in replying says that if charges have been filed and the governor has ordered an investigation—and he has seen notices to that effect in the Raleigh papers—it strikes him that a public investigation, with witnesses subpoenaed and their expenses paid, is in order.

Nothing would give Mr. Hubbard more pleasure, states, than to testify as to the management of the hospital, which he terms a "haven for drunks and criminals whose friends are able and wil pay all expenses of placing them there and $50 a month board in advance."

"There is nothing that would give me more pleasure, than to testify as to the mismanagment of the hospital as I know it at an investigation properly held, with witnesses properly subpoenaed," says Hubbard, "but I positively decline to lend my assistance to such a farce as your invitation leads me to believe that this investigation will be, I am reliably informed that four of these invitations have been sent to parties in this county other than myself, and that not one of them will attend any such investigation on a mere invitation."

As a postscript he asks Mr. McDonald to ask Superintendent Anderson if his letter does not indicate that the writer is suffering from paranoia.

Secretary McDonald's letter follows:

"Raleigh, N. C., June 1, 1916.

"Mr. J. C. Hubbard, Clinton, N. C.

"Dear Sir: Certain charges have been made against the management of the State Hospital . Some of these charges appear to be anonymous but the board is desirous of a full hearing and this will be had at the State Hospital on June 8, 1916, at 10 o'clock a. m.

"In the charges relative to rat found in the fish, improper food, exposure of patients, mal-treatment of patients, etc., you are cited to appear as a witness, and the board will be glad to have you present for examination.

"I am not authorized to assure payment of expenses but this matter will be referred to the proper authorities.

"Yours truly,

"D. A. McDONALD,

"Secretary Board Directors."

Burlington, N. C., June 7.—W. C. Thurston, of this city, tonight wires this statement to the State papers:

"I have read Hubbard's letter, also the editorial of the Raleigh Times, this evening, in reference to the Central Hospital, Raleigh. As a tax payer, I urge a full and free investigation of the rumors or charges which are about as folows: Mr. Hubbard says the Central Hospital is a 'haven for drunks,' that the food is filthy and that people are kept in prisons that should be in the hospital. I consider it a burning shame that an institution of this nature should be entrusted to a management capable of falling into such criticisms, even though the rumors be without foundation. Turn on the light and let's know the truth."

FORT VAUX NOW IN HANDS OF GERMANS, SAYS BERLIN REPORT

(Continued From Page One.)

guns and limbers. In the recent fighting the enemy had actual proof of the increase in our war material. The actions have strengthened our confidence that as this material develops the enemy's fortified lines will be more effectively destroyed.

"The valor and dash of our troops were proved by the results achieved in only three days' fighting. His majesty's supreme commander at 10 o'clock last night telegraphed from headquarters the following dispatch congratulating the troops of General Bruisiloff on the success atained:

"'Transmit to my well beloved troops on the front under your command the news that I am following with satisfaction their brave deeds and that I appreciate their bravery. Express to them my gratitude. May the good God assist us in driving our enemies from our territories. I am convinced that all will hold firmly together and fight until the glorious end for Russian arms.

(Signed) 'NICHOLAS.'

"Prudence does not permit us at present to divulge the names of the valiant battalions which fought some time with the loss of all their officers. It is equally impossible to publish the names of the brave general officers killed or wounded, or the localities where the combats occurred.

"Caucusus front: In the direction of Erzingan our artillery stopped an offensive movement by large bodies of Turks. In the direction of Bagdad in the Khanikin region, we occupied strongly fortified Turkish positions after a fight and our cavalry attacked the Turkish trenches there sabering several battalions of the enemy."

PARIS REFUTES THE GERMAN CLAIM THAT VAUX HAS FALLEN

Paris, June 7.—The official communication tonights reads:

"On the left bank of the Meuse there has been great artillery activity in the region of Hill 304.

"On the right bank the very violent bombardment against our first and second lines from the region of Douaumont.

"The Germans announce today that Fort Vaux fell into their power on the evening of June 6. On June 7 at 3:05 o'clock in the morning Fort Vaux was still in our hands.

"Since that hour, by reason of the violence of the bombardment it has not been possible to effect any communication with the fort.

"In the Vosges, German reconnaissances against our positions south of Celles were repulsed by our fire.

"There was an intermittent cannonading on the rest of the front."

BERLIN REPORTS CAPTURE OF FORT VAPX AND 700 FRENCH

Berlin, via London, June 7.—Fort Vaux, one of the Verdun defenses, has been captured by the German troops, according to the official statement issued from headquarters today. What remained of the French garrison finally surrendered, and an attempt to relieve the fort Tuesday resulted in the capture by the Germans of 700 unwounded prisoners.

ROOSEVELT CARRIED STATE.

Won in Eight Districts, Giving Him 17 Votes in Republican Convention.

Raleigh, N. C., June 7.—In the presidential preference primary of Saturday, Roosevelt carried the state at large and eight districts, giving him 17 votes in the Republican national convention; Hughes, two districts, giving him four votes. For nomination for Vice President, Federal Judge Jeter C. Pritchard, with the State and district majority, receives 21 votes.

New York, June 7.—Dr. J. Grant Lyman, charged with using the mails to defraud stock investors, was found guilty today. Lyman will be arraigned for sentence tomorrow. The maximum penalty under the six counts of the indictment against him is 30 years in prison and $6,000 fine.

Wheeling, W. Va., June 7.—Returns from 822 out of 1,730 precincts throughout the state for the Republican gubernatorial nomination in the primaries yesterday give Judge Ira A. Robinson a slight lead over General A. A. Lily. Congressman Southerland leads the senatorial nomination.

CONSIDER PLAN TO SETTLE DISPUTES

(Continued from Page One.)

tempt ever has been made to set an estimate upon the amount involved in these claims; but all are recorded at the State Department awaiting restoration of order and peace in Mexico for a day of settlement.

While the commission suggestion may not propose to go into a broad discussion of all these matters, it seems likely that each will have its bearing upon the deliberations. For this reason it is thought the membership of the American commission would be so chosen that the military, commercial and financial interests of the nation would all be represented.

Out of such a deliberation, which, it is believed, General Carranza would welcome, officials believe there might come so definite an understanding as to the purposes of the Washington government that it would have its effect not only in Mexico, but also in all Latin-America and make toward a furtherance of the neighborly relations between the nations of the Western Hemisphere.

CUSTOMHOUSE, Wilmington, N. C. Collector's Office, June 6, 1916.—Coal and Water—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, for supplying coal and water and provisions to vessels of the U. S. Coast Guard at Southport, N. C., and delivering the same on board said vessels at that place without extra charge, at such times and in such quantities as may be required, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, will be received at this office until 2 o'clock P. M., Wednesday, June 21, 1916, at which time and place they will be publicly opened. Blank forms of proposals may be had upon application to this office. Proposals must conform in every particular with the specifications, instructions, etc., on the form. Proposals submitted on other than the forms provided will not receive consideration. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, and to waive defects, if it is deemed for the interests of the Government to do so. Walker Taylor, Collector.

je8-8,10,13-3t

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

CHARLOTTE REDEEMS ITSELF.

Walter M. Paul Takes Qualifying Medal in Carolina Golf Meet.

Charlotte, N. C., June 7.—In the qualifying round of the Carolina Amateur Championship golf tournament today, Charlotte again redeemed itself, when Walter M. Paul captured the qualifying medal with an 81 and the Mecklenburg Country Club team won the Capers Memorial cup, with an aggregate score of 350 for the four men comprising it.

The Mecklenburg Club winners were: T. R. Brem, captain; W. M. Paul, F. M. Laxton, N. V. Porter.

Valuable Health Hints For Our Readers

CATARRH

Just because you hawk and spit and your nose is wet, cold, red, sore and a nuisance, don't merely plug it up. You can't cure catarrh by greasing your nose. Take S. S. S. regularly and you will drive catarrhal poisons out of your blood. The membranes will soon recover and no longer continue to accumulate the mucous that gathers and thickens into catarrh. S. S. S. stimulates the cells of the tissues to select from the blood their own essential nutriment. Rapid recovery from catarrhal inflamation in the stomach, kidney, bladder and all membranes is the result.

MALARIA.

Throughout the country, wherever malaria abounds, are happy, joyful people to whom S. S. S. has given wonderful help in the treatment of malaria after the most sickening torture imaginable.

The gaunt complexion of malaria's victims, the chills and fever, the malarial dysentery that seems to defy all other treatment, the malarial leg, the enlarged liver, the persistent anemia where the blood turns to water and the system wastes away. These are the conditions that S. S. S. so effectually asissts in overcoming, by helping to restore the blood to its natural vigor.

STUBBORN SORES

Sometimes a sore spot becomes indolent. The tissues surrounding it lose tone and are unable to provide sufficient nutriment to stop the drain. It is then chronic. Just saturate your blood with S. S. S. This is quickly accomplished, as S. S. S. is naturally assimilated the same as milk or any other healthful liquid.

Nature acts with marvelous rapidity when given the proper assistance, and S. S. S. so stimulates cellular activity that the parts surrounding an ulcer select from the blood the materials that make new tissue. Thus the sore spot rapidly heals in a natural way.

Local applications for any skin disease will afford protection from without, but have no medical value. Eczema, tetter, acne and all such eruptive diseases should be treated with S. S. S.

POISONED BLOOD.

So many different things contribute to poison the blood and the effect is so startling that the sufferer becomes panic-stricken and is led to use harmful drugs. If you have any blood trouble, get a bottle of S. S. S. and take according to directions.

Don't take anything else. Poisoned blood is bad enough without ruining your bones, joints, teeth and vitals with minerals. S. S. S. so stimulates cellular activity that they reject all poisonous influences and select only those materials in the blood that make healthy tissue. This is why its assistance toward recovery is so noticeable and at times remarkable.

S. S. S. is welcome to the weakest stomach and is assimilated just as readily as the most nutritious food. It has helped to cure a host of sufferers.

RHEUMATISM.

In any form of rheumatism give the blood a good effectual cleansing with S. S. S.

Use this remedy for three days and take a hot salt water bath to open the pores. This relieves the lungs and kidneys and assists S. S. S. to utilize the skin as the principal avenue of elimination.

Avoid salts, calomel and other drastic purgatives, as they absorb the moisture from the walls and membranes of the intestines, weaken the muscular action, produce chronic constipation and thus stagnate the system with rheumatic poisons. Get a bottle of S. S. S. at any drug store. Don't take a substitute.

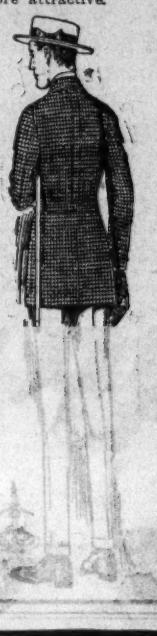
S. S. S. is purely vegetable and is prepared only by the Swift Specific Co., 271 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Write for special booklet on any of the diseases mentioned and if medical advice is wanted, write for that also to address given above. Both booklet and medical advice are free.

Specialists in Clothing and Furnishings Since 1888

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

No. 9 North Front Street

We are showing our men customers some mighty attractive Keep Kool Suits and other fine Clothing for this season. We have a very large line of Manhattan Shirts and a full line of Straw and Panama Hats; also all kinds of Underwear, but the values are even more attractive.



The same good cloth and workmanship as usual with hardly a price-change, despite the scarcity and "war prices" of materials. How long we can continue to keep prices down is problematical, so we say—**buy now—and for next year.** Our 28 years' history has given men confidence in this store.

One of our famous $10 Keep K... Suits with the perfect lines and sha... retaining features that are the jo... contribution of selected materials a... hand work where it tells.

We Are Sole Agents For

B. Kuppenheimer Co. an...
Strouse Bros. Clothi...
Dr. Diemel Underwe...

It Always Helps

says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill.

I wish every suffering woman would give

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good."

Headache, backache, side ache, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Cardui, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Cardui for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years.

Get a Bottle Today!

J 64

"Custom" Window Screen Frames

This frame is made heavy and substantial, from selected white pine or basswood. Size of sticks, ⅞x1¾ inches. The side pieces are grooved in the outer edges. Slide-sticks for fastening to the window casings are furnished; also raised mouldings for covering the edge of the wire cloth; and all necessary nails, corner irons and lifts.

The construction is very simple and the frame is easily put together, and when made up looks like a regular custom or made to order screen. Directions with each one.

	Wide	High
No. 3642 Basswood	36	42 in.
No. 3648 Basswood	36	48 in.
No. 4242 Basswood	42	42 in.
No. 4848 Basswood	48	48 in.

(Packed two dozen in a crate.)

N. Jacobi Hardware Company

10 and 12 South Front Street

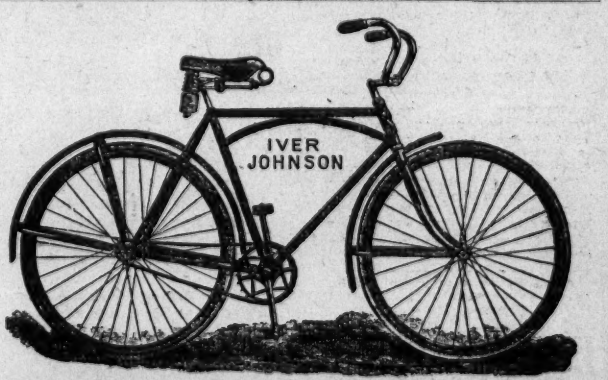
Something New!

PLAY OXFORDS

Ideal Shoes For Children

Light, Roomy, Comfortable - Send the Children Down

PETERSON & RULFS



This Bicycle is Sold by the QUEEN CITY CYCLE CO. Only, at 209 Market St., and is One of the Best Bicycles on the American Market Today. The Price on the Bicycle is the Same as the Price on Others, So Why Buy an Imitation, When You Can Get the Original for the Same Price? Sold for Cash or Installments.

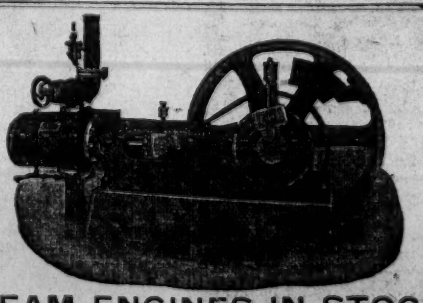
'PHONE 862. REMEMBER THE PLACE.

CARD OF THANKS

The undersigned desires to express his gratitude for the kindness he has received at the hands of the Democratic party during the primary election, June 3rd, 1916.

Yours respectfully,

JOHN HAAR,
Register of Deeds.



STEAM ENGINES IN STOCK

1 9x12 Center Crank Atlas.	1 11x18 Side Crank Geyser.
1 9x13 Center Crank Wicke.	1 10x15 Side Crank Bay State.
1 10x12 Center Crank O. & S.	1 14x20 Side Crank Flory.
1 11x13 Center Crank O. & S.	1 8x 5 Upright O. & S.
1 10x15 Center Crank Nagle.	1 7x 7 Upright O. & S.

We also have Boilers of All Sizes to Suit. We are the Largest Iron and Machinery Dealers in the City. 'Phone, Wire or Write, Today.

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS

"THE IRON MEN."

Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

GOVERNOR CRAIG VISITS NORTH CAROLINA COAST

He and Supreme Court Jurists on Fisheries Waters.

Major Graham 7,000 Ahead of Opponents, Confident He is Nominated. Rev. T. P. Noe Presides at St. Mary's Conference.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., June 7.—Governor Craig left this afternoon with Associate Justices W. R. Allen and George H. Brown for the Carolina coast to spend several days visiting the fisheries sections with a view to getting an insight into the conditions and needs and incidentally for the enjoyment of sea breezes and sport the fisheries afford at this season. They went directly to Morehead and will be met there by State Fish Commissioner H. L. Gibbs with the fisheries yacht Atlantic and will spend several days on board this vessel around Morehead, Ocracoke, Hatteras, and other points.

The Governor has received and will probably accept an invitation to deliver an address before the Tammany Society of New York in Tammany Hall July 4th.

Major W. A. Graham said this morning that 70 counties that have been heard from as to the primary vote of Saturday give him over 7,000 majority over both his competitors, and he believes it would be impossible for the remaining 30 counties to overcome this lead in even depriving him of the nomination in the first primary. He is confident he has won out.

Chance for Wilmington.

An order was made today by Adjutant General Laurence W. Young mustering out the Bellhaven division Naval Reserves for failure to comply with the regulations. He says a movement is on foot that gives promise of early success to organize a division to take its place at Wilmington where divisions have been quite successfully maintained at different times in the past.

Announcement is made that Rev. Francis Osborne, of Charlotte, has accepted a commission from the trustees of St. Mary's school to raise the proposed $250,000 endowment fund, a campaign for which is just launched. The campaign is opening up most auspiciously.

Rev. T. P. Noe Presiding.

In getting down to a working basis the St. Mary's Episcopal Conference on church work has chosen the Rev. T. P. Noe, of Wilmington, as presiding officer. One of the most striking features of the sessions today was an address by Bishop Lloyd on "Church Extension." It was one of a series that he is giving the conference and which are covering the whole scope of church work most profitably. Prominent church men, laymen and clergy are still arriving for the conference, the attendance being very much larger than that of any previous conference.

DR. CAMPBELL WINS PRIZE.

Made Largest Catch of Channel Bass for Month of May Just Ended.

The first prize awarded by the New Hanover Fishing Club for the largest catch of channel bass during the month of May goes the past month to Dr. J. I. Campbell, of this city. The prize fish weighed 32 pounds and 10 ounces. The prizes for June will be First, Butt rest; second, 200-yard line. There will also be season prizes for blue fish catches up to August 31st and later it is expected that there will be much interest in this contest. The full list of prizes for all events will be published later and will, no doubt, create much interest among the piscatorialists of the Cape Fear.

The Fishing Club is now in very fine condition, having more than 190 members and growing all the time. A new club house has been completed this season at Moore's Inlet and it is planned to build still another in the very near future.

LUMBERTON DEFEATS FAIRMONT IN CAPE FEAR LEAGUE OPENER

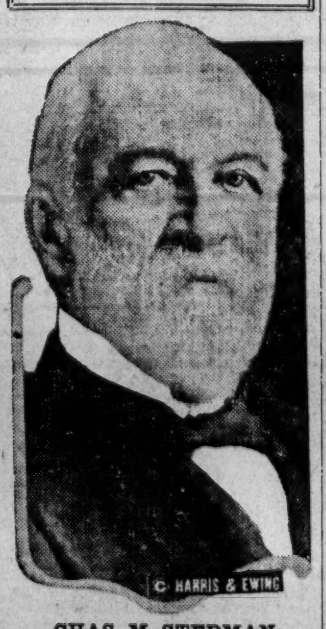
Lumberton, N. C., June 7.—Lumberton won the opening game of Cape Fear League here today from Fairmont in a free hitting exhibition by the score of 9 to 6. Persons, Correl and Proctor, of Lumberton, and Floyd and McCormick, of Fairmont hit home runs.

Fairmont	020 002 200	6	7 4
Lumberton	200 023 02*—9	9	5

Floyd and McCormick; Correl, Persons and Love.

A special bargain in Pongee Silk today at C. H. Fore & Co.
(Advertisement.)

NO DEMOCRAT ENTERED THE FIELD AGAINST HIM



CHAS. M. STEDMAN
Greensboro, N. C.
Democratic Candidate for Congress from the 5th District

IN THE REALM OF SPORTS

YANKEES BEATEN BY THE BROWNS 6 TO 5

All Other Games in the American League Are Rained Out.

Johnson's Single in Twelfth Inning, Scoring Sisler, Wins Victory for the Browns—Their Fifth Straight Victory.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At St. Louis 6; New York 5.
All other games rained out.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
Washington at Cleveland.
Boston at Detroit.
New York at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Chicago.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Cleveland	27	18	.600
New York	24	18	.571
Washington	24	19	.558
Boston	23	21	.523
Detroit	22	23	.489
Chicago	19	23	.452
St. Louis	19	25	.432
Philadelphia	15	26	.366

St. Louis, June 7.—Johnson's single in the 12th inning scored Sisler, and St. Louis won the opening game from New York today by 6 to 5. It was the locals' fifth straight victory.

New York	000 100 400 000	5	8 1
St. Louis	020 001 011 001	6	13 4

Keating and Nunamaker; Plank, Davenport, Park, Weilman and Hartley, Chapman and Severoid.

MINOR LEAGUES.

CAROLINA LEAGUE
At Charlotte 1, Raleigh 2.
At Durham 11, Greensboro 3.
At Winston-Salem 6-1, Asheville 1-4

VIRGINIA LEAGUE
At Norfolk 6, Newport News 11.
At Petersburg 0, Portsmouth 7.
At Hopewell 1, Rocky Mount 2.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION
At Nashville 4, Atlanta 3.
At Chattanooga 1-2, Birmingham 0-4.
At Little Rocfi 7-5, Mobile 5-0.
At Memphis 3, New Orleans 7.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE
At Columbia 5-5, Albany 3-1.
At Charleston 1-1, Macon 0-3.
At Augusta 4, Columbus 6.
At Jacksonville 4, Montgomery 2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION
At Milwaukee-St. Paul, rain.
At Toledo-Columbus, rain.
At Louisville 9, Indianapolis 4.
At Kansas City 6, Minneapolis 5.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE
At Richmond 1, Providence 4.
At Baltimore-Newark, rain.
At Montreal 6, Buffalo 2.

STORM AT FAYETTEVILLE

City Lights Out All Night, Houses, Trees and Poles Blown Down. Persons Injured.

Fayetteville, N. C., June 7.—The terrific wind, rain and electric storm which struck Fayetteville from the southwest last night between 9 and 10 o'clock proved very destructive, destroying buildings, blowing down many trees and putting the electric light system out of commission so that the city was in darkness until this morning. The current was restored in about an hour after the storm, but was not turned on for fear that wires blown down might result in the electrocution of persons. About 15 trees were blown across the wires in the city.

The large grand stand at the Cape Fear fair grounds was blown down completely. It appears as if the wind got under it and rising, tore away every plank in the flooring of the structure, which collapsed. The loss is estimated by Mr. R. M. Jackson, secretary of the Cape Fear Fair Association, at $10,000.

The fine brick county home, about three miles south of the city, was very badly damaged and three inmates were hurt, one of them very seriously. The south wing of the woman's ward was completely destroyed and nothing is left intact but some of the lumber. The loss, $3,000, is total.

Those injured were Mrs. McCorquodale, aged 75; Mrs. Jane Banks and Edie Brown, the latter a colored woman. Mrs. McCorquodale was very badly hurt.

Mr. Alex Leslie, keeper of the home, extricated Mrs. McCorquodale from under a mass of debris, and it seemed a miracle that she was taken out alive.

The large, new brick tobacco warehouse near the Aberdeen & Rockfish railroad station on Mumford street, was badly damaged. The Armfield-Percival Motor Co., who use the building as a storage warehouse for automobiles, had five automobiles destroyed—three new and two second-hand ones. The damage to the warehouse is estimated at $2,000.

The storm elsewhere in the city played havoc. Fine shade trees, telephone, telegraph, and electric light poles were blown down on several streets, while limbs were torn from trees everywhere.

A negro church on Vanstory street and one on Wilmington road were demolished, estimated damage $2,000 each.

A number of other buildings suffered damage amounting to several hundred dollars each. Much damage was wrought in the surrounding country also.

Norfolk, Va., June 7. — Carrying the members of the graduating class and 14 cadets from the coast guard service academy at New London, Conn., on their annual cruise, the coast guard cutter Itasca arrived in Norfolk this afternoon and proceeded early tonight for Culebra island, a small island belonging to the United States, east of Porto Rico.

BRAVES TURN TABLES AND BEAT CARDINALS

However, They Were Held to Four Hits by Pitcher Hall.

Passes Allowed by St. Louis Together With Safe Drives Permitted Boston to Win—All Other Games Rained Out.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At Boston 3, St. Louis 2.
All other games rained out.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
St. Louis at Boston.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
Pittsburg at New York.
Chicago at Philadelphia.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Brooklyn	24	15	.615
New York	22	18	.550
Philadelphia	23	19	.548
Cincinnati	23	24	.489
Chicago	22	24	.478
Boston	20	22	.476
Pittsburg	20	23	.465
St. Louis	000 000 002—2	6	2

Boston, June 7.—Hall held the Braves to four hits today but passes followed by safe drives allowed Boston win, 3 to 2.

St. Louis	000 000 0020—2	6	2
Boston	000 201 00*—3	4	1

Hall, Steele and Gonzales; Ragan and Tragesser.

NORTH CAROLINIAN HONORED.

Mr. Chas. G. Vardell, Jr., Has Had Remarkable Musical Success.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Red Springs, N. C., June 6.—Friends of Flora Macdonald College will be glad to hear of the success of one of her sons, of the days when she was known as the Southern Presbyterian College and Conservatory of Music. Mr. Chas. G. Vardell, Jr., has just finished his second year of study and one year of teaching at the Damrosch Institute of Music in New York City, and on the evening of June 1 was awarded the Artist's Degree, and also a teacher's diploma, across the face of both of which was written "First Honor." Mr. Vardell was then presented with a medal for the best work in all the departments in which he had studied.

Feeling the need of coming in contact with a different phase of life from that of the city, Mr. Vardell has accepted for next year a position in the famous Hotchkiss School, of Lakeville, Conn., where he expects to go on with his own development in composition and the general lines of teaching.

Last year, having gained his diploma and graduating in piano and the necessary theoretical branches in one year, when the head of the Institute had told him it would take three years in which to do it, he had won a scholarship, which enabled him, with a certain amount of teaching, to carry on his work there this year. On the commencement programme he played two movements of a Schumann concerto with orchestral accompaniment and also a prelude and Fugue of his own composition for two pianos, accompanied, of course, by second piano. Mr. Vardell is not only a pianist of exceptional ability, but also a composer of quite a wide range for one who has been so busy with routine work all his life. All his musical education prior to his two years in New York was obtained at the college in Red Springs, where he studied quietly but broadly, working slowly and never being forced. He was too busy with Latin and Greek and mathematics, fitting himself for the university course at Princeton, where he was graduated "cum laude" two years ago, to do more than practice more than two hours per day all the years of his boyhood. He never even found time to study the theoretical course in music as laid out at the college, but studying and hearing from infancy only the best works for piano and organ, he unconsciously laid the harmonic foundation, which Mr. Percy Goetsciums, on examining him later in New York, said he "knew naturally." While not studying music with instructors during the four years of the university course, the development from hearing much operatic and orchestral music, during his visits to the Metropolis, was perhaps as great as during any other period.

Mr. Vardell has been awarded four diplomas in three years time and during the last year taught a good number of pupils at the Institute, besides private pupils. In addition, for two years, he has done some settlement work, in a club for boys, in connection with Dr. Pankhurst's church.

NO DEMOCRAT ENTERED FIELD AGAINST HIM

J. Y. JOYNER
Raleigh, N. C.
Democratic Candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction.

GRATEFUL FOR SUPPORT.

I desire to thank most heartily those citizens who supported me to loyally in the primary on Saturday, and to ask not only for their continued support, but that they may interest their friends in my behalf in the second primary. I feel very grateful for the large vote given me. If re-elected to the office of County Solicitor, I will endeavor, as in the past, to give my best efforts to the duties of the office.

GEORGE L. PESCHAU.

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TO SPEAK TO NEGROES.

Prof. C. R. Hudson, of Raleigh, and Mr. D. L. Gore to be at Burgaw.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Burgaw, N. C., June 7. — Prof. C. R. Hudson, State agent in charge of farm demonstration work, and Mr. D. L. Gore, of Wilmington, will be here on Wednesday, June 14th, in the interest of the Negro demonstration work in this county. It is expected that there will be a large attendance at this meeting, and that a great impetus will be given the work of better farming in this county among the Negroes.

200 yards of $1.00 Pongee Silk today 69c per yard. C. H. Fore & Co.
(Advertisement.)

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,
The antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes and used in the foot-bath. If you want rest and comfort for tired, aching, swollen, sweating feet, use Allen's Foot-Ease. It relieves corns and bunions of all pain and prevents blisters, sore and callous spots. Just the thing for Dancing Parties, Patent Leather Shoes, and for Breaking in New Shoes. Try it to-day. Sold everywhere, 25c. *Don't accept any substitute.* For FREE trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

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There are a number of good cigarettes on the market—Fatimas are not the only ones.

But Fatimas are the best-liked and best-selling of all cigarettes costing over 5c.

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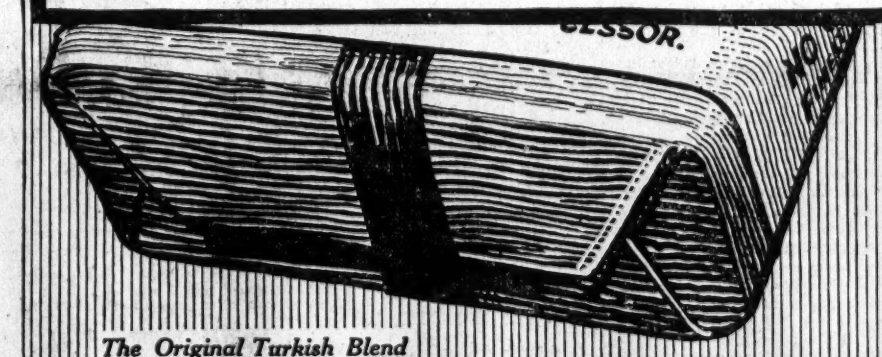


The Original Turkish Blend

20 for 15¢

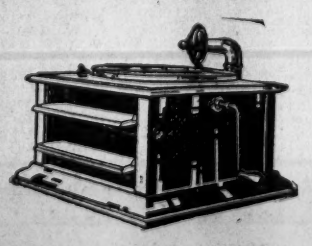
How are your biscuits baking?

If your biscuits are not baking as light and fine as they used to it's due to rain-damaged wheat.

This season's crop was the worst in 50 years. Flour from such wheat lacks *strength*; doesn't rise properly because it's fermented by too much moisture.

But you *can* get flour made from highest grade wheat. By sending our own men to *far off* sections and paying *premium* prices, we got enough of the best wheat to keep Valier's Dainty Flour up to the highest quality. Now, especially, you ought to get this superfine flour. It may cost a trifle more, but it is *guaranteed to make better biscuits, cake, pastry etc.*

The Corbett Co., Wholesale Distributors, Wilmington, N. C.



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THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $5.00 per year; $3 for six months, $1.75 for three months

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may rest assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

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COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected, unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING.

No life can be pure in its purpose and strong in its strife.
And all life not be purer and stronger thereby.

—OWEN MEREDITH.

Barnum was right.

Well, anyhow, avoid potation in office.

"Bring out another horse." — John Ludlow.

Watch 'em switch right around to Burton and Borah.

The process of elimination began at Chicago yesterday.

A man who lacks nerve has no fear of hitting the pipe.

Don't blow in your gun, and don't blow in your "mon."

This is one more day nearer the end of the war in Europe.

Harry Thaw declares that he favors Roosevelt for president.

Try staying at home one night during the balance of June.

Anti-preparedness people had a jolt coming to them and they got it hard.

The man of the hour had better be on the minute unless he expects to get left.

War is not the only thing that is exactly what it is. There is poverty, for instance.

Some of us are too proud to fight a shrimp and too wise to let a lobster fight us.

There is only one consideration that will keep some of us from running for president. That's the cartoonists.

Nothing makes a man feel so sheepish as to have the wool pulled over his eyes by a wolf in sheep's clothing.

No, Ethel, it is not grand larceny when some of us take ourselves seriously and fail to get away with it.

Henry A. Wise Wood ought to go off and touch wood, after predicting that the Chicago convention will stampede to the Rough Rider.

The Republicans at Chicago seem to be getting behind Hughes, but there are others who are getting behind him with "the spear that knows no brother."

The G. O. P. and Bull Moose conventions convened in Chicago yesterday. Next Wednesday the Democratic convention will assemble in all its glory.

Members of the I family: Iago, Iota and Iamit. We will know in a few days what the Chicago conventions will do to or for the great Iamit of Oyster Bay.

It is estimated that the value of rice that will be thrown away at June weddings will be sufficient to buy ham sandwiches for the standing army of the United States.

If the sharpers don't sell the folks a gold brick, they'll get busy themselves and go to the end of the rainbow for the bag of gold left sitting there on a pearl stump.

The Don't Worry Club furnished an expensive hall on credit, and now the club is worried because it can see no way of getting out of debt. One way to keep from worrying is to keep out of debt.

The G. O. P. national convention was called to order by Chairman Harding, at Chicago, yesterday. The probability is that the police will have to run in and call it to order several times this week.

Among the critics of the navy is Henry Reuterdahl, who denounces Secretary Daniels as an incompetent, and demands his resignation. Reuterdahl is a cartoonist, but Mutt and Jeff are better known in all parts of the United States.

DICKERING AT CHICAGO

The Republican and Progressive national conventions convened at Chicago yesterday, the former in the coliseum and the latter at the auditorium. They are meeting at the same time so they can dicker for a trade as to nominees without regard to the widely differing principles of the two parties. The politicians of the two parties have no compunctions about compromising principles in order to beat the Democrats next November, but in each party there are men who are convicted as to the principles of their respective parties. They are not so easily controlled, since they are not willing to sell their principles just to elect some man who may or may not stand for a thing that men of convictions stand for. One set is after office and the other is after principles regardless of the offices.

If we were sure that the delegates at Chicago are there for principle, we would predict that the two parties will never get together, for their principles are almost diametrically opposed as to all points except the tariff. They differ even as to that. Altogether it is a remarkable situation that prevails in the Windy City at this time. At last accounts there were no signs of a cohesive leadership that both conventions will follow.

It is quite plain that the Progressives will insist on nominating Roosevelt and it is just as plain that mossback Republicans do not want him. The Progressives have rejected the names of five Republicans for the nomination and their demand is for Roosevelt or for a nominee that will be accepted by the Bull Moose.

Of course, for the Republicans to concede that it would mean that their national convention would take dictation from Roosevelt. Men like Senator Borah will not be willing to put their party in such as attitude. The senator shows impatience at the idea and says it would be better for the Republicans to nominate their own man rather than establish such a precedent in national politics as will enable one man to dictate to two national parties.

Senator Smoot, the Mormon, also is impatient over the idea that the Republican convention shall receive dictations from Roosevelt. We rather infer that both conventions will nominate their own candidates, yet the politicians may carry the day and enter into a trade that will not be considered binding on the voters of either party at home.

CONSTRUCTIVE PROMOTION WORK

It is learned through the Charlotte Observer that one of the results of the creamery industry in Western North Carolina is that the farmers are buying better breeds of milk cows and also are turning their attention to the best grades of beef cattle as well. Thus the creameries are causing the live-stock interests to develop, while more and better cattle means a larger supply of butter fat for the creameries. Two industries closely related and interdependent grow up together, once they get a start.

The Western North Carolina farmers are not only buying a better grade of cattle but are preparing to breed them as well. The farmers of the Landers Chapel section of Lincoln conty have just organized a stock breeding association on a co-operative scale. They have purchased a lot of fine Jersey breeding cattle, and sooner or later will breed the cattle best adapted for beef. The First National Bank of Lincolnton is encouraging the Landers Chapel breeders' association and has generously provided a portion of the purchase money. The bank also is financing two other local associations, and the expectation is that sooner or later the associations will combine into a county association.

That is a systematic and methodical way of doing a constructive work that means much for the portions of North Carolina which become alive to their opportunities. Co-operation along such lines will bring about tremendous development in this State.

TRANSPORTATION AND MANUFACTURING.

The New Bern Sun-Journal is boosting a boat line between the city on the Neuse and other Eastern North Carolina ports. That is a capital idea, for New Bern is in water touch with the Intra-Coastal Waterway, most of which from Beaufort northward is prepared for the use of a certain class of vessels. Congress has recently provided $1,000,000 for continuing and completing the government work on the inland route between Norfolk and Beaufort, so the ultimate completion of the canal will open up new opportunities for the ports reached through the waterway. The Rocky Mount Telegram is interesting itself in New Bern's aspirations, and that paper has this to say:

"The New Bern Sun-Journal seems to think that it will take a few more manufacturing enterprises in that city to be able to induce a boat line to that city from Northern ports, but we believe they are rather hitching the horse the wrong way and what they want is the boat line and that attraction of improved freight facilities and shipping along with attractive freight rates will have the telling effect of not only supplying the industries, but the connecting railroads and the like."

The Sun-Journal confesses to the truth of the above, but it observes that while improved facilities for shipping freight in and out of New Bern will be an inducement to manufacturing enterprises to locate in New Bern, it remains a fact that enterprises established at New Bern would be sure of getting the boat line. The New Bern paper expresses confidence in securing the boat line, and consequently is doing its heaviest boosting for manufacturing enterprises. Certainly a number of factories producing traffic for a boat line would result in the establishment of one and would enable it to be maintained so long as the line could be furnished with business. However, a boat line figures solely on the traffic in sight and not prospective traffic dependent upon the starting of factories.

No city should wait for a boat line so it can establish factories, but it should push its development of industries so that they may get the boat line as a natural consequence. If our cities will create the traffic, the steamer service will come without an invitation, but steamers are not expected to come to any of our ports if they are not assured of freights to carry away.

The main thing about our ports is not the number of lines they have, but it is their possibilities for water and rail traffic. New Bern has the water and the railroads and she can have plenty of trains and steamers if they can get plenty of freights to haul. It is up to us to have confidence in our own cities and become freight makers. We will then get all the freight carriers that may be needed to move our freights. The logic of it is that it is up to us to produce the traffic and afterwards get all the transportation facilities we may need.

Like Wilmington, New Bern is surrounded by a country teeming with resources. We ought to take advantage of them and then it will be easy to entertain the railroad and steamship people. They won't come for a cargo of any of our hot air. We've got to deliver the goods. Let us store that away in our precious beans.

GOVERNMENTAL CONTROL OF TRADE

Recently it was announced that German manufacturers would combine to restore Germany's foreign trade after the war, and now comes the report from England that the probability is that the government will take charge of Great Britain's commerce because of the fact that "the signs of increasing strenuousness in the world-wide economic and industrial war are multiplying daily."

Negotiations are proceeding between the government and the industries on the proposition for the government to handle all industry and trade till normal conditions are restored.

It is clearly indicated that there is to be a mighty contest for trade as soon as the war comes to an end. The conditions will be extraordinary and the probability is that the neutral countries will have to follow the lead of the belligerent countries in order to compete with them for foreign trade. However, the plans have not been agreed upon as yet, although it is strongly probable that Great Britain will place all her commerce and industries under government control.

We may as well go right on with the show. If we don't do so, somebody else will. When people limit their own opportunities by their own false economic ideas they need not blame it on politics. Nor need they call on politics for help, for politics is a pan-toter itself. Politics wants help itself, and the kind of politics which insists on having the whole hog works both sides of Wall Street in which politics is ranked as an investment, and neither as a principle in any sense nor as a sentiment in any particular. "Business is business" on Wall street.

CURRENT COMMENT

"Joe Brown, of Georgia," was an expression familiar to the people of the country. If somebody does not watch out, it is going to have a companion piece in "Joe Brown of North Carolina."—Charlotte Observer.

The record of the destruction of merchant vessels by the war, published in our columns yesterday, shows that in all that have been reported up to the end of May the total number sacrificed was 1,276 and the aggregate tonnage 2,585,362. There is nothing remarkable in the fact that more than half belonged to Great Britain, considering the extent of her merchant shipping scattered over the world and the hostile attack to which they were subject; but she could stand the loss better than any other nation that suffered among the belligerents. The comparative immunity of Germany is due to the fact that most of her shipping has been driven from the sea or interned at home and in neutral ports. Of the total mentioned above 743 vessels of an aggregate tonnage of 1,623,766 were British, but the number under the British flag before the war was 9,285 and the tonnage 19,541,364, so that the loss is considerably less than one-tenth The total of Germany was 2,166 of a tonnage of 4,706,027, of whih 73 of 177,615 tons in all have been destroyed. There is this important difference in the two cases: The British vessels that have escaped, apart from those in use as naval auxiliaries, have been for the most part profitably employed while those of Germany have been maintained in idleness. France has lost out of a total of 1,539 of 2,285,728 tons 79 vessels of 203,417 tons. This is considerably less than one-tenth in tonnage and hardly more than one-twentieth in number, indicating that those attacked have been among the larger craft. The Russian loss has been comparatively small, due mainly to the fact, no doubt, that her chief ports are on the Black Sea or at a distance from the scenes of conflict. Of a total of 1,256 vessels and 1,054,762 tonnage her loss has been 37 vessels of 42,432 tons. Italy has lost 41 of 85,728 tons out of a total of 1,177 of 1,736,545 tons. Germany's ally, Austro-Hungary, has kept most of her shipping out of the way, but has lost eight vessels of 17,478 tons out of a total of 433 of 1,018,210 tons in the aggregate.—New York Journal of Commerce.

THIRD DISTRICT BANKERS MEET.

More Than a Score Attend Gathering in New Bern.

(Special Star Telegram.)

New Bern, N. C., June 7.—Bankers doing business in the Third Congressional district are tonight holding an interesting meeting in this city. More than a score of the bankers are in attendance, and the meeting will doubtless prove to be one of real significance.

EXPECT BIG CELEBRATION

All Residents of Wrightsville Beach Have Been Asked to Join in Observing Flag Day.

Plans for the big Flag Day celebration at Wrightsville Beach on June 14th are being perfected by the committee of arrangements and from all indications it will be a glorious and patriotic occasion. Mr. W. A. French, chairman of the committee, has mailed letters to all the residents of the beach, urging them to decorate their cottages, boarding houses and hotels and judging from the liberal response that he has already received Flag Day will rival in magnitude the Feast of Lanterns which was held with such great success last year.

The ladies who have recently organized a Wilmington Chapter of the National Special Aid Society are now taking a lively interest in Flag Day. These ladies have taken the following service pledge: "We are anticipating neither a war nor a national calamity. If, however, it is ordained that our country be afflicted with either or both of these catastrophes, it is necessary that the women of our great commonwealth should be prepared to do their part. If, therefore, you can and will render services under any of the following classifications, please check opposite the particular item or items below."

This service pledge includes the pledge to assist in agriculture, clerical service, manufacturing service, domestic service, professional service such as nursing and first aid, in fact, the service pledge covers all those things that loyal women can do to serve their country in times of great catastrophe.

The National Special Aid Society has its headquarters in New York City and local chapters are being organized all over the United States and through the instrumentality of Mrs. A. M. Waddell, Mrs. Curren and Miss Gene Wood, a local chapter has been organized and through the kind offer of this local chapter the ladies will have charge of the chorus that is to sing at Lumina on Flag Day.

Our National Flag is entitled to our patriotic reverence and respect, and the Sons of the Revolution have provided certain rules of etiquette that is due our flag. It should not be hoisted before sunrise, nor allowed to remain up after sunset. At sunset civilian spectators should stand at attention and uncover during the playing of "The Star Spangled Banner." When the National colors are passing on review or in parade, the spectator should, if walking, halt, or, if sitting, arise and uncover. In placing the flag at half mast it should first be hoisted to the top of the staff, and then lowered to position and preliminary to lowering from half mast, it should first be raised to the top.

Much attention is now being given to school children to instil in them respect and reverence for the flag, and in nearly all schools over the country and especially in the schools in the city of Wilmington the children are taught to "Salute to the Flag."

The pledge of allegiance to the Flag is beautiful and patriotic and should at this time be in the minds and hearts of every loyal citizen in America. It follows: "I pledge allegiance to my flag, and to the Republic for which it stands; one Nation, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all."

It is interesting to note that "Old Glory" now floats over more than three million, seven hundred thousand square miles and that on Flag Day literally speaking, "Old Glory" will float over two square miles of the most popular summer resort on the South Atlantic coast.

The Stars and Stripes is the flag of more than a hundred million citizens and on June 14th the people of Wrightsville Beach will show to all visitors that the Stars and Stripes not only belong to all American citizens, but the people of Wrightsville Beach who feel a special pride in showing their loyalty and allegiance to the flag of their country on this glorious flag day, June 14th.

NAVIGATION BOARD HONORS MEMORY OF FORMER MEMBER

Resolutions of Respect to Mr. H. G. Smallbones Are Adopted.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Navigation and Pilotage held yesterday morning in the office of Mr. James Sprunt, resolutions in honor of the memory of Mr. Henry Gibbons Smallbones, a former member of the board, who died several weeks ago, were read and adopted. Those present at the meeting were Commissioners Sprunt, Thos. F. Wood, Walter Smallbones, Captain J. W. Harper and Secretary John Rankin.

The text of the resolutions adopted reads as follows:

"In every community there are elements of constructive and destructive natures. The builders of character, truth and justice on one side; the breeders of disorder, strife and immorality on the other. It is sometimes easier to follow the current in public questions of minor importance involving the standard of good citizenship, but there are always men in Wilmington in every station of life who can be depended upon when the issue is clearly drawn between good and evil, to let their light shine, and to lead the way in the path of righteousness. Of such was our friend and colleague, Harry Gibbons Smallbones. In his earnest, quiet, unobtrusive way, he became many years ago one of our character builders and his life's structure was based upon the gold and silver and precious stone of truth, perseverance, economy. His pathway nearing the end was rugged and toilsome through physical weakness and weariness, but it was lightened with a gentle patience and a Christian faith. He ever followed the gleam which grew brighter and brighter to the perfect day, and his name should be honored in the annals of Wilmington.

"Yes, our loved ones go before us,
Every year,
And the living more ignore us.
Every year.
It is well; what need for sorrow
If the dawn of each tomorrow
Brighter tints from Heaven borrow,
Every year.'

"WILLIAM ST. GEORGE,
"THOMAS F. WOOD,
"Memorial Committee."

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds have been filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds: Fidelity Trust and Development Company to Ernest Faison, for $10 and other considerations, lot at Oakside Park; R. F. Brittain and wife to V. Sidbury, for $10 and other considerations, lot on northwest corner of Tenth and Dawson streets and another lot on southwest corner of Tenth and Wooster street; Dallie E. Pridgen to C. C. Bellamy, trustee, one of the Kerr farms northeast of the city.

All out-doors invites your

KODAK

Kodaks $6.00 to $77.00. · Brownies $1.00 to $12.00.

At your Dealers.

EASTMAN KODAK CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y.

THE CHAPMAN-ALEXANDER MEETINGS IN KEENE, N. H.

Sunday Was Busy Day in Evangelistic Campaign Being Conducted.

The following from Monday's issue of The Evening Sentinel, of Keene, N. H., where the Chapman-Alexander evangelistic party are now conducting meetings, will be read with much interest by many people in Wilmington:

"June 4 was the middle Sunday of the Chapman-Alexander campaign and all the churches participating were imbued with a new activity. Each of these churches held its regular morning service and Sunday school in its respective place of worship, the ministers presented to their congregations the share that all should have in this campaign and just what it should mean to this community. They report an enthusiastic interest on the part of each parish.

"In the afternoon at 3 o'clock about 600 women met at the Methodist church, where they were addressed by Mrs. Alexander. Girls of 12 years of age and over were invited to the service and a choir of 30 voices led in the singing. Mrs. Chapman gave announcements and prayers were offered by Mrs. E. F. Miller and Mrs. Chapman. Those who were present pronounced the meeting very impressive.

"At the same hour about 500 men assembled at the tabernacle for a men's meeting. Mr. Alexander opened the service by calling for favorite hymns such as the men remembered hearing their mothers sing. Mr. Brown sang 'He Lifted Me.' Rev. Mr. Thompkinson, of Brattleboro, led in prayer and later he and Mr. Bond, also of Brattleboro, spoke of what the Chapman-Alexander campaign held in that town last fall meant to Brattleboro. They reported that it had made itself vitally felt in the life of the town and that it was still going on. Dr. Chapman preached a very forceful and impressive sermon on the text, 'Be sure your sins will find you out.'

"A special feature of the evening service was a choir of girls which, in addition to the regular singers, filled the choir loft. The singing was spirited and enthusiastic and a great congregation of 200 people was hearty in its responses. Mr. Brown sang at the opening 'Only Jesus Knows,' and gave at the close of Dr. Chapman's message, 'He Wants a Poor Sinner Like Me.'

"Rev. Mr. Ingham led in prayer and Rev. Mr. Conrad gave the announcements and presented the matter of local expenses. He reported that there was needed $500 and that it would be raised in the evening service and after Sunday there would be no further collections received."

SINCLAIR DIDN'T SAY IT.

Will Make No Statement About Second Primary Till Votes Are Canvassed.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Fayetteville, N. C., June 7.—Being shown an Associated Press dispatch from Raleigh in relation to the vote for attorney general, in which it was stated that "Sinclair, the second high candidate, will not run in a second primary, it was said here today," N. A. Sinclair tonight made the following statement:

"I have never had anything to say in regard to the result of the primary, and will not do so until the vote has been canvassed. Any statement in regard to the matter emanating from any other sources is unauthorized."

HEALTH IS WEALTH

by John B. Huber, A.M., M.D.

Let health my nerves and finer fibres brace.—THOMPSON.

What To Do For Multiple Neuritis

TO continue from yesterday our discussion of multiple neuritis: There are certain metallic poisons used in the trades and in other ways that may cause neuritis. This trouble has, for instance, followed the too prolonged medicinal use of Fowler's solution of arsenic. Neuritis occurred in the case of a young woman who had been accidentally poisoned by rough-on-rats. Neuritis has also resulted from the accidental or intentional contamination of food and drink, as when chrome yellow has been used to color cakes. Also from beer containing arsenic or from the sulphuric acid used in making glucose. Lead as used in the industries is a more frequent cause of neuritis than arsenic. Mercury, phosphorus and zinc have also been causative. Tea, coffee and tobacco are causes—though rarely so. Also coal gas and coal tar drugs.

In treating neuritis the first thing to do is to remove the agency—alcohol, lead or whatever else it has been, which has caused the trouble. Such patients have got to go to bed and be doctored and nursed, in the beginning of their trouble certainly. Until the doctor comes cloths soaked in a hot "lead and opium wash" and then covered with oiled silk, must be applied to the diseased and painful members. Or hot baths, of the affected parts at least, for half an hour several times a day. Sodium salicylate in ten grain doses or aspirin, five-grain doses may be given every three hours for no more than six doses. Tell the doctor the truth as to the cause; whether this be alcohol, venereal disease, or any other cause here given, otherwise don't blame him if he has made a mistake in the diagnosis, nor tell the neighbors afterward what a poor doctor he was. Gentle friction with or without oil or vaseline may from the outset be applied to the areas involved; attend to the diet and nourish the patient well. Contractions of muscles may be overcome by working the members or joints involved, and keeping them in their proper position. The Foradic electric current is useful after the acute stage is passed.

MILK BORNE DISEASES.

T. R. N. writes: What diseases are especially liable to be conveyed in impure milk? How may such contamination be prevented?

Answer: Consumption, typhoid fever, scarlet fever, diphtheria, tonsillitis, septic sore throat, cholera, summer complaints, dysenteries. 2. The milk may come from a diseased cow. It may become contaminated by the milker, the container, the surroundings, the water used to wash the cans or to adulterate the milk; or it may become contaminated at the dealers or at the ultimate consumer's house. It may be left uncovered, exposed to flies or so that the cat can get at it; or by not being kept in a cool place, thus allowing the germs to multiply. The only way to prevent the transmission of diseases by milk is to insist on a thorough inspection of all dairies and sources of milk supply, and to educate the public in the care of milk between the time of its purchase and of its consumption.

PERSPIRING FEET.

J. K. writes: I am bothered with my feet. They have such a bad odor to them at all times. I bathe them; use talcum powder, change socks; and still they have that bad smell. I wish you would tell me a treatment for them.

Answer: Get of the druggist a quarter of an ounce of permanganate crystals. At bedtime put several crystals of the permanganate in a foot basin of tepid water until the water takes on a deep red wine color. Only two or three crystals will be necessary. Then bathe your feet thoroughly. Clean socks every day. Two pairs of shoes, to wear on alternate days. Tell the druggist to give you a mixture of three drams of salicylic acid to four ounces of borated talcum. Then every morning dust the insides of your fresh socks and of your shoes before putting them on.

John B. Huber

This column is devoted to disease prevention; to physical and mental hygiene; to domestic, industrial and public sanitation; to the promotion of health; efficiency and long life. The latest developments in medical science will be presented. Questions of general interest will be answered here, space permitting—others by mail if stamped return envelope is enclosed. Requests for personal diagnosis or treatment cannot, however, be considered in any way.

TO CONTINUE EFFORTS TO GET RIVER BRIDGE

New Hanover Board To Confer With Brunswick Commissioners

Committee to Ascertain Whether Government Will Permit Construction of Highway Bridge Across Cape Fear.

The way has been opened for continuing the negotiations between New Hanover and Brunswick counties with a view to securing a better means of communication across the Cape Fear river at Wilmington by the adoption by the New Hanover Board of Commissioners of resolutions asking for further conference with the Brunswick board and authorizing the bridge committee of the former board to ascertain whether or not the government will permit the construction of a bridge at the foot of Market street.

The resolutions were finally adopted by a unanimous vote, as a compromise measure following a rively discussion at a special meeting yesterday afternoon. Thirty members of the Chamber of Commerce and the Rotary Club, including leading and representative citizens of Wilmington were present to urge that the Board of Commissioners take a definite step towards securing a bridge across the river.

The resolution finally adopted by the board, which was introduced by Commissioner Willard and seconded by Commissioner Kerr, is as follows:

"Resolved, That this board request the Board of Commissioners of Brunswick county to meet this board on such date as they may suggest, for the purpose of discussing a method of providing a means of free communication between the two counties and arriving at such a solution of the question as will be acceptable to the citizens of both counties.

"Resolved, second, That the bridge committee of this board be and the same is hereby authorized and instructed to ascertain from the Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., whether permission will be granted for the construction of a bridge across the Cape Fear river at the foot of Market street in Wilmington."

When Chairman W. A. McGirt called the meeting to order the room was filled with men, who had come to urge that some action be taken on the bridge proposition. At the meeting on Monday of the board, after considerable discussion two resolutions were defeated with the result that nothing was accomplished.

Commissioner MacMillan introduced a resolution, which was seconded by Commissioner Yopp, reading as follows:

"Resolved, That the board should proceed without further delay to construct at the foot of Market street in the city of Wilmington a highway bridge connecting with the eastern shore of Eagle Island and to construct a suitable highway across Eagle Island under the authority of acts of the Legislature of 1913, chapters 454 and 495 of the Public Laws and chapter 50 of the special session of 1913.

"Resolved, That the Bridge committee of this board is hereby authorized and instructed to petition the Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., to grant permission for the construction of the bridge aforesaid."

Citizens who spoke in support of this resolution besides Commissioners MacMillan and Yopp included Messrs. D. C. Love, B. Solomon, J. Allan Taylor, M. W. Divine, G. Herbert Smith, John D. Bellamy, L. E. Hall, Roger Moore and Louis T. Moore. Among those present who signified their approval of the remarks of the speakers by liberal applause were James Owen Reilly, Dr. George K. Patterson, L. W. Davis, Horace Springer, L. Stein, C. Van Leuven, Eric Norden, John R. Murchison, T. R. Ames, J. J. Darby, S. D. Lucas, S. M. Boatwright, M. A. Curtis, L. B. Sasser, Donald MacRae, D. N. Chadwick, J. H. Hinton, J. M. Solky, J. H. LeGwin, C. R. Humphreys, J. B. Huntington and D. H. Howes, Jr.

Commissioner W. D. MacMillan's resolution was defeated, the deciding vote being cast by Chairman W. A. McGirt, who broke the tie. Commissioners MacMillan and Yopp voted for it, while Commissioners Willard and Kerr voted against it. Before Commissioner MacMillan's resolution was voted on a substitute was offered by Mr. Willard to the effect that it is inadvisable at the present time to build a bridge under existing laws and requesting a further conference with the Brunswick board. This resolution, however, never met with a second.

Mr. D. C. Love, chairman of the bridge committee of the Rotary Club, urged the building of a bridge across the river at an early date as possible. Mr. B. Solomon, who stated that he represented no organization, also advocated a bridge.

Mr. J. Allan Taylor declared that the need of a bridge seems to be realized by all and that the only thing contemplated by Mr. MacMillan's resolution was to secure permission of the government for its erection. Naturally the next thing to do, said he, would be to sound public sentiment in order to find out whether or not they desired a bridge. The Board of Commissioners had no right, he stated, to hold up the matter and he personally would hesitate to take such a responsibility. "You must act in order that the people may act," he pointed out. The kind of bridge is immaterial at the present stage, said he, and can be easily be determined upon later. "I would hesitate to assume the burden of denying to the people the opportunity of expressing their opinion," he stated in conclusion.

Mr. M. W. Divine called attention to the fact that the bridge matter has now been up for six or seven years and nothing has yet been done. He thought it was time something was being done.

Mr. G. Herbert Smith concurred in the views of Mr. Divine and while he was perfectly willing to leave it to the discretion of the board as to what should be done, he felt that something ought to be done at once.

Hon. John D. Bellamy in advocating a bridge pointed out that practically every city, both large and small in the State, has abolished all toll bridges and have provided ready means of access by building free bridges across streams. He was satisfied that the enhanced value of property on the other side of the river within five years would be such as to furnish enough taxes to take care of a bond issue. It is time to do away with the antiquated methods of access to the city, he declared.

Mr. L. E. Hall, president of the Chamber of Commerce, called attention to the fact that this organization has been in favor of a bridge for several years.

Commissioner Willard declared that he did not think it the proper time to take definite action on the proposition as but one side of it had been presented and that had been organized while the opposition had not. The resolution under consideration, said he, practically committed New Hanover to a bridge and on a basis which he considered imposed the greater burden on this county. If the proposition was put before the people he believed that it would be defeated. On the basis proposed he thought that the matter should be indefinitely postponed as he could never bring himself to believe that it was right.

Commissioner MacMillan spoke briefly in support of the resolution pointing out that the Brunswick people are ready to do their part. Under the proposition of Mr. Willard, made last year, people of that county would have to pay about 20 per cent of the expense while under the legislation which has already been effected they would have to pay $40,000, which practically amounted to 20 per cent of the total cost.

Chairman W. A. McGirt called attention to the fact that a proposition had been made the Brunswick Board of Commissioners which had never been answered and he understood that it would be within the near futue. He urged that the board get together and stand solidly on the matter. At the present time he could not see his way clear, said he, to close the matter and submit it to the people. He would prefer to wait a month or even two months rather than proceed on a wrong basis. He was heartily in favor of improvements and felt that a better means of access should be provided to this city.

Commissioner Willard declared that while he did not agree with Mr. MacMillan he did not want to be understood as opposing a bridge. On the contrary he wanted a bridge. He did not want the matter to sleep. However, he felt that he must do his duty.

Mr. Roger Moore thougnt that if there was so much opposition to the bridge that some of its opponents would present their side of the question.

Following the discussion and the vote on Commissioner MacMillan's resolution, the visitors left and the board then got together on the resolution which was finally adopted.

The only other matter passed upon was the paying of the bills of the judges and registrars in the recent primary. Several of the registrars in the city presented bills for $3 a day for 21 days which the board thought was rather steep. However, the registrars present declared that they had been instructed to stay at the polls every day during the required time. The board decided to allow the paying of all bills that are approved by the county attorney.

A Clear Skin is only a part of beauty; but it is a part. Every lady may have it, and easily, too. Just apply Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM (Liquid Powder) It freshens and beautifies at once. Heals Sunburn and overcomes Tan. 75 cents at Druggists or by mail. Sample Free. Lyon Manufact'ng Co., 42 South Fifth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

COUNTY PRIMARY ON JUNE 12

Retiring and Incoming County Democratic Committees Fix Date—Thos. E. Cooper New Chairman.

The second primary for candidates for county offices will be held next Monday, June 12, it wa sannounced yesterday morning by the New Hanover County Democratic Executive committee, which was requested to fix an early date by the candidates concerned. This action was taken first by the retiring committee and later in the day ratified bythe new committee, which met and organized.

The fact that the second primary for county offices is held June 12 instead of July 1, the time fixed by law for State and congressional offices' second primary, will not result in any additional expense to the county, it is stated, as if it had been held on the later date the county would have had to bear its proportionate share of the expense of the primary.

At the organization meeting of the new County Democratic Mr. Thomas E. Cooper was elected chairman of that body; and C. C. Cashwell, Esq., secretary. Other members who attended the meeting were Messrs. G. Herbert Johnson, G. C. McIntire, John W. Gafford, W. M. Campbell, J. A. McNorton, and W. W. Love.

INTEREST IN THE SEASIDE ASSEMBLY GROWING RAPIDLY

With Better Programme This Year Attendance Expected to be Larger.

Now that the programme has been completed and distributed, the interest in the approaching Summer Assembly held at Wrightsville Beach under the auspices of the North Carolina Baptist State Convention is growing.

Last summer the Assembly was a success, but this year with speakers of national reputation, musical and chautauqua features, the directors expect to pass the attendance mark set last summer by several hundred. The assembly opens Sunday, June 25, and continues through July 2. Eight days of recreation, study, fellowship. Hundreds of Baptists of the State will take this occasion of enjoying an outing and combining with it the Assembly work.

Those interested in making arrangements for board will be assisted by Rev. J. A. Sullivan, of Wilmington, who will gladly answer all inquiries. Programmes will be sent all applicants who send their address to Secretary E. L. Middleton, Raleigh.

Rev. John Jeter Hurt, D. D., who recently accepted the call to the First Baptist church of this city, is the president of the Assembly. John A. Oates, Esq., of Fayetteville, is an active member of the directing board and one of the original assembly men.

BUYS OUT BROTHER.

Mr. B. May is Now Sole Owner of Delicatessen.

Announcement was made yesterday by Mr. B. May that he has bought out his brother's interest in the delicatessen at No. 24 North Front street, and will continue to conduct the business at the same place. Just what plans Mr. D. May has in mind, have not been announced.

Mr. B. May was the original owner of the business and conducted it for a number of years successfully on Market street. Later he took his brother into the firm as a partner.

—Mr. L. H. Partin left yesterday afternoon for Raleigh to attend the funeral of his sister, Mrs. W. H. Broughton, of Asheville, N. C.

OBJECT TO HAVING A ONE MAN SYSTEM

For Operating Cars On City Lines In Wilmington

Employes Have Meeting to Discuss Reported Contemplated Action of Tidewater Power Company—Rumors Unconfirmed.

Should the Tidewater Power Company inaugurate a system on all the trolley cars on its city lines by which one man would serve in the capacity of motorman and also as conductor, as it has been rumored has been contemplated, it is understood that the conductors and motormen would make serious objection. While it has been rumored that it was planned to put into operation the one-man system, this could not be confirmed last night, as General Manager A. B. Skelding was out of the city.

For the last several months the one-man system has been in operation on the Carolina Place cars, this being in the nature of an experiment, and it has been rumored for some time that it was planned to put all the cars on the city lines under this system. It is stated that in a large number of cities throughout the country where the "pay as you enter" system is used that only one man is placed on each car. The "pay as you enter" system was inaugurated by the Tidewater more than a year ago and has worked with much success, and has met with the general approval of the public.

Mr. A. B. Skelding, general manager of the Tidewater Power Company, has been out of the city for several days, and until his return it is understood that no action one way or the other will be taken. However, the conductors and motormen have had the matter under discussion, and at a meeting held on Monday night it is understood that the matter was gone into in detail and steps taken towards forming a union. However, none of the employes of the company will talk about the matter and this report could not be confirmed yesterday.

With the inauguration of a one-man system on the cars, passengers have to get on the cars at the front instead of at the rear, as is the case with a conductor in charge. By this means the motorman collects the fares. The employes feel tha tthis would entail too much work for one man, if put into use on the city lines, where traffic is heavy.

It was stated last night that until Mr. Skelding returned to the city nothing would be done. However, the motormen and conductors would doubtless enter a strong protest against such a system, should it be decided to put it on.

INTEREST IN REVIVAL MEETING IS GROWING.

Large Congregations Are Attending Services at Christian Church.

The revival at the First Christian church, located on Dock street, which is being conducted by Rev. Raleigh L. Topping, of Rosemary, is growing in interest as evidenced by the increasing numbers of those who attend. The song service is spirited and a large part of the congregation remained for almost an hour after the evening service last night to sing and the others to hear some of the songs that are being learned. The children have been given the seats in the regular choir and the adults are all seated in front of the speaker. Last night the minister used as his subject, "The Name We Should Wear." He spoke in part as follows:

"All church members call themselves Christians, but a great number choose to be called Christians plus something—and when we call ourselves Christians only a great outcry arises and they say we have no right to do so. Let me ask, Has anyone patented the name? Does not the Bible teach it? If we are to follow the Bible, have we not the right to use the terms found there?

"Our relationship to Christ after the baptism is the marriage relationship. Paul tells us that we are married to Christ, and that we are espoused to one husband. The Lamb is Jesus, and the church is the bride.

"Individual believers were called disciples, brethren and Christians. An organization was called a church, churches of Christ, Church of God, Church of the Lord. Jesus spoke of the church as 'My' church. Repentance and remission of sins were to be preached in Christ's name. Believers were to be baptised in His name. The Word says there is salvation in no other name. God ordained that the wife should bear the husband's name.

"It is contrary to Scripture to bear other than scriptural names. It makes and perpetuates divisions.

"Just an illustration, if you please. a committee called upon a lady and asked her for a contribution. She asked for what. They replied for such and such a purpose. She then said: 'If you will call it the Church of Christ,' I will give.' They replied, 'Oh well, that makes no difference, there is nothing in a name.' She said, 'There isn't?' They said, 'No.' So she took out a check book and signed the cook's name to it. They took it to the bank and it was not cashed.

"The great reformers condemned unscriptural names. Luther said, 'Call yourselves Christians—not Lutherans'. Wesley said, 'Would to God all sectarian names were forgotten'."

WILMINGTON REPRESENTED.

Cape Fear Golf Club Sends Teams to Tournament in Charlotte.

The annual spring tournament of the Carolina Golf Association including all the clubs in North and South Carolina is being held in Charlotte this week. Qualifying rounds were played yesterday and today the teams will enter into active competition. There are many expert golfers from the two states in attendance.

Wilmington is represented by a strong team which is composed of Dr. J. W. Stanly and Messrs. C. E. Taylor, W. G. Robertson, Tom Strange and Henry Bridgers, the latter of Tarboro but a member in good standing of the Cape Fear Golf Club. All of these men are splendid players of the ancient game and their friends confidently expect them to win a prize in the contest.

Begin on Castle Haynes Road.

The Castle Haynes Road will be given a coating of Tarvia today. Road Superintendent R. A. Burnett estimates that it will take about two days to finish this work, and suggests that those who don't want to get "stuck up," will choose some other highway for their peregrinations

WILL OVERHAUL FIREBOAT

City Council Awards Contract for Work at Weekly Session—Annual Reports are Read.

City Council had no important matters to consider at its weekly session yesterday. The contract for the annual overhauling and cleaning of the fireboat Atlantic was awarded and the annual reports of E. S. Martin, Esq. chairman of the board of trustees of the public library, and Mr. James E. Holton, superintendent of the scavenging department, were read and accepted. Former Mayor Joseph D. Smith was before Council with reference to some back taxes on some property amounting to about $180.

There were two bids for overhauling the fireboat, one being that of Mr. R. F. Hamme and the other that of the Wilmington Iron Works Mr. Hamme offered to do the work at a cost of $10 for docking and $4 for every 24 hours that the boat lies on the railway with a charge of 35 cents an hour for workmen or 5 cents an hour for workmen in the event that the painting was done by members of the fire department. The bid of the Wilmington Iron Works was $15 for docking and $5 for every day that the boat lay on the railway with a charge of 40 cents an hour for carpenters and 25 cents for laborers or $1 a day in the event that the work is done by firemen. Mr. Hamme was given the contract. Fire Chief Schnibben stated that the work of painting the boat would be done by the firemen.

A contract between the Seaboard Air Line and the city of Wilmington for a spur track to the waterworks, which was put in some time ago, was formally ratified. Councilman McCaig stated that the contract was a very liberal one for the city.

Councilman Bunting stated that he had offered to sell two chemical tanks to the town of Wrightsville Beach for $200, which he considered a very reasonable price but that his offer had not been accepted. The officials of this municipality had previously asked Council to loan the apparatus to the town but the request was not granted.

Councilman Bradshaw stated that he had had to employ five extra men the past week to make some repairs to a broken pipe on Fifth street.

The removal of a porch that projects over the street at No. 311 McRae was referred to the city attorney and the building inspector. Councilman Merritt reported that Mr. W. J. Meredith desired to secure additional space at the Fourth street market at an increased rent.

The report of Chairman E. S. Martin, of the Public library, was published in yesterday's paper. Superintendent Holton's annual report folows:

"I beg to submit the following report for year ending May 31.—The collecting of all trash was added to my department in September. Total number of loads gathered 13,644 which was distributed to the incinerator, Greenfield street, filling in Fourteenth street, between Market and Dock and filling in city property between Fanning and Moore streets.

"Collected 1,593 loads of ashes all were used on streets of city. Number of condemnations received from Health Department 23,418; number of places cleaned (including cess pools) 24,895; collected 2,012 loads of garbage, made 7,403 carrion calls, and collected 538 loads of rines. Collections for sanitary work amounted to $4,381.48. This includes collections made by Mr. Bellamy for back license tax on closets. Collections for slops $127.30.

"There has been a nexpense of about $640 charged against my department which was not provided for in last year's budget, same being a third collected by Mr. Burkheimer assisting in collecting the back tax on closets.

"I have furnished Mr. McCabe with a complete inventory of all stock and document of this department. One team of this department has been in use of street department for past three or four months. During past year the city property where stables are located has been filled in with exception of northeast part.

"I have endeavored to give prompt service to all complaints."

FUNERAL OF MRS. KENAN

Will Be Held This Morning From Her Late Residence.

Funeral services for Mrs. W. R. Kenan, who died Tuesday night at her home on South Third street, will be held at 11 o'clock this morning at her last residence. The services will be conducted by Rev. Dr. J. M. Wells, pastor of the First Presbyterian church; who will be assisted by Rev. B. F. Huske, rector of the Episcopal church at Newbern. Interment will be in Oakdale cemetery.

Mr. W. R. Kenan, Jr., only son of the deceased, and family arrived yesterday morning from Lockport, N. Y.

Resinol Surely Heals Sick Skins

When you know physicians have prescribed Resinol for over 20 years in the treatment of eczema and other itching, burning unsightly skin eruptions, and have written thousands of reports saying: "It is my regular prescription for itching," "Resinol has produced brilliant results," "The result it gave was marvelous in one of the worst cases of eczema," etc., etc., doesn't it make you feel, "This is the treatment I can rely on for MY skin-trouble?"

When Resinol Ointment touches itching skins, the itching usually stops and healing begins. With the aid of Resinol Soap, it almost always clears away eczema, ringworm, pimples, or other distressing eruption quickly, leaving the skin clear and healthy. Sold by all druggists.

Use Resinol Soap regularly and you will be astonished to find how quickly it soothes and cleanses the pores, and leaves the complexion clear and fresh.

ORIENT LODGE, NO. 395, A. F. & A. M.

Emergent communication this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock, for work in the F. C. Degree.

A full and prompt attendance is urged. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

By order of the W. M.

C. C. BROWN,
Secretary.

An Expensive Idea

When you say: "I cannot save, because it requires too much to get started," you are entirely mistaken.

Many persons do have this idea—which is an expensive one to them.

Numbers of accounts are started with $1. You, too, can open an account here with One Dollar, and can deposit any amount you have, and as often as you find it convenient. We invite you to start now.

ESTABLISHED 1900

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS

FOR SAFETY---

FOR SERVICE---

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Capital - - -	$ 100,000.00
Earned Surplus -	$ 275,000.00
Resources - - -	$2,850,000.00

Oldest and Largest Savings Bank in North Carolina

CHAMBER MEETING TODAY.

Constitution and By-Laws Will Come Up for Adoption.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce this afternoon at 4 o'clock the new constitution and by-laws recently drawn up by a special committee will be presented for adoption. A special meeting was recently held for this purpose, but no action was taken for lack of a quorum present.

Dance at Lumina.

The mid-week dance at Lumina last night attracted a large crowd of local and out-of-town people. The free dancing in the attractive ball room every evening with Don Richardson's orchestra in attendance with a full repertoire of dance music, including all the latest two-steps and waltzes, continues to prove one of the chief pastimes for many of the people who visit the Beach each evening.

$1.00 Pongee for 69c today at C. H. Fore & Co. (advertisement.)

Bitten by Rattlesnake.

Little Rosa May Rich, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Rich, No. 903 North Sixth street, while visiting at the home of relatives near Scott's Hill, was bitten by a rattlesnake late Tuesday afternoon. The little girl was playing some distance away from the house. Medical aid was summoned immediately. She was brought to her home in this city yesterday. While her condition is serious, her many friends hope that she may soon recover.

1-2 PRICE SALE

Of All Woolen Coat Suits

We have quite a few of these Woolen Suits, all the very latest 1916 Styles and best makes. We now offer entire lot, to close, at just 1-2 former price.

$12.50 Suits, for	$ 6.25
$15.00 Suits, for	7.50
$20.00 Suits, for	10.00
$25.00 Suits, for	12.50
$35.00 Suits, for	17.50

Second Floor.

Taffeta and Poplin Silk Coat Suits

1-3 Off

If you are going away to spend the Summer, you will surely need a Suit, and now is your chance.

Store Note:—

It is the policy of the Belk Stores to close out every item of merchandise at the close of each season, so that we have only fresh styles to show the next.

We are now offering the final reduction in Ladies' Spring Suits, and if you can use one this season, now is your best opportunity. THE MANAGER.

BELK-WILLIAMS COMPANY

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Loughlin are now occupying their cottage at Carolina Beach.

• • •

Mr. A. W. Pate and family moved down to Carolina Beach last Friday for the summer.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Boney and Miss Lula Cottle, of Wallace spent yesterday in the city.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Hopkins have moved down to their cottage at Carolina Beach for the summer.

• • •

Miss Emily Besselieu has returned from Orange, N. J., after spending some time there with her sister, Mrs. George P. Russell.

• • •

Miss Agnes Chasten has returned from Boston, where she has been attending the Conservatory of Music, to spend the summer here with her mother.

• • •

Nearly 50 automobile parties visited Carolina Beach last Sunday, and it is expected an even larger number will make the trip next Sunday over the new Beach road.

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Mrs. W. S. Glenn, of Spartanburg, S. C., and children, Martha,, Emma, William and Francis, are visiting Mrs. Glenn's sister, Mrs. A. D. McClure, of No. 515 North Fourth street.

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Among the new cottages which are nearing completion at Carolina Beach are those of Messrs. W. E. Yopp, F. B. LeGwin, Charles E. Bethea, J. J. Loughlin, and H. A. Lewis.

• • •

Miss Elizabeth Moore, who has been attending Randolph-Macon Woman's College, returned yesterday for the summer vacation which she will spend with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Moore, of this city.

• • •

Miss Mary Gilmer Weatherly, of St. Paul's, arrived here yesterday morning from Randolph-Macon Woman's College at Lynchburg, Va., to spend some time with her aunt, Mrs. J. S. Brown, of Winter Park.

• • •

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer: "Mrs. Preston L. Bridger, of Wilmington, will arrive in the city Saturday to visit Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Alexander, the latter her daughter, at their home on Lamar avenue, Elizabeth Heights."

• • •

Mrs. R. W. Pridgen has returned from Charlotte, where she has been visiting relatives for the past several weeks. She was accompanied home by Mrs. L. W. Pridgen and small son, both of whom will spend some time here.

• • •

There will be a reception at the First Baptist church this evening beginning at 8 o'clock for the members of the church, who have been received during the past year. All the members of the congregation are cordially invited to attend. A delightful musical programme will be rendered and delicious refreshments will be served.

• • •

The Willing Workers of the Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian church invites the young people and the junior bands of Delgado, Winter Park, Bethany, Immanuel and St. Andrew's churches to meet with the society at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon in the parlors of the First Presbyterian church to hear an address by Miss McElwee, secretary of the Young People's Work.

• • •

Miss Winnie M. Frost, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Frost, of this city, and Mr. John W. Conway were married last night at 8 o'clock at the residence of Mr. W. W. Harrison on Meares street The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. H. Shore, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Methodist church. Only the immediate friends of the contracting parties were present. Mr. Conway employed at Mr. J. H. Rehder's department store.

• • •

The following invitations have been sent to friends in Wilmington and elsewhere:

Mr. Oscar M. Walker
requests the pleasure of your company
at the marriage of his sister
Beulah Mae
to
Mr. Richard Franklin Meier
on the afternoon of Monday
the twenty-sixth of June
one thousand nine hundred and sixteen
five-thirty o'clock at residence
four hundred and twelve
Red Cross street
Wilmington, North Carolina.

• • •

THE LEE-HIGLEY WEDDING AT LUMBERTON BRILLIANT AFFAIR

Lumberton, N. C., June 7.—The wedding of Mr. Manly Guion Lee and Miss Emma Kenan Higley, briefly reported in the Sunday Star, was a brilliant affair. It was attended by a crowd that filled the large auditorium of the First Baptist church last Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Rev. Charles L. Greaves, pastor of the Church, of which both bride and groom are members, performed the ceremony. The church was artistically decorated in green and pink, ferns, palms and potted plants being used.

Miss Lina Melke Gough presided at the organ. Before the ceremony she rendered a prelude—"June"—Barcarolle by Tschaikowsky. A violin solo, "Love's Greeting," by Elgar, was rendered by Mr. Rowland Brown of Red Springs. Following this Mr. C. B. Skipper sang "Because," by D. Hardelot.

Strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March announced the coming of the bridal party. First came the flower children, little Miss Mary Ruth Greaves and Master William Pope, the latter a cousin of the bride. Then down the right aisle came Miss Mary Pope, a cousin of the bride, as maid of honor, while down left aisle came little Miss Lillie Snead Varser, bearing the ring in a white lily. The bride entered down the left aisle with Mr. M. N. Folger, her brother-in-law, while the groom entered with Mr Leonard F. Harold, of Richmond, Va, as best man, down the right aisle and met at the altar, where the marriage vow was taken. During the ceremony "Adoration," from the 'Holy City," by Gaul, was softly played. The ushers were Messrs. Earl Thompson, Lawrence Parker, L. Rexford Stephens, R. McA. Nixon.

The bride was most beautiful in her gown of Georgette crepe over chiffon taffeta with pearl trimmings, en train. She wore a veil of bittle, caught with orange blossoms, and carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses, lilies of the valley and maidenhair fern tied with tulle.

The maid of honor was most tastefully dressed in yellow Georgette crepe trimmed in black velvet and old English lace, with gloves and slippers to match. She wore a picture hat of chiffon and carried a bouquet of pink Killarney roses.

The flower children were dressed in white and pink, while the ring bearer was handsomely gowned in white. The ushers wore outonnieres of lilies of the valley.

"Tanhauser's March," by Wagner was played as a recessional.

Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple left in an automobile for Fayetteville, where they boarded a train for the western part of the State, where they will spend two weeks, after which they will be at home to their friends, at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. T. N. Higley, Seventh and Pine streets.

The bride is a favorite among Lumberton's younger set. She had for several months prior to the wedding announcement worked as clerk in the office of Register of Deeds M. W. Floyd and was well and favorably known to many people throughout the county. The groom is a young man of splendid habits and character, has been for several years assistant secretary-treasurer of the Kingsdale Lumber Corporation, and has many friends who wish for him and his bride a long life of joy and prosperity. The more than one hundred beautiful presents received show in part the esteem in which the newly married couple are held by their numerous friends.

The following out-of-town people attended the wedding: Mr. George W. Lee, of Aurora, father of the groom; Mr. Smith Lee, of Washington, a brother of the groom; Miss Anna Duckett, of Raleigh, Miss Bessie Hollman, of Marshville, Miss May Brown, of Red Springs; Mr. Rowland Brown, of Red Springs, and Mr. Leonard F. Harold, of Richmond, Va., secretary-treasurer of the Kingsdale Lumber Corporation.

A reception was given the bridal party and a number of friends at the home of the bride's mother Wednesday evening. Miss Ina Higley, sister of the bride, and Miss Flora Neil McMillan received at the door. Miss May Brown, and Mrs. M. N. Folger served punch. Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Coley received at the door of the gift room. Cream and cake were served by Misses Eliza Neil Higley and Margaret Pope. It was amid much merriment that the bride's cake was cut. As a result of the cutting, Mr. Earle Thompson, received the thimble, Miss Marie Linkhaw the button, Miss Mattie Lee Pittman the dime, and Miss Ruth O'Brien, of Durham, the ring.

Mr. Olin Edens and Miss Jennie Russell presided at the table where each guest entered his or her name in the bride's book.

LOCAL DOTS

—Mr. C. E. Wood reported to the police yesterday that a car loaded with hams and butter for Morris & Company had been broken into. An investigation by the police showed that a thief had entered the car some time Tuesday night or early yesterday and stolen a couple of hams.

—Mr. F. P. Harrell, of No. 209 Chestnut street, reported to the police yesterday that his house had been entered during the day by a thief who secured an entrance by removing a window pane and unlatching the catch on the window. Nothing was missed by the owner except a hammer.

—George Waddell, colored, was sent to jail by Justice G. W. Bornemann yesterday in default of costs on being adjudged guilty of malicious prosecution. The negro had sworn out a peace warrant against James Whiters, colored, before Justice Bornemann, who pronounced the prosecution "frivolous and malicious" and taxed the defendant with the costs which he failed to pay.

—Among the arrivals at The Orton yesterday were: Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Boney, Wallace; Miss Polly Carter, Wallace; S. Hopkins, Rockingham; A. D. Ward, Newbern; Capt. Nathan O'Berry, Goldsboro; J. H. Council, Wannonish; C. D. Ferrell, Wilson; Mr. and Mrs. Milton Wend, Samarsand; Jesse Fussell, Rose Hill; W. L. Byrd, Wallace; Mrs. W. D. Brown, Burgaw; Mrs. J. Fussell, Rose Hill.

CONFIRMATION SERVICES.

Three Members Received Into Temple of Israel at Solemn Service.

Confirmation services were held in the Temple of Israel yesterday by Dr. S Mendelsohn and three young men were received as members. They were Mr. Simon Schloss, son of Mrs. S. A. Schloss; Mr. David Jacobi, son of Mr. M. W. Jacobi, and Mr. Isaac Bear Newman, son of Mrs. Linda Newman.

The Temple was beautifully and attractively decorated for the occasion with palms and evergreens. The solemn service was held in the presence of a large congregation.

Bathing Suits

New Arrivals
Ladies' Knitted
One Piece
Bathing Suits
With Fancy Trimmings

Bathing Hats, Caps
Shoes and Sandals

A. D. BROWN

Wrightsville Beach

The season for out-of-town visitors will be on in earnest with the opening of the Oceanic Hotel next Saturday, while practically all local people owning cottages at the seaside, have already moved down. The New Hanover Inn, which opened June 1 under the management of Mrs. W. L. Wall and Miss E. E. Disosway, already has a large number of guests and others are arriving daily.

Among yesterday's arrivals at the Seashore Hotel were Mrs. A. M. Alexander and Miss Alexander, Spartanburg; J. J. Dean, Louisville; S. S. Lanier, Louisville, Ky.; P. T. Lanier, Birmingham, Ala.; P. T. Kneale and M. K. Kneale, Philadelphia; J. C. Orr, Washington, D. C.; C. D. DeLancy, Cincinnati; B. H. Randolph and John S. Lear, Richmond; H. C. Malloy, Atlanta; Paul L. James, Norrolk; D. H. Jenks, Cincinnati, and T. S. Crockett, Norfolk.

Among the leading conventions coming to the beach this season are those of the North Carolina Good Roads Association, June 21-23; the North Carolina Bar Association, June 27-29; the Baptist Seaside Assembly and the State Baptist Young People's Union, June 25; the Confederate Veterans in July; the Cotton Manufacturers' Association, July 21-22; the Architectural Association, the Veterinary Association, the Labor Convention, the State Association of the Deaf and a number of others.

Visitors from the south are beginning to arrive in large numbers, the raise in temperature in the states further south naturally drives the people to the cool breezes of the seashore and its popular sports. Surf bathing is more popular than ever, while motor boating and canoeing are claiming large numbers. Dancing continues to be one of the most popular diversions, and the dances every evening at Lumina for which music is furnished of the best sort by Don Richardson's fine orchestra of 11 pieces, draws large numbers of townspeople and visitorse from out of town.

With nearly a dozen conventions, including the Good Roads body which is expected to bring 5,000 delegates to its sessions, during June and early in July, and numerous excursions arranged for the same period, the summer season at Wrightsville Beach will reach its height in a very short time. The seaside resort, according to traffic experts with the tourist exodus to Europe still cut off by the war, is facing the greatest season in its history. Reservations are coming in daily at the Seashore Hotel, and guests are arriving literally from the four corners of the country.

COURTESY IS APPRECIATED

First Baptist Church Sunday School Sends Letter to Tidewater Power Co.

The following letter which has been sent to Mr. A. B. Skelding, general manager of the Tidewater Power Company, is self explanatory:

"Dear Mr. Skelding: At the session of the First Baptist Sunday school Sunday, June 4, a resolution was unanimously passed thanking the Tidewater Power Company for its great courtesy and kindness in giving us the glorious picnic at the Beach May 30.

"It is a great pleasure for us to convey these expressions to you and your company. These excursions so generously given each year have always brought great joy to our members, both old and young, and are long looked to in prospect and in retrospect, as the great day of the year for our school. The one this year, however, far outstripped its predecessors not only in numbers attending, but in spirit and happiness, and in like measure our appreciation exceeds that of previous years.

"We wish, therefore, to thank you from our hearts for thus materially aiding in our Sunday school work, not forgetting to mention the uniform courtesy of your employes, which contributed greatly to the pleasure of the occasion.

"Faithfully yours,
"D. H. HOWES,
"Superintendent,
"EDGAR CHILD,
"Secretary."

OCEANIC OPENS SATURDAY

Manager Charles E. Hooper Announces Staff for Present Season—Splendid Orchestra Secured.

Mr. C. E. Hooper, manager of the Oceanic Hotel at Wrightsville Beach, which will open its doors to the public on next Saturday, yesterday announced the names of his corps of assistants for the present season. Many of them have been at the beach in previous years and all of them are experienced in hotel work. The same high standard of service thas has characterized the Oceanic hotel in the previous years that Mr. Hooper has been in charge will be maintained this summer.

Mr. C. C. Harrison, for the past ten years' chief clerk of the National hotel in Washington, D. C., will have charge of the office, and will be assisted by Messrs. Tom Strange, of Wilmington, and John M. Kinloch. Mr. Henry Taylor will be bookkeeper and cashier and Mr. Marion M. Hedrick will be stenographer.

Mr. A. Von Buelow and his able corps of assistants will have charge of the culinary department. Mr. Von Buelow has served in the same capacity on the beach for several years and with his long experience knows just how to prepare dishes that will appeal to the most fastidious and exacting.

Mrs. Gussie Walker, of the Poinciani Hotel at Palm Beach, Fla., will be the housekeeper and the linen room will be in charge of Mrs. Hicks.

William Polite, for many years headwaiter at The Orton in this city, who enjoys the acquaintance of hundreds of men from all over the South and who knows always just how to make it pleasant and agreeable, will be in charge of the dining room.

Capt. Oscar Salter, well known to the patrons of Wrightsville Beach, will be the life saver and Cape. W. M. Wells who has handled boating and fishing parties at the beach for many years, will have charge of the boats.

Mr. Hooper has been fortunate in securing a splendid orchestra, which will be under the leadership of Mrs Louise McCarver, who has played in the leading hotels throughout the country.

Manager Hooper is to be congratulated on the fine line-up which insures good service for the Oceanic. From the way reservations are already coming in this will be a banner season.

BRITISH TRENCHES IN HOOGE CAPTURED BY THE GERMANS

London, June 7. — British trenches running through Hooge have been captured by the Germans, according to the British official statement issued at midnight, which reads:

"Last night and today there were heavy artillery bombardments on both sides east of Ypres. In the fighting yesterday the enemy succeeded in capturing our front line trenches, running through the ruins of the village of Hooge.

"Attacks made against other portions of our line failed.

"A further small infantry attack delivered early this morning against our trenches west of Hooge was repulsed.

"During the night our Australian troops entered German trencehs east of the Bois Grenier, inflicting loss and bringing back prisoners. Our troops also carried out a successful raid east of Cuinchy.

"Hostile artillery and trench mortars were active today against our trenches around Ovillers, Hamel, Souchez, Loos, and Nueve Chappelle. Our artillery shelled enemy batteries about Lievin, east of Souchez, and about Loos. There has been some mining activity by the enemy northeast of Neuville St. Vaast and Givenchy."

ROBESON DEMOCRATS GETTING BUSY FOR BROWN AND GODWIN

More Than 100 Lumbersonians Signed Up for Brown Club.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., June 7.—Interest in the second primary to decide who shall be congressman from the Sixth is already warming up and friends of both candidates are busy. Over one hundred voters in Lumberton have already signed up for a Brown club. Mr Godwin is here tonight and Mr. Brown is expected tomorrow morning.

Bring Smiles

New Post Toasties were perfected to overcome the defects of old-style corn flakes. And the hearty welcome they have received is ample proof that their superiority is recognized.

New Post Toasties have a self-developed, inner-flavor — the rich flavor of choice Indian corn. Try a handful dry —they're mighty good that way, and the test will prove that, unlike common flakes, they do not depend on cream and sugar for their palatability.

New Post Toasties do not "chaff" in the package, and they don't mush down in cream like common "corn flakes." The New Post Toasties are identified by tiny bubbles on each flake — produced by the quick, intense heat of the new process of manufacture, which also develops their wonderful new flavor.

Have your grocer send a package for tomorrow's breakfast.

New Post Toasties

Look for This Sign on Your Dealer's Window

Armour's STAR HAM

The ham is smoked in the Stockinet Covering. This *keeps in* all the rich juices and all the fine flavor.

Star Ham reaches you in the Stockinet Covering, clean and sweet. As you use it, the Stockinet Covering protects what remains. The last slice will be as moist and rich-flavored as the first.

Buy Armour's Star Bacon
The National Breakfast.

Over $100,000,000 investment behind Armour's Good Label

ARMOUR & COMPANY
R. F. CAMPBELL, MANAGER.
'Phone 85
Wilmington, N. C.

Try These:
"Simon Pure" Leaf Lard
Star Bacon
Devonshire Pure Sausage
Armour's Grape Juice
Cloverbloom Butter
Glendale Oleomargarine (Uncolored Quality)
Silver Churn Oleomargarine (White)
Over 100 Armour Foods

SYNODICAL SESSION OPENS

At First Church With Lecture by Rev. W. T. Walker—Many Women Delegates Here—Programme.

The chief feature of the opening session of the Woman's Synodical, held last night in the lecture room of the First Presbyterian church, was an entertaining and instructive lecture illustrated with stereopticon slides, which was given by Rev. W. T Walker, of Barium Springs, on the "Barium Home," the orphanage of the Presbyterian church of North Carolina. Besides the local townspeople, more than 100 delegates and visitors from various sections of the State were in attendance at the session last night. The opening prayer was made by Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, while short addresses of welcome were made by Rev. Dr. J. M. Wells and Rev. Andrew J. Howell.

Today will be a very busy one with the delegates and others who take part in the proceedings of the Synodical. The chief features of the sessions today will be the reports of the president, the vice president, and the secretaries of the four great departments of the organization.

The morning session today will open at 9:45 o'clock with greetings from the Wilmington Societies, by Mrs. W. M. Cumming, and from the Wilmington Presbyterial, by Mrs. J. A. Brown. Among the important features of the day's programme will be special addresses by Mrs. S. D. Walton, president of the Virginia Synodical, and Miss E. C. Cronk, an expert in Young People's work. Tonight at 8 o'clock delegates and the public in general will have the opportunity of hearing Mr. W. T. Ellis deliver his celebrated address on the subject of "The World Crisis and the Church's Duty." The address by Mr. Ellis will be given in the main auditorium of the church. The Presbyterian women, it is announced, will welcome their sisters of all denominations at the various sessions, which will last through Friday afternoon.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

—Mr. J. F. Thomas, an old Wilmington boy, now traffic manager of the H. C. Schraeder Company, extensive citrus fruit shippers, of Jacksonville, Fla., after spending a few days here on business at headquarters of the Atlantic Coast Line, left last night for Norfolk, Va., and other points north.

WE ARE UNLOADING THIS DAY THE LARGEST CAR LOAD SHIPMENT OF

FIELD WIRE FENCING

EVER RECEIVED IN WILMINGTON. GET YOUR ORDER IN QUICK.

When our orders on hand have been executed, there will be but a small part left.

Impossible to get a shipment through from any mill under six to ten weeks.

WM. E. SPRINGER & COMP'Y
PURCELL BUILDING.

GO TO THE FAMOUS

SEASHORE HOTEL

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C. OPEN JUNE 1st

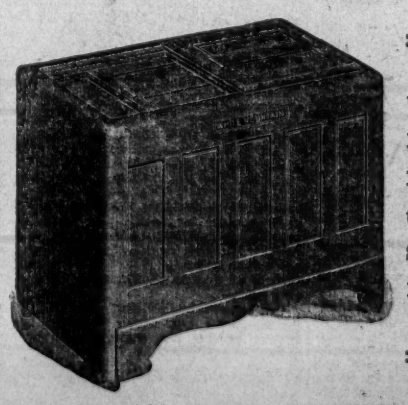
It is one of the most charming Summer Resorts in America. Fine beach, splendid surf bathing and good fishing. No mosquitos or flies. 700 ft. ocean steel pier. Hotel has 240 rooms; about 120 rooms have bath and toilet. Through electric trains connect with all A. C. L. and S. A. L. trains at Wilmington, N. C.

Descriptive booklet with rates, views and description of the various amusements and pleasures of this splendid Seashore Resort, sent on request.

E. L. HINTON, Manager,
Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

HERE IT IS!!!

"The Chest With the Chill In It"



We carry this Box in Four Sizes. Also a Full Line of "White Mountain" Refrigerators. Shepard's Lighting Freezers.

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OUR STOCK COMPLETE 'PHONE, WIRE OR WRITE
WHOLESALE HARDWARE 'PHONES: 106--1030

COAL! BUILDERS' SUPPLIES!
LARGE STOCKS. PROMPT DELIVERY
"LET US SERVE YOU"
W B. THORPE & CO
'PHONE 789.

THEATRICAL

The Bijou today presents the newest thing in motion pictures—the greatest sensation of the year, the famous Charlie Chaplin cartoons, by one of the foremost cartoonists of America. "Mutt and Jeff" and many other nationally known characters have been cartooned in movies, but Charlie Chaplin cartoons is the very latest. The first release is entitled "Charlie's White Elephant," and is as full of laughs as the original Charlie is on the screen. And while all original Chaplin comedies now will cost you ten cents admission, you can see the cartoons of Charlie for the some old jit.

It is a whale of a bill today. The next is a great two-reel Universal-Rex rama, "Hulda the Silent," starring beautiful Lois Wilson, the Birmingham girl, with Harry Carter and Maude George, and directed by Otis Turner himself. You have never seen finer acting on the screen; you have never seen greater atmosphere than in this big story of the Scandinavian emigrant who fell into the clutches of a designing woman, breaking the heart of the "girl he left behind him." It will command the sympathy and admiration of every picture fan who sees it.

"Their Social Smash" is a great Powers comedy starring Agnes Vernon and Harry Moore, and Gail Henry and William Ffaney put over another big one with "A Raffle for a Husband," the funniest comedy you ever saw. And it is just five cents for the whole show.

Triangle Offering at Royal.

Today the Royal makes its second and by far biggest Triangle offering yet, a mammoth eight-reel show, a six-reel Triangle dramatic masterpiece and a great two-reel Triangle-Keystone comedy feature.

"The Iron Strain," a superb and strong dramatic feature in six reels, stars Dustin Farnum, one of the greatest of all feature photoplay favorites, with Louise Glaum, the noted Triangle Vampire actress, who is said to equal Theda Bara, and beautiful Enid Markley, seen in last Monday's Triangle

A scene from "The Iron Strain" six-act Triangle drama at the Royal today starring Dustin Farnum, Louise Glaum and Enid Markley.

feature in a role not so strong as the one she plays in "The Iron Strain" today.

"The Iron Strain" is a voluminous drama, replete with great incidents, thrilling and unexpected situations, and allows Mr. Farnum, Miss Glaum and Miss Markley ample opportunity for some of their very greatest dramatic achievements. It is full six reels in length and there is absolutely not a tiresome moment in it. Just see this feature today, if it is not the biggest money's worth you ever saw, well ,we won't ask you to come again.

Charles Murray and an all-star cast of Keystone players enact the roles in "A Game Old Knight," one of the greatest Keystone Triangle comedy features yet released in two great reels of screams. Note the hours of shows in the advertising columns.

Frances Nelson at Grand.

Filmdom's youngest and most beautiful emotional dramatic artiste, Frances Nelson, comes to the Grand today in her first great William A. Brady photoplay feature, "Love's Crucible," a [illegible] with some of the biggest [illegible]matic situations ever transferred [illegible] the screen, in five striking acts, based on Jules Eckert Goodman's great Broadway stage success, "The Point of View," which scored the sensation of the season on Broadway.

In live interest, tense action, thick

FRANCES NELSON
Beautiful Young Dramatic Artiste in "Love's Crucible" at the Grand today.

plot, tender romance, dark intrigue and heart punch, "Love's Crucible" excells any photoplay feature seen in recent weeks in Wilmington. To beautiful Myra Dymsley, love presented a cruel problem; overpowered by a stronger mind, she faltered, but fought valiantly against the blind infatuation. Eventually, however, she was forced to yield, and, crucified upon the cross of shame she was deserted. Remorse racked her heart and soul; under a burden too great to bear she sank, but intense suffering purified her in "Love's Crucible," and love saved her from the gulf that confronted her. Everyone must see this marvelous photoplay, full of tender romance and big dramatic situations, starring Miss Nelson in her strongest dramatic role.

Children's Matinee.

For Saturday afternoon's children's matinees at the Royal theatre, the headliner attraction is a magnificent three-reel dramatization of Robert Louis Stevenson's great novel, "Treasure Island," a book that has probably been read by more children of school age than any other novel ever published. It is full of thrills and interest, everyone who has read the book knows, and the film version was staged amid surroundings to correspond to the vivid scenes pictured in the book.

A great cartoon comedy is to be an extra treat for the children Saturday, "When Mice Make Merry," a laugh-provoking cartoon by J. R. Bray, the famous cartoonist.

There will be two great educational subjects also on Saturday's bill. The attendance for the past two Saturdays has been very small, but it is hoped that parents of the children will take new interest in these matinees, so that they may be continued permanently. Unless the expenses can be met, this will be impossible.

REVIVAL MEETING OVERFLOWS

BIGGEST CHURCH IN CHADBOURN

Services by Dr. E T Liddell Being Conducted in Tobacco Warehouse.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chadbourn, N. C., June 7.—Sunday marked the beginning of the evangelistic campaign announced some time ago, when Dr. E. T. Liddell, of Philadelphia, preached at the morning hour in the Methodist church and in the evening at the Baptist church. Some one said of Dr. Liddell lately that he preaches like a man "fighting fire." He goes beyond that, he preaches like a man fighting satan. He preaches with the same intense earnestness and forgetfulness of physical self which must have characterized revival preaching a century ago. To see him in action is to be convinced of his zeal for God. A man on the sunrise side of middle life, he looks even younger. But his sermons proclaim the mature and scholarly preacher. He has made a fine impression in this community. Services are now being held in the new tobacco warehouse, the congregation having overflowed the largest church in town the first night.

CARLOADS OF STRAWBERRIES

LEFT IN COLUMBUS FIELDS

However, Farmers Are Not Complaining, as Season Was a Good One.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chadbourn, N. C., June 7.—The berry season is past. There are many carloads of fine berries still in the fields but the birds and an occasional Ethiopian huckster are the only ones who find it profitable to pick them. The farmers are not complaining, however. The season was a good one, lasting nearly a month, with berries averaging close to $3 a crate. The farmers are now giving their attention to the fall crops, corn, cotton, tobacco and potatoes. These are showing up well. This promises to be a very prosperous year in this section.

The large tobacco warehouse, just now about complete, is announced to open for business the coming season. Right in the heart of a section which is rapidly turning to the cultivation of tobacco, there is no reason why Chadbourn should not become one of the large tobacco markets of the State.

TEN TAR HEEL GRADUATES

GET HOSPITAL APPOINTMENTS

Young Men From Medical College of Virginia Located.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Richmond, Va., June 7.—Ten hospital appointments assigned to graduates of the Medical College of Virginia, from North Carolina, have just been announced as follows: Dr. F. W. E. Logan, Union Mills; Dr. J .F. Foster, East Durham, assigned to Memorial Hospital, Richmond; Dr. G. V. Greene, Yadkin College, and Dr. Grover Wilkes, Sylva, assigned to Virginia Hospital, Richmond; Dr. E. L. Bender, Pollocksville, assigned to Grace Hospital, Richmond; Dr. C. W. Jennings, Greensboro, assigned to Retreat for the Sick Richmond; Dr. L. J. Whitehead, of Scotland Neck, and Dr. W. R. Parker, Woodland, assigned to Norfolk Protestant Hospital; Dr. P. C. Howard, Morrisville, assigned to Stetson Hospital, Philadelphia; Dr. O. R. Yates, Morrisville, assigned to Lakeview Hospital, Philadelphia.

CREDIT TO FAIR BLUFF

Work on Handsome New Brick Church of Methodists Progressing.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fair Bluff, N. C., June 7.—Today the brick work on the Methodist church here is being completed. This church would do credit to any town in the State. It is built of hard pressed brick, and will cost when completed around $5,000. It was begun in 1914, by Rev. W. C. Martin, now in Durham, but work was held up soon after the War set in. Rev. C. M. Daniel, the present pastor, is pushing the work along very rapidly. Only the window sash and doors are lacking to make all the outside work complete. Mr. Daniel thinks he will have his congregation at home in the new church in a short time.

Kinston, N. C., June 7.—There will be no more licensed poolrooms in this city after June 30. Yielding to a demand by 1,400 petitioners, many of them women and Sunday school children, the city council voted unanimously to refuse to grant a license to any gaming place after the end of the present fiscal year, of which this is the last month. Places on several streets will be closed up.

BIG EXCURSION
FROM WILMINGTON TO NEWBERN
—VIA—
ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD
TUESDAY, JUNE 20TH, 1916.

Train will leave Wilmington 7:30 A. M., and will leave Newbern returning 8:00 P. M.

Round trip fare from Wilmington only $1.25. Corresponding low rates from other points.

Separate cars for white and colored passengers.

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr. T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

je8-12t

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS TO WAYNESVILLE, N. C., IN SPECIAL PULLMAN SLEEPING CAR.

For accommodation delegates attending Knights of Pythians Convention, Waynesville, N. C., the Southern Railway has arranged to operate Special Pullman Sleeping Car, Goldsboro to Waynesville, N. C. This car will leave Goldsboro at 10:35 P. M., Monday, June 12th, and arrive Waynesville 4:51 P. M., Tuesday, June 13th, making the day trip through the Beautiful Mountains of Western North Carolina.

For reservations in this car, or further detailed information, address J. L. Royall, U. T. A., Goldsboro, N. C., or the undersigned.

"The Southern Serves the South."
J. O. JONES,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
je8-5t

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA
1838 1916
MEDICINE-DENTISTRY-PHARMACY
STUART McGUIRE, M. D., DEAN
New college building, completely equipped. Extensive Hospital and Dispensary facilities. For catalogue and information, address
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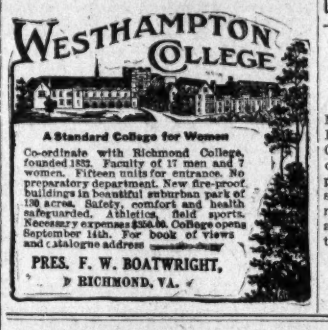
WESTHAMPTON COLLEGE

A Standard College for Women
Co-ordinate with Richmond College, founded 1832. Faculty of 17 men and 7 women. Fifteen units for entrance. No preparatory department. New fire-proof buildings in beautiful suburban park of 130 acres. Safety, comfort and health safeguarded. Athletics, field sports. Necessary expenses $250.00. College opens September 14th. For book of views and catalogue address
PRES. F. W. BOATWRIGHT,
RICHMOND, VA.

NOTICE!

The next regular meeting of the North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners will be held at Asheville, N. C., beginning promptly at 9:00 o'clock on Monday morning, June 26th. All applications must be in the hands of the secretary at least ten days prior to the meeting. For further information and application blanks, address the secretary.

F. L. HUNT, Sec'y
Asheville, N. C.

8-TRIANGLE-8
REELS—TODAY—REELS
Dustin Farnum, Louise Glaum
(THE TRIANGLE VAMPIRE)
ENID MARKLEY
—IN—
'THE IRON STRAIN'
6——REELS——6
CHARLES MURRAY
—IN—
'A GAME OLD KNIGHT'
2 REEL TRIANGLE-KEYSTONE
ROYAL
ADULTS, 15c. CHILDREN, 10c.
SHOWS BEGIN
11:00, 12:45, 2:30, 4:15, 6:10, 8:00, 9:30.

VICTORIA
Children's Show
SAT., 2, 3:15, 4:30 p. m.
"Treasure Island"
A Marvelous Three-Reel Filmization of Robert Louis Stevenson's Famous Novel of Adventure.
Cartoon Comedy
One of the Greatest Cartoon Comedies You Ever Saw, by J. R. Bray.
SCENIC REELS
Two Big Scenic Numbers — Intensely Interesting.
ADMISSION Everybody 5 CENTS

Grand TODAY
Adults 10c -:- Children 5c
William A. Brady Presents
Filmdom's Youngest and Most Beautiful Emotional Artiste
Frances Nelson
The Stirring Story of a Modern Girl's Fight For Love Against Good and Evil.
"LOVE'S CRUCIBLE"
"Love presented to Myra a cruel problem; overpowered by a strong mind, after a valiant fight against blind infatuation, eventually she yielded. Sorrow, swift and bitter, followed. Crucified upon the cross of shame, she was deserted; remorse racked her heart and soul, and under her burden she sank, but intense suffering purified her in Love's Crucible and Love Saved her from the gulf that confronted her."

FLOUR SPECIAL
Self-Rising Flour in 6-lb bags. A handy package, which gives more profit. Send us your order.
Love & Woody
Wholesale Grocers.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

How Are Your Kidneys?
Just received a FRESH supply of Buffalo Lithia Water direct from Springs.
Putnam's Fadeless Dye—Black for all kinds of goods—Cotton, Wool, Silk or mixed.
Stamps for sale any time while the store is open. Put your nickle in the slot and out come your stamps.
Red Wing Insect Powder for Fleas, Mites, Flies, etc. Shoots itself. Price 10c per box.
Beautiful Tourista Toilet Cases —Rubber lined.
J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company
The Original QUALITY Drug Store

CYPRESS SHINGLES
100,000 No. 1-A, at $3.25 per M.
150,000 Cypress Culls, at $1.25.
40,000 four-inch XX, at $2.50.
Also a large and varied line of Groceries, Drugs and Extracts. Field Peas at a Low Price.
A. B. Croom, Jr. Company
226 N. Water Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

FOR SALE
Mixed Field or Cow
P-E-A-S
Suitable for Planting
$1.10 per Bushel
SAMUEL BEAR, Sr. & SONS
WILMINGTON, N. C.

BIJOU
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IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA AT WILMINGTON.

In the Matter of the Petition of Franco-Ottoman Shipping Company, Limited, as Owners of the Steamship "Cromwell" for Limitation of Liability.

Notice of Monition.

The President of the United States, To the Marshal of Said District:

Whereas, a libel or petition has been filed in the District Court of the United States, for the Eastern District of North Carolina, on the 29th day of November, 1915, by the Franco-Ottoman Shipping Company, owners of the Steamship "Cromwell," praying the decree of the Court that the said libellant is not liable for the loss and damage occasioned by the collision in the said Libel and Petition set forth, occurring on the Second day of January, A. D., 1914, on the Northeast Branch of the Cape Fear River, near Wilmington, between the said steamship "Cromwell" and the iron bridge of the Wilmington Railway Bridge Company, or any part thereof, and that the libellant and petitioner be declared entitled to the benefits of the provisions of the maritime law and of the statutes of the United States of America in such cases named; and,

Whereas, the said Court has authorized and directed that a stipulation be entered in the sum of $64,848.28 the alleged value of said petitioner's interest in said vessel and freight, which stipulation has been duly entered and filed in this Court; and,

Whereas, on the 31st day of May, 1916, the Court ordered that a Monition issue to all persons having claims by reason of the premises, citing them to appear before the said court to make proof of their claims, the same to be filed on or before the Twelfth day of September, A. D., 1916, with S. P. Collier, Deputy Clerk of the Court, at Wilmington, N. C., with liberty to libellants, or any other person in interest, to contest any claim so presented.

You are Therefore hereby commanded to cite all persons having, or pretending to have, claims for any loss, destruction, damage or injury occasioned by reason of the said collision, to be and appear before the said court at a session thereof, to be held in the District Court room, in the City of Wilmington, on the 12th day of September, 1916, at ten o'clock A. M. Then and there to answer the said libel or petition and make their allegations in that behalf; and on or before said day to make due proof of their respective claims before the said S. P. Collier, Deputy Clerk of the said Court, at his office in the City of Wilmington, with liberty of any party in interest to contest such claim; and what you have done in the premises do you there and then make return, together with this writ.

Witness the Honorable H. G. Connor, Judge of said Court at the City of Wilmington, in the Eastern District of North Carolina, this Second day of June, A. D., 1916.

(Seal) ALEX. L. BLOW, Clerk.
By S. P. COLLIER, Deputy Clerk.

je 3-14t-1aw-9-12

State of North Carolina; County of New Hanover. In the Recorder's Court.

W. R Thorpe and Company, Incorporated
vs.
J. E. Ellers.

Notice of Summons and Warrant of Attachment.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action was begun in the Recorder's Court of New Hanover County on the 2nd day of June, 1916, by the above named plaintiff to recover the sum of Two Hundred and Thirty-Three Dollars and Thirty-Seven cents ($233.37) due by non-payment of three notes payable to the order of W. B. Thorpe and Company, Incorporated, and signed by the defendant.

The defendant will further take notice that a warrant of attachment was issued from said Court on the 2nd day of June, 1916, against the property of said defendant, which warrant is returnable on the 3rd day of July, 1916, when and where the defendant is required to appear and answer or demurrer to the complaint or the relief demanded will be granted.

This the 2nd day of June, 1916.
W. H. NORTHROP, JR.
Dy. Clerk Recorder's Court.
je 3-4w.

BANKERS TO ASHEVILLE IN SPECIAL SLEEPING CAR.

For accommodation members North Carolina Bankers' Association attending Annual Convention, Asheville, N. C., June 14th to 16th, the Southern Railway ill operate Extra Pullman Sleeping Car from Raleigh. Car will leave Raleigh 2:30 A. M., Wednesday, 14th, arriving Asheville 2:40 P. M., same day. Car will be ready and open for occupancy at Raleigh at 9:00 P. M., Tuesday, June 13th.

For Pullman Reservations and other information in connection with the trip address the undersigned.

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J. O. JONES,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
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Attractive Low Round Trip Fares
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SOUTHERN RAILWAY
$17.45 GOLDSBORO, N. C., to LYTLE, Ga. (near Chattanooga), and return, account National Military Training Camp at Fort Oglethorpe. Tickets on sale during April, May, June, July and August. See ticket agent for limits and other information.
LOW ROUND TRIP FARES FROM ALL other points, on same basis.
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Excursion Fares

FROM WILMINGTON

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

To	Via All Rail.	Via Norfolk.
WASHINGTON	$16.00	$16.00
BALTIMORE	18.00	17.00
PHILADELPHIA	22.80	22.80
NEW YORK	26.00	26.00
BOSTON	——	30.50

Tickets on sale every day until Sept. 30, good to stop over; limited returning until Oct. 31.

$29.85—Detroit, Mich.
Account American Medical Association. Tickets on sale June 8, 9, and 10; limited returning June 21.

$35.55—St. Louis, Mo.,
Account National Democratic Convention. Tickets on sale June 9, 10, 11 and 12; limited returning June 25.

$35.10—Memphis, Tenn.
Account National B. Y. P. U. and Sunday School Congress. Tickets June 12 and 13; limited returning June 22.

$7.30—Chapel Hill, N. C.,
Account Summer School University of N. C. College. Tickets on sale June 12, 13, 14, 15 15, 17 and July 3 and 10; limited returning August 1.

$22.30—Philadelphia, Pa.,
Account Associated Advertising Clubs of the World. Tickets on sale June 22, 23 and 24, limited returning until June 5.

$10.15—Ashland, Va., and $10.35—Charlottesville, Va.,
Account Summer School, University of Virginia. Tickets on sale June 18 to 26, inclusive; limited returning 15 days after date of sale, except that tickets sold to Ashland may be extended to September 30 by depositing same and paying $1.00.

$18.60—Chattanooga, Tenn., and Lytle, Ga.,
Account National Military Training sale and limited returning as follows: July 2, limited August 10; July 3, limited August 11; July 4, limited August 12; July 5, limited August 13; July 9, limited August 13; July 10, limited August 13; July 11, limited August 13.

$14.80—Baltimore, Md.,
Account Grand Lodge Elks (B. P. O. E.). Tickets on sale July 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9; limited returning July 19.

$30.05—Buffalo, N. Y.,
Account Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Imperial Council. Tickets on sale July 8, 9 and 10, limited returning until July 23.

$20.50—Cincinnati, O.,
Account International Rotary Clubs' Convention. Tickets on sale July 14, 15 and 16; limited returning until July 25.

$20.25—Nashville, Tenn.,
Account Peabody College Summer School. Tickets on sale June 12, 14, 15, 16, 19 and 24; July 22 and 24; limited returning until 15 days after date of sale.

$10.90—Savannah, Ga.,
Account Grand Aerie, Fraternal Order of Eagles. Tickets on sale August 12, 13 and 14; limited returning until August 31.

Proportionate Fares from Other Points on the ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
'Phone 180.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.
Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

ST. LOUIS, MO. $35.55
On sale June 9, 10 and 11th; limited returning midnight June 25th.

ROCK HILL, S. C. $8.90
On sale June 12, 13, 16, 28, 29 and 30; limited returning midnight July 31st.

DETROIT, MICH. $29.85
On sale June 8, 9, 10; limited returning midnight June 21st.

BALTIMORE, MD. $14.80
On sale July 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9th; limited returning midnight July 19th.

CHAPEL HILL STATION, N. C. $7.30
On sale June 12 to 17th, and July 3, 10th; limited returning midnight August 1st.

ASHEVILLE, N. C. $14.05
BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C. $14.05
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C. $14.05
HICKORY, N. C. $10.85
EDGEMONT, N. C. $12.85
PINEOLA, N. C. $19.30
LENOIR, N. C. $11.85
Tickets on sale Daily until October 15th, limited returning Midnight October 31st

LAKE JUNALUSKA, N. C. $12.53
WAYNESVILLE, N. C. $12.53
On sale July 9 to 24; July 21 to 24, inclusive; July 28 to August 1, inclusive; August 6 to 9, inclusive; limited returning midnight, July 26, August 17 and 28th.

BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C. $9.90
RIDGE CREST, N. C. $9.90
On sale June 5, 6, 15, 16, 26, 27, 29 and 30th; July 6, 7, 13, 14, 20, 21 and 28; August 1, 4, 14, 15 and 22nd; limited returning midnight 17 days after date of sale.

NASHVILLE, TENN $20.25
On sale June 12, 14, 15, 16, 19, 24; July 20, 22 and 24th; limited returning 15 days from date of sale.

ASHLAND, VA $10.15
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA. $10.35
On sale June 18 to 26th; limited returning 15 days from date of sale; tickets can be extended payment $1.00.

CINCINNATI, OHIO $20.50
On sale July 14, 15 and 16th; limited returning Midnight July 25th.

VICKSBURG, MISS $36.75
On sale June 12, 13 and 14; limited returning midnight June 22nd.

KNOXVILLE, TENN $15.70
On sale June 18, 19, 20, 24, 25 and July 1, 2, 8 and 15th; limited returning midnight 15 days following date of sale.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. $82.70
On sale June 8 to 15; July 22 to 29; limit two months.

PORTLAND, ORE $94.05
On sale June 8 to 15; July 22 to 29, inclusive; limit, two months.

SAVANNAH, GA $18.90
On sale August 12, 13 and 14; limited returning midnight, August 31st.

BUFFALO, N. Y. $30.05
On sale July 8, 9 and 10; limited returning midnight July 23rd.

PHILADELPHIA, PA. $22.30
On sale June 22, 23 and 24; limited returning midnight July 5th.

LYTLE, GA. $18.60
(Near Chattanooga), and return, account National Military Training Camp at Fort Oglethorpe. Tickets on sale during April, May, June, July and August. See ticket agent for limits and other information.

For further information call Phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
mh23-tf

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
28-30 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

DECLARES TEDDY MAN OF THE HOUR

Preparedness the Paramount Issue of the Campaign, Says Progressive Keynoter.

RAYMOND ROBINS SPEAKS

Says Principle is Greater Than Party, and if Need be, Progressives Will Go on Alone, but Would Rather Re-Unite.

Chicago, June 7.—The keynote address of the Progressive party's national convention here today, delivered by Raymond Robins, of Chicago, as temporary chairman, asserted in vigorous terms:

1. That the Progressives will stand by the announcement made by the National committee last January that the party will join the Republicans if the latter nominates for president a man true to Progressive principles;

2. That the principle, however, is greater than the party, and if need be the Progressives will go on alone;

3. That preparedness is the paramount issue of the campaign; and

4. That Theodore Roosevelt is the man of the hour.

"What this country needs now is a MAN," announced Mr. Robins. In the course of his speech he said: "Now as we are met again in National convention there comes to us once more a common knowledge that in 1912 we 'sounded forth a trumpet that shall never call retreat.' And we know that we are here to write a record that shall witness alike to the faint hearted and the skeptical and to the great army still faithful to the cause, that our vision is yet undimmed and that our standards have not been furled.

"But the noblest common heritage of America is not her natural wealth nor are her best traditions found in the chronicles of her commercial greatness. We may well confess that under other flags, even under other national ideals, American ingenuity, industry, and courage might have achieved material welfare for all her people, and with her vast natural resources she might well have done away with that grinding poverty that is now unknown in many less favored lands. We may take just pride in the lesser achievements of our people in developing the physical resources of a continent, but not there lies the true greatness of America.

"Selfish business and politics never listed in the assets of America her most valuable possession, the priceless heritage which alone is worth the sacrificial cost of preparedness to defend against the world—her Democratic soul. In this time it should be all too plain that we stand alone among the great nations not dominated by the ideal of Caesar. We have our ruthless master men, confident of their right and ability to rule their fellows, but they do not rule us yet.

"We gather to determine our programme to meet the practical needs for national action in this time of havoc and horror in other lands. And it is well that we should approach our task with the vision of a better day. We may well resolve that no worse day, with havoc and horror in our midst, shall be known to us or to the coming generations and that we shall wisely plan to preserve in peace our great inheritance.

"A competent programme for national preparedness must comprehend and meet the social, economic, and spiritual needs of the people. Mere military preparedness alone is inadequate for the safeguarding of the nation's life, even in time of war. The final issue of the titanic struggle that now convulses Europe will be decided in the homes, workshops, fields, and laboratories of the peoples now at war. Any programme for national security in time of war that does not involve social and economic security in time of peace is false to the needs of the nation's life, and arouses suspicion as to the good faith or intelligence of its advocates.

"The great nations now at war have developed an organized co-operative industry, capable of economic production, unprecedented in the history of international commerce. To meet these new economic weapons in the markets of the world, American industrial life must undergo complete re-organization. The old wastes must be eliminated and the old methods transformed. America must be equipped to hold her share of the world's trade. The old log-rolling devices of special interests using tariff schedules as a public commission for private plunder are as destructive to national welfare as they are intolerable to the national conscience. We must speedily prepare to deal with these problems, particularly with that of the tariff, with a scientific non-partisan machinery of government, functioning for the commercial advantage of all the people.

"We believe that the need and opportunity of the time is such that personal differences, partisan bitterness and local prejudices should be surrendered to serve the nation's highest good. We should not be parted by mere names, however dear, nor by past resentments, however justified.

"But we should solemnly warn all those of an easy and accommodating political virtue that we will not surrender principle nor make unworthy compromise to gain a meaningless and selfish political victory. We would rather face possible defeat fighting for our cause than to seek assured victory through moral treason to those high principles and heroic souls that combined to make us the second party of this nation in 1912. The 4,200,000 voters who followed our leader and espoused our cause can be augmented to a majority more easily under united banners, but if need be the Progressive standard will go forward alone. We cannot believe that a rule or ruin faction will dominate the political machinery of the historic party of Lincoln and that they will prefer personal defeat and national degradation to acceptance of the foremost leadership of the nation. But in this day and hour it should be made plain that the choice is in our hands and that the judgment of the people will be upon our heads.

"We are ready to keep full and generous faith with the declaration of our National committee in January of the present year. But if our faith shall meet no response and we alone stand ready to meet the demands upon the patriotism of American political leadership, we shall not shirk the task. There are worse things than temporary defeat for great principles of human justice and moral truth.

"For our part we feel that in this solemn hour no motive of personal interest or party advantage will be tolerated to thwart the awakened conscience and intelligence of the American people.

"The Progressives stand for Americanism and preparedness. They stand for an Americanism which is not qualified by differences in blood or birth or creed. They stand for preparedness of the body and of the spirit, industrial and social as well as military, with universal service for the defense of the nation.

"In the midst of changing conditions, unparalleled in history, we cannot even forecast the problems that will confront America in the next four years. The chief issue today is one of leadership, the supreme need for a MAN. It has been said that every great movement in human affairs is incarnated in a living personality. This nation needs a leader in this hour whose abstract promises have been tested by concrete performance. Again, we will speak plainly.

"Would any disinterested patriot untouched with partisan prejudice or personal feeling hesitate long to name the leader best fitted to serve this cause? His name is on the lips of the nation. Two great parties claim him as their own. He was our leader in 1912. He was the leader of the Republican party for many years. He was President of our Nation for seven years. There is no man in America today who holds as he does alike the confidence of the American people and the ungrudging respect of every nation in the world. He has been a master politician, but he has refused ever to play politics with the destiny of his country. The American people are waiting for the leader, to be named here in Chicago. They want a leader whom they know and who speaks for them. They want firmness in our foreign affairs. They want certainty in stating and upholding the rights of American citizens. They want courage to announce a programme and tenacity to fight it through. There are millions of patriotic men and women straining eyes towards Chicago and praying that the two great parties in convention may unite upon a man who will get things done. They have been reading speeches on preparedness and notes on American rights for dreary months—only to learn at last that we have no rights except those we are able to enforce and that we are not now prepared to enforce, even the right of an American citizen to live within raiding distance of the Mexican border. We learn that more Americans have been killed in keeping peace with Mexico than were killed in fighting a war with Spain.

"It would be easy to denounce the present administration and the failures of the Democratic party to serve the national welfare and the international obligations of America. Criticism and denunciation are the commonplaces of political controversy. But we believe this hour is worthy of a nobler purpose and of a better method. We remember that there have been deeper problems and perplexities presented to our government in the past two years than at any time for half a century and that they were presented to men for the most part ill prepared in training or skill for such responsibility. Some of the responsibility for their errors is upon us all. It is for us to see that the future shall be better than the past and it is in that spirit rather than in one of partisan criticism that we approach the duties which lie before us.

"The nation waits for that leadership to come out of the Chicago conventions which will restore to ourselves and to the people of other nations that respect for the American government which is essential to the well being of a nation. It is no time for a divided opposition. It is no time for one party to offer to the other a partisan choice. It is a time when wise leaders will listen to the voices of the nation to choose their nominee. And those voices now repeat one name? If there was ever a call of the people it is sounding now."

RE-UNION OF PARTY IS HARDING'S PLEA

Says Country is "Wearied Afresh by a Disappointing" Democratic Administration.

ATTACKS FOREIGN POLICY

In Keynote Speech at Chicago He Appeals to Delegates to Forget Differences That Divided the Party in 1912.

Chicago, June 7.—With a plea for party re-union, for reconsecration rather than recrimination, United States Senator Warren G. Harding, of Ohio, in his address as temporary chairman opened the Republican National convention here today. Asserting that the country was "wearied afresh by a disappointing and distressing Democratic administration," and was calling for Republican relief, the speaker, before undertaking to discuss political issues, appealed to the delegates to forget the differences which divided the party in 1912.

Referring to the administration's foreign policy in the European war Senator Harding declared that it had spoken with more rhetoric than resolution. Mexican negotiations he described as the greatest fiasco in American foreign relations. He paid tribute to Americanism of foreign birth when brief reference to few zealots who would impugn the nation's neutrality and urged a fraternity of American Republics under the Monroe Doctrine. Advocating adequate national defense he charged the Democratic party with having interrupted Republican naval construction and he criticised the army re-organization bill. He also attacked the administration shipping bill, the effort made to extend indepencence to the Philippines, and made a plea for a return to the protective tariff.

"We did not do very well in making for harmony the last time we met," the chairman said in his appeal for harmony. "The country has regretted, let us forget—and make amends to our country. We did not divide over fundamental principles, we did not disagree over a national policy. We split over methods of party procedure and preferred personalities. Let us forget the differences, and find new inspiration and new compensation in an united endeavor to restore the country. * * *

"Republican principles are in a vast majority in this country—when the banners of harmony are unfurled. We have witnessed the comeback of our party in various states. We have seen the re-enlistment of those who believe in Republican doctrines, and victory has followed and rejoicing has attended. No apology has been asked, no foreswearing required. This is not the time for recrimination, it is the day of reconsecration.

"Rededicating here and now the Republican party to the progress and glory of the republic, let us bury party prefixes with the administration which our differences put in power. I do not believe there is a really reactionary Republican bearing credentials to this convention. If there is, he will depart, after our deliberations, solely and proudly a Republican, with heart aglow with the party spirit of 1916. And the welcome delegate who emphasizes his progressivism, is expected to do his part in making our party a reflex of the best thought and best intent of sincere committal to the uplift and progress of the American people, thereby strengthening party purpose instead of magnifying individual belief, and he, too, will find new rejoicing in being a Republican. No party can endure which is not progressive."

The world at war, preparedness and America's foreign relations served as the basis for the senator's first discussion of the issues. The enormity of the war in Europe, the tidal wave of distress and disaster, new wonders and new hindrances in commerce had utterly changed economic conditions, and "these have attended embarrassment in American foreign relations," he said "as difficult as those which the individual citizen experiences whose every neighbor is involved in deadly quarrel."

"Everything is abnormal except the depleted condition of the Federal Treasury, which is characteristic of Democratic control," he said, "and the facility of the administration for writing varied notes with effective notice." Amid these conditions, America, he asserted, had been singled out for leadership among the neutral powers "but the administration at Washington spoke with more rhetoric than resolution, and we came to realize that the warring powers soon came to know that the official American voice lacked the volume of determined expression that once demanded international heed, and we lacked the strength and confidence in our own defenses."

In the discussion of foreign relations the temporary chairman made particular reference to Americanism, to the course with Mexico and with Europe. Beginning with Americanism he traced it back to independence days when there were Americans from Great Britain, from Germany, from France, and Southern Europe who made a common cause. Since that time, he said, America's gates had swung inward to the foreign-born and "they are an inseparable and important and valued part of our American citizenship, and the few zealots of any origin who violate our neutrality do not, and can not, impugn the loyalty or the American patriotism of that great body which adds to the swelling chorus of 'My country 'tis of thee Sweet Land of Liberty.'"

Expressing reluctance to speak of the division of American sentiment relating to foreign affairs, Senator Harding discussed briefly the Mexican problem. "It must be said, for the truth's sake and clearer understanding, we have hungered in vain for that unflinching Americanism at Washington which is needed to exalt the American soul," he declared. "There is no geographic modification of American rights. They are the same in Mexico that they are on the high seas, they are the same in Europe that they are in Asia, and are sacred everywhere, and the American spirit demands their fullest protection.

"Whatever the ultimate solution may be, history will write Mexico as the title to the humiliating recital of the greatest fiasco in our foreign relations. Uncertainty, instability, Mexican contempt and waning self-respect will be recorded in every chapter, and the pitiable story of sacrificed American lives and the destruction of lawfully-held American property will emphasize the mistaken policy of watchful waiting and wobbling warfare.

"Under the pretext of non-interference the Democratic administration miserably meddled. In the name of peace that same administration encouraged revolution, and the cost of American sacrifices was charged to needless war on Huerta, where the real American expenditure required only the voice of authority demanding protection to American rights. The unbiased critic will recite that the Democratic administration first coddled Villa as a patriot, then chased him as a bandit."

Respecting America's course with Europe the temporary chairman asserted that no political party could draw a "variable chart for our ship of state amid Europe's warring ambitions."

"Justice," he continued, "points the way through the safe channel of neutrality. There are dangers, seeming or real, looming on every side, but we should feel secure along the course marked by international law and our own conscientious convictions of American rights. 'Straight ahead' shall be the command, and when peace comes the sober judgment of the world will exalt us ever higher and higher as a people strong in heart and noble in the espousal of justice and justice's humanity. In that world-wide respect and confidence which needs only to be preserved, we shall have a lofty place in the great reconstruction, and we reasonably may hope to see this mighty republic again ministering to the reestablishment of peace and all its precious blessings."

In connection with foreign affairs the senator also discussed widened relationships of the United States declaring that if this government is to urge the world's attention to international justice and to become the agency of a progressive civilization it "must assume the responsibilities of influence and example and accept the burdens of enlarged participation. The cloistered life is not possible to the potential man or the potential nation. Moreover, the Monroe doctrine, stronger for a century's maintenance, fixes an obligation of new-world sponsorship and old-world relationship. Our part must not be dictatorial, it must be trusted leadership in a fraternity of American republics."

The senator declared America had been dwelling in fancied rather than real security and should heed the "warning in bleeding Europe." Republicans, he said, believed in adequate national defense. The Democratic party, he insisted, interrupted when the Republicans were building to high rank among the naval powers.

"I shall not say that it is ours to have the greatest navy in the world," said the senator, "but noting the elimination of distance and the passing of our one-time isolation, we ought to have a navy that fears none in the world, and can say anytime and anywhere—these are American rights and must be respected."

"There are manifest differences about our developments for military defense," he continued. "The President made a trip from the coast to the valley of the Missouri to tell the American people the need of preparedness. It might have been more seemly to tell the story to Congress, for that body was in session and empowered to act, and seemingly ever ready to testify obedience. However, Congress undertook to provide an army for defense and the majority wobbled between pacification and preparedness until the Republican minority in the Senate put something real in the pending measure. We Republican made a rational response to the call of the land, but Democratic insufficiency and inefficiency are recorded in the conference-amended act, and a federal nitrate plant to supply powder to the patriots and pap to the paternalists and federal fertilizer to the farmers in competition with private enterprise is the great constructive offering of a Democratic majority."

America, the senator said, proclaimed justice and loved peace, "and we are not too proud to fight for them."

Turning to economics the senator pleaded for a return to the protective tariff policy. He chose, he said, "the economic policy which sends the American workingmen to the savings banks rather than the soup houses."

"No one," the senator said, "disputes a temporary prosperity in our land today. But it is sectional in its factory aspect ,abnormal in its fevered rush, fictitious in its essentials and perverting in its tendency. Worse, it is the gold sluiced from the river of blood, poured out by the horrifying socrifice of millions of our fellowmen. God forbid that we should boast a prosperity wrought in such waste of human life. We had rather rejoice in the prosperity of peace."

For today C. H. Fore & Co., will offer 200 yards $1.00 Pongee Silk, 69c per yard. (advertisement.)

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Use Like Cold Cream to Take Out Redness and Clear the Skin.

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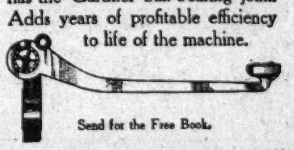

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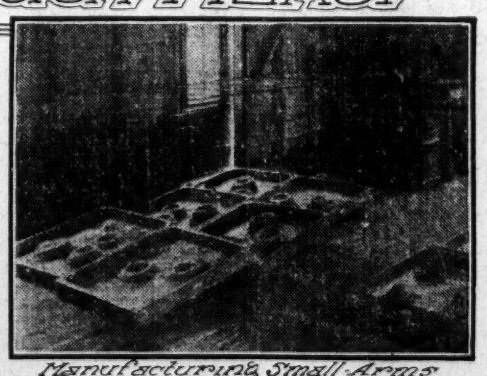
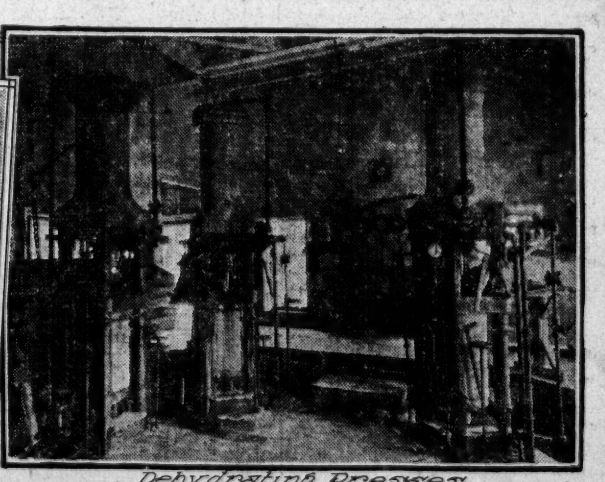
Our Military and Naval Establishments Have Their Own Powder Plants — Making Shot and Shell — Testing Gun Charges Under Exacting Conditions.

BY WALDON FAWCETT.



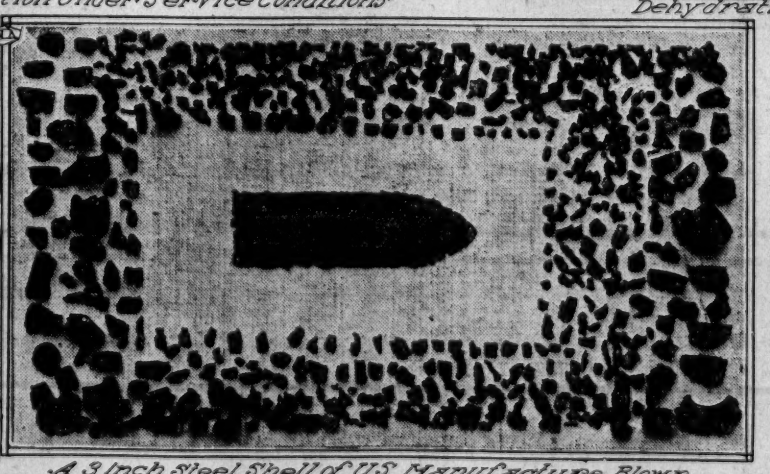
Manufacturing Small-Arms Powder

Testing U.S. Government Made Ammunition Under Service Conditions



Dehydrating Presses

Making Gun Cotton



A 3 Inch Steel Shell of U.S. Manufacture Blown (in a Test) Into 2378 Pieces

It may or may not be true, as the old adage argues that money makes the mare go, but there is no question that it is ammunition that puts "pep" in preparedness. It is the supreme essential. A nation with plenty of powder might make bombs of tomato cans and do deadly execution, but a nation with guns and no shot and shell—perish the thought.

As the people of the United States have been brought face to face with the issue of "preparedness" it has gradually dawned upon many persons who never thought of it that way before, that in the event of war it would be vastly more important for Uncle Sam to have an ample reserve supply of ammunition in his magazines than a bulk of gold coin in his strong boxes. Uncle Sam's credit might be good if he hadn't the coin to pay cash for his purchases, but it requires time to manufacture ammunition.

Uncle Sam in the Munitions Business.

Aside from the paramount consideration of laying by some extra ammunition for a noisy day the most interesting feature of the present situation is that which discloses Uncle Sam looming up in the role of ammunition maker. Incidentally, this angle has direct bearing on the most hotly contested point in the dispute over preparedness. The citizens of the republic who don't believe in laying out vast sums in preparation for war will tell you, the minute conversation on the subject starts, that this whole preparedness agitation has been engineered by the American firms that manufacture munitions.

Now the interesting question is as to what these ready debaters will say when it comes about that Uncle Sam is in a position to manufacture all his own "handle with care" supplies. Within a few months now the U. S. Navy Department will have completed extensions of its great plant at Indian Head, Maryland, on the Potomac river that will place it in a position to manufacture all the powder needed for our warships. The Government has a lusty "infant industry" in torpedo manufacture; new projectile factories are proposed if Congress will loosen the purse strings.

A Big Saving in Cost.

Thrift is an influence that is pushing the Government into the field of ammunition making. Here is a grain of comfort for the taxpayer who does not believe that the way to preserve peace is to be prepared for war. At any rate he can have the consolation of knowing that just in so far as Uncle Sam makes his own war material will money be saved to the public that pays, over any plan of purchasing in the open market. In proof of the economy of Government ammunition making, take the case of powder.

Just before the outbreak of the Spanish-American war the Government was paying the fancy price of $1 per pound for all its smokeless powder and during and after our brush with Spain we paid 80 to 85 cents a pound to the private companies from which the supply was obtained. In the face of continual protests, approaching a public scandal, the price gradually went down to 69 cents. Then Congress made a thorough investigation and as a result fixed 53 cents per pound as all the Government would pay. This past year Uncle Sam has been making smokeless powder at Indian Head—not a sparse quantity, but a total of nearly 4,000,000 pounds—at a cost of less than 25 cents per pound.

As a matter of fact the brief history of the Indian Head ammunition plant is the one big object lesson that is encouraging Uncle Sam to take up the manufacture of all sorts of war munitions. It was only in 1900 that the Government began to make powder at the establishment on the lower Potomac and then operations were inaugurated on a comparatively modest scale. Yet, at present, this modern manufactory, thanks to appropriations by the last Congress, is in a position to meet the powder calls of the Navy and may still further be "speeded up" if it is decided to spend as proposed this year the sum of $8,000,000 for reserve munitions. But for all this achievement, Thomas A. Edison, the famous inventor, and an earnest advocate of peace, said, after a recent visit to Indian Head that he would favor doubling the capacity of the big Federal powder mill.

No Longer a Novice.

Ever hear of an acid test? Well, here goes for a story of one that proves that Uncle Sam if not yet entitled to rank as a veteran in ammunition manufacture is no longer in the apprentice class. Mixed acid is one of the essentials in the manufacture of smokeless powder. Uncle Sam has been buying his acid in the open market. Lately the purveyors of acid have boosted the price—account of the war, you know, same as tea and tires—from three cents per pound to nearly seven cents per pound. Whereupon our Federal powder-makers have gotten busy with the result that they have discovered that they can manufacture their own acid at a cost of 3 cents per pound or less and can, in one year, save the Government more than one-third of a million dollars or enough to install the acid-making plant.

A parallel case is found in torpedo manufacture, but how the Government is making its own torpedoes at the rate of more than four hundred a year would make a whole story in itself. The manufacture of mines, too, mines of both the anchored and tactical types, is an interesting "side line" in the Federal munitions industry. But when we bear in mind that a $15,000,000 dreadnaught becomes a mere worthless, floating hulk the minute her ammunition is exhausted is it any wonder that the powers that be at Washington are most concerned about the "main chance" in munitions. That is why the loud cry to Congress is for a bigger "reserve" of large shells and other munitions that require months to manufacture.

The Army, alike to the Navy, has some busy little experimenters who are always going after "something new" in the ammunition line and the best of these inventive sharks have not been lured by the offers of fancy salaries made by the managers of private munition plants. Recently—to illustrate the tireless effort — the military experts at the Frankford Arsenal have conducted experiments and developed a method of manufacturing cartridge cases of steel that would prove most valuable in an emergency. Another novelty lately produced is a small-arms "ammunition pack."

Making Munitions For Our Army.

Not to have all the eggs in one basket is considered in many respects an advantage and this is the policy that Uncle Sam follows in providing army ammunition. The responsibility for providing projectiles is apportioned among a number of Government arsenals located in different sections of the country, whereas at the Picatinny Arsenal is located the Army powder factory and high explosive factory. Not to burden the reader with too many figures it may be noted that at the above-mentioned plant the Government last year expended one and three-quarter million dollars in making more than a million pounds of cannon powder and 76,000 pounds of high explosive.

The pride of our war officials just now is the new plant at the Watertown Arsenal for the manufacture of armor-piercing projectiles for seacoast guns and mortars. Here the chief output is 12-inch deck-piercing projectiles but just to show its versatility the establishment also turns out upon demand mobile artillery shells, shrapnel cases and target-practice projectiles—this last an important class of munitions that must be used up at a rapid rate in time of peace if the men behind the guns are to make good in time of war. A nifty little specialty that is being produced at Watertown is the "night tracer," which can be attached to the shrapnel ammunition for 3-inch field guns and which in action serves to indicate to the gunners what they are doing when firing at night.

Hand Grenades and Aeroplane Guns.

Newspaper readers who have been thrilled with accounts of all the new-fangled forms of ammunition that have been introduced this past couple of years in the Old World need not worry but what Uncle Sam is right up-to-date in turning out the latest fashions in munitions from his own plants. At Frankford Arsenal, for example, much work has been done this past twelvemonth in the production of hand grenades, light bombs (for illumination in the event of night attacks), etc. And while Yankee ingenuity has been exercised to devise special types of guns for shooting down hostile aircraft, our busy little ammunition makers have been storing up for future use "the best ever" bombs to be dropped from aeroplane, flying the Stars and Stripes. Nor is there any secret that at Frankford singular success has been attained with bombs manufactured from shrapnel cases.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON ADVANCES SHARPLY

Various Reports as to War and Crop Situation Causes Selling Movement —Market is Steady.

New York, June 7.—There was a sharp advance on the cotton market during today's late trading with October contracts selling from 12.86 to 13.00 and closing at 12.96. The general list closing steady at a net advance of 11 to 15 points. Vague rumors of favorable war developments were circulating on the advance, but lacked confirmation and the demand was more generally attributed to covering on unfavorable weather conditions, reports of a more active spot demand in the southwest and the failure of the favorable weekly weather summary to bring out heavier offerings. Liverpool made a steady showing and the market here opened firm at an advance of 6 to 11 points. After reactions of 2 or 4 points the market steadied up with active months selling 9 to 12 points higher. After the close abroad the volume of business tapered off and prices turned a shade easier. July contracts sold off to 12.72 and December to 13.02 or back to within 2 or 3 points of last night's closing figures. The market firmed up again during the afternoon. The increased imports of goods from Great Britain for May and a belief that easier freights will stimulate the movement of raw material from this country probably encouraged the advance while there was also some talk of unfavorably low temperatures and rather heavy rains at some points in the eastern and Central belts. Prices reached the best point in the late trading when July sold at 12.85 and December at 13.16. The close was a few points off from the best under realizing. Exports were 11,131 bales making 5,110,945 this season. Port receipts 11,899. United States port stocks 995,544.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July	.1276	12.85	12.72	12.82
October	.12.89	13.00	12.86	12.96
December	.13.06	13.13	13.02	13.13
January	.13.14	1325	13.08	13.20
March	.13.27	13.39	13.23	13.35

Spot cotton steady; middling uplands 12.90; sales 1,500 bales.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Oleans—Middling, 12.69; receipts, 1,552; sales, 1,480; stock, 244,300.

Galveston—Middling, 13.15; receipts, 4,052; sales, 4,481; stock, 195,242.

Mobile—Middling, 12.63; receipts, 439; sales, 50; stock, 19,750.

Savannah—Middling, 12.63; receipts, 1,704; sales, 979; stock, 125,456.

Charleston—Middling, 12¼; receipts, 11; stock, 48,789.

Wilmington — Middling, 12¼; stock, 70,915.

Norfolk — Middling, 12.75; receipts, 972; sales, 1,653; stock, 68,713.

Baltimore—Stock, 5,708.

Boston—Middling, 12.80; receipts, 60; stock, 8,200.

Philadelphia — Middling, 13.15; exports, 1,419; stock, 426.

New York—Middling, 12.90; exports, 6,603; sales, 1,500; stock, 201,117.

Minor Ports—Receipts, 9,311; exports, 9,429; stock, 14,666.

Total today—Receipts, 18,101; exports, 17,451; stock, 1,003,282.

Total for week—Receipts, 57,226; 109,196.

Total for season—Receipts, 7,140,489; exports, 5,119,690.

Interior Movement.

Houston — Middling, 13.10; receipts, 409; shipments, 850; sales, 900; stock, 62,329.

Memphis — Middling, 13.00; receipts, 634; shipments, 808; sales, 750; stock, 109,514.

Augusta — Middling, 12.44; receipts, 165; shipments, 1,007; sales, 662; stock, 85,528.

St. Louis—Middling, 12¾; receipts, 1,282; shipments, 1,247; stock, 14,185.

Cincinnati — Receipts, 1,228; shipments, 241; stock, 11,457.

Little Rock—Middling, 12.88; shipments, 242; stock, 16,521.

Dallas—Middling, 12.60.

Montgomery—Middling, 12.37.

Total today—Receipts, 3,818; shipments 4,395; stock 299,534.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, June 7. — Cotton: Spot, easier; good middling, 8.60; middling, 8.44; low middling, 8.26; sales, 8,000; 500 for speculation and export. Receipts, 12,000. Futures, very steady. June, 8:23; June-July, 8:18½; July-August, 8.15½; August-September, 8.09; September-October, 8.00; October-November, 7.92½; November-December, 7.87; December-January, 7.84½; January-February, 7.82½; February-March, 7.81½; March-April, 7.80½; April-May, 7.79½; May-June, 7.78½; June-July, 7.78½.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, June 7. — Mercantile paper, 3¼. Sterling: Sixty day bills, 4.72¾; demand, 4.75¾; cables, 4.76½. Bar silver, 66⅝. Mexican dollars, 51½; government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, firm. Time loans, firm; sixty days, 2¾@3; ninety days, 3@3¼;; six months, 3¼@3½. Call money, firm; ruling rate, 3½.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, June 7. — Cotton goods were generally quiet today. Yarns were firm. Knit goods for spring were active. Converters are beginning to clean up their lots of wash goods and white goods.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Prices Advance on Report That Germans Are Retreating From Verdun.

New Orleans, June 7.—After standing at a small advance today cotton bulged sharply late in the afternoon on a rumor that the Germans were retreating from Verdun and the market closed at a net gain of 11 to 12 points. The highest levels were 11 to 14 points up. Trading was moderate with the bulls having the best of it.

In the early afternoon the unexpected rise of 6 points in spot prices gave them an added advantage. Around the opening the market was inclined to do better on the good cables and fear of too much rain. The gain was held to five points, however. At the middle of the day the market was at its lowest levels, a net rise of 1 to 3 points. In the afternoon the advance was rapid within moderate limits.

Closing bid: July 12.70; October 12.79; December 12.92; January 13.03; March 13.18. Spot cotton steady six points up, sales on the spot 980 bales, to arrive 500.

WHEAT IS FORCED DOWNWARD

Reports of German Military Reverses Taken as Pretext for Selling Drive—Close Was Weak.

Chicago, June 7. — Reports of German military reverses were taken as a pretext for a selling drive today in the wheat market here. As a result, the market closed weak, 1 to 1⅛c. net lower, with July at 1.04⅝@⅝, and September at 1.06⅝.

Corn finished at the same as yesterday's wind up; oats 1-8 to 1-4c off and provisions at an advance of 20c. to 57½c.

Closing:

Wheat — July, 1.04⅝; September, 1.06⅝.

Corn—July, 70½; September, 69⅝.

Oats—July, 39⅝; September, 38½.

Pork—July, 21.20; September, 20.90.

Lard—July, 12.47; September, 12.60.

Ribs—July, 12.40; September, 12.50.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.06; No. 3, red, 1.01@1.02½; No. 2, hard, 1.05¼@1.05; No. 3, hard, 1.02@1.03⅞.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, 71½@73; No. 4, yellow, 70@71.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, Georgetown, C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 3,288 tons, Hoilasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.) 2,87> tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)
STAR OFFICE, June 7.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—39½c.

ROSIN—$4.60, $4.45.

TAR—$2.20-10½.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$3.50, $3.50, $2.50.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 38 3-4c; rosin, $2.60; tar, $1.60-7½c.; crude turpentine, $2.50, $2.50, $1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine ..... (—)
Rosin ..... (—)
Tar 6½
Crude Turpentine 2

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 7 casks; rosin, 57 barrels; tar, 69 barrels; crude turpentine, 7 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—12¼c.; quotations same day last year, 8½c.

Receipts—(—) bales; same day last year, 6 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 198,027 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 272,878 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., June 7th.

Atlantic Coast Line—6½ barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—6½ barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, June 7.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 50c per bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—$1.00.

CORN—$1.90 to $1.95 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 9c. to 11c.; good demand.

PORK—Small, 8@10c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 17c.; first class, 28c.

HIDES—Green salt, 13c. to 14c.; dry, flint, 17@20c per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 18c.; sides and shoulders, 14c. to 15c. per pound, good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 50c. to 55c.; spring, 20c. to 30c. head. Geese, 35c to 40c per head. Ducks, 35c to 50c owing to quality. Turkeys, 18c per lb. alive.; 20c to 22c dressed.

EGGS—18c. and 19c. dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, June 7. — North Carolina Peanuts—Market, steady. Fancy hand picked, 70c; No. 1 machine picked, 65c per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts—Market, steady. Jumbos, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, machine picked, 50c per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Market steady; No. 1, small, machine picked, 80c; Jumbos, 75c per bushel.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., June 7.—Spanish—Farmers' stock—Market firm. Cleaners offering, $1.05; holders asking, $1.10 per bushel.

Virginias—Farmers' stock—Market, firm. Jumbo, 4c per lb.; Fancy hand picked, 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; Shelling stock, 2½c. to 3c. per lb.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, June 7. — Urgent demand from shorts in nearby deliveries inspired in part by the pronounced strength in lard served to advance cotton oil; final prices being 9 to 17 points higher for old and 2 to 7 net higher for new crop months. Sales, 7,900. The market closed steady. Spot, 11.03@11.20; June, 11.02@11.10; July, 10.90@10.93; April, 10.90@10.93; September, 10.90@10.92; October, 10.02@10.03; November, 9.21@9.23; December, 9.08@9.10; January, 9.10@9.12.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 7. — Hogs—Strong. Bulk, 9.15@9.35; light, 9.60@9.25; mixed, 8.80@9.40; heavy, 8.80@9.40; rough, 8.80@8.95; pigs, 6.75@8.20.

Cattle — Strong. Native beef cattle, 8.00@11.30; western steers, 8.50@9.50; stockers and feeders, 6.00@8.90; cows and heifers, 3.75@9.60; calves, 8.25@11.75.

Sheep — Firm. Wethers, 7.00@8.25; ewes, 4.85@7.85; lambs, 7.75@10.40; springs, 8.25@11.40.

RAILS STRONGEST FEATURES

Wall Street Turns its Attention to Events at Chicago—Motors Weak —Marines Grow Strong.

New York, June 7.—Impending political developments were responsible for the pronounced curtailment of speculative developmnets were responsible for the pronounced curtailment of speculative activity today, the financial community focusing its attention upon events in Chicago. Rails were the strongest features and gave the market such foundation as it really possessed. Norfolk and Western made a further advance of 2 3-8 to the new high price of 137 5-8, Canadian Pacific, Reading was the conspicuous feature of the dull final hour, showing an extreme gain of four points.

Automobile stocks were under the adverse influence of additional liquidation, Chandler Motors scoring an extreme decline of 6 1-2 points. Mercantile Marine preferred, most active issue of the sesion, indicated the disappointment felt at the reputed terms of reorganization but developed marked strength just before the close when United Fruit rose buoyantly to the new maximum of 166 3-4.

Harvester issues featured the inactive industrials. Stocks like the tobaccos, International Paper common and preferred, Woolworth and Kayser recorded substantial gains in light transactions. Aside from United States Smelting which rose to a new record for its advance to 79 1-8, Coppers and th emetal group were apathetic. United States Steel was inclined to withstand pressure and Mexicans were a negligible factor throughout.

Bonds were firm with buoyancy in Norfolk and Western 4 1-2s at 137 1-2, and a new high for Marine 4 1-2s at 105. Total sales of bonds, par value aggregated $3,160,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers	26⅝
American Beet Sugar	82
American Can	55¾
American Car and Foundry	59¾
American Cotton Oil	B. 52¼
American Locomotive	70⅝
American Smelting	98¼
American Sugar	110¾
American Tel and Tel	129⅞
American Tobacco	204½
American Zinc	85
Anaconda Copper	84
Atchison	105½
Atlantic Coast Line	116½
Baldwin Locomotive	89½
Baltimore and Ohio	91⅞
Bethlehem Steel	435
Canadian Pacific	176⅝
Central Leather	54
Chesapeake ⅞ Ohio	64⅝
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	98½
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry	20¼
Consolidated Gas	139
Corn Products	18⅜
Crucible Steel	84¼
Erie	38⅞
General Electric	170
Great Northern, pfd	121¾
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	37½
Goodrich	77⅞
Illinois Central	107½
Int. Mer. Marine, pfd., ctfs	95¾
Kansas City Southern	26½
Lehigh Valley	83
Louisville and Nashville	133¾
Liggett and Meyers	245
Lorillard Co	217½
Maxwell Motors	85½
Missouri, Kans. and Tex., pfd	11
Missouri Pacific	6
Mexican Petroleum	108½
National Lead	66½
New York Central	106
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	61½
Norfolk and Western	136
Northern Pacific	114⅝
Pennsylvania	58¼
Reading	105½
Rep. Iron and Steel	46½
Seaboard Air Line	16
Seaboard Air line, pfd	B. 38
Sloss-Sheff. Steel and Iron	B. 52
Studebaker Corporation	138½
Southern Pacific	98¾
Southern Railway	23¾
Southern Railway, pfd	69¼
Tennessee Copper	43
Texas Co	190
Texas and Pacific	11
Union Pacific	138⅛
United Fruit	166¾
United States Rubber	56
United States Steel	84¼
United States Steel, pfd	117⅝
Utah Copper	81⅝
Virginia Caro Chem	41½
Va. Iron, Coal and Coke	50
Wabash, pfd "B" Ctfs	28¼
Western Union	94⅝
Westinghouse Electric	60⅜

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, June 7. — Beeves — Steady. Steers, 8.25@10.50; bulls, 6.00@9.25; cows, 4.00@8.00.

Calves — Weak. Veals, 9.00@12.50; culls, 7.00@8.50; skim milk calves, 7.00@8.00.

Sheep and Lambs — Steady. Sheep, 5.00@6.50; culls, 4.00@4.50; lambs, 11.00@12.00.

Hogs—Lower. Light to heavy, 9.25@9.80; roughs, 8.50.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, June 7. — Sugar—Raw, quiet; centrifugal, 6.27; molasses, 5.50; refined, quiet.

Butter—Firmer.

Cheese—Steady.

Coffee—Spot, easy; Rio, No. 7, 9½; Santos, No. 4, 10⅝.

Tax Listing

A number of Tax Payers have not yet listed. Those failing to list Poll are guilty of a Misdemeanor and subject to indictment.

Real estate not listed is taxed 25% higher.

The undersigned Listers are at the Court House daily from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., except on Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 7 to 9 P. M.

There Will be No Listing After June 30.

WALTER RUTLAND,
B. F. KING,
Tax Listers.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

June 8, 1916.

Meteorological data for the day ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 70 degrees; at 8 P. M., 78 degrees; maximum, 84 degrees; minimum, 63 degrees; mean, 74 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 1.14 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, 1.68 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 7 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Probably fair Thursday and Friday.

CAPE FEAR RIVER RISING.

Raleigh, N. C., June 7.—Rainfall of two to four inches in upper Cape Fear river will cause rise rapidly to stage of about 34 feet at Fayetteville by Thursday afternoon or Friday morning.

DENSON.

The Port Calendar, June 8, 1916.

Sun rises ..... 5:00 A. M.
Sun sets ..... 7:22 P. M.
Day's length ..... 14 hrs. 22 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	2:56	3:38	10:31	10:46
Southport	12:19	12:58	7:08	7:27
Masonboro Inl	12:08	12:47	6:48	7:07

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS
June 7, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P.M.
Abilene	pt cldy	74	62	.22
Asheville	cldy	70	58	.10
Atlanta	cldy	76	60	.0
Augusta	cldy	82	60	1.12
Baltimore	cldy	60	—	.50
Birmingh.	cldy	74	60	.0
Boston	cldy	62	52	.0
Charleston	cldy	90	66	.12
Charlotte	cldy	78	62	.28
Chicago	rain	52	50	2.42
Galveston	clear	80	70	1.16
Jacksonv.	cldy	94	76	.01
Memphis	pt cldy	74	60	.0
Mobile	cldy	82	74	.04
Montgom'y	cldy	84	68	.0
New Orl.	cldy	84	76	.24
New York	rain	58	56	1.20
Oklahoma	clear	76	58	.0
Palestine	cldy	70	62	1.04
Pittsburg	cldy	62	58	.46
Raleigh	clear	80	64	1.44
Savannah	cldy	92	66	.04
Shreveport	clear	74	66	.12
St. Louis	pt cldy	72	56	.0
Washing'n	pt cldy	64	58	1.02

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, June 7. — Turpentine, firm, 40@40½; sales, 602; receipts, 12.25; shipments, —; stock, 57,693.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 6.78; receipts, 478; shipments, —; stock, 12,784. Quote: A, B, 4.85; C, D, E, 5.00; F, 5.02½; G, H, 5.07½@5.10; I, 5.10; K, 5.30; M, 5.35; N, 5.49@5.50; W G, 5.75; W W, 6.00.

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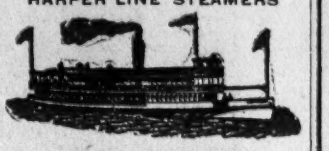

SUMMER SCHEDULE.
Effective June 4th, 1916.
DAILY

Leaves Wilmington for Carolina Beach and Southport, 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.

Leaves Southport, 11:45 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.

Leaves Carolina Beach Pier 6 P. M.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE:

Leaves Southport, 11:30 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.

Leaves Carolina Beach Pier 12:30 and 6:00 P. M.

Please ship freight on 9:00 o'clock boat.

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1000 sacks 7½ per cent. Cotton Seed Meal.

500 sacks Cremo Feed Cotton Seed Meal.

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500 sacks Nitrate Soda.

5000 lbs. Paris Green.

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The Saguenay	Canadian Rockies
Quebec	Lake Louise
Montreal	Vancouver
Lake Champlain	Glacier National Park
Lake George	Yellowstone National Park
Ausable Chasm	Grand Canyon of Arizona
St. Lawrence	Salt Lake City
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DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS.
No. 90 3:40 A.M. Daily except Sunday	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Daily except Monday
No. 51. 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M. and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. 12:20 A.M. Daily.
No. 64. 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations	No. 65. 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48. 7:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Parlor car, Wilmington to Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.	Daily. No. 49. 6:05 P.M.
No. 52. 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. 8:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62. 3:25 P.M. Daily.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 85. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmintogn, August and Atlanta. Pullman cars between Florence and Columbia.	No. 84. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 59. 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs. and Sat. only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations	No. 60. 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. only.
No. 42. 6:45 P.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41 9:50 A.M. Daily.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
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WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1916

WEEK - DAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
6.15 A. M.	6.05 A. M.
6.55 A. M.	7.10 A. M.
7.25 A. M.	7.40 A. M.
8.00 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until	8.15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
5.30 P. M.	5.45 P. M.
6.10 P. M.	6.20 P. M.
6.30 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until	6.50 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11.00 P. M.	11.45 P. M.
12.10 A. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington, and at Lumina.

BUSINESS MEN'S EXPRESS

Leaving Lumina daily, except Sunday, at 7:40 A. M., leaving Front and Princess streets daily, except Saturday and Sunday, at 6:10 P. M., stopping at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
6.00 A. M.	7.05 A. M.
9.30 A. M.	12.15 P. M.
3.30 P. M.	6.15 P. M.
7.00 P. M.	8.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

SUNDAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
7.00 A. M.	6.40 A. M.
8.30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until	7.45 A. M. 9.15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11.00 P. M.	11.45 P. M.
12.10 A. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
11.00 A. M.	12.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open 10 to 11 A. M.
Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

J. B. McCABE & CO.,
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GEORGETOWN, S. C.

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Steamship Cherokee, Mon., June 12th.
Steamship Cherokee, Fri., June 23rd.

WILMINGTON TO GEORGETOWN.
Steamship Cherokee, Wed., June 14th.
Steamship Cherokee, Sun., June 25th.

WILMINGTON TO NEW YORK.
Steamship Cherokee, Thurs., June 8th.
Steamship Cherokee, Mon., June 19th.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

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DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:

No. 13—3:55 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR, WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.

THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN SERVICE WILMINGTON TO ATLANTA — ALL STEEL CARS. ON FRIDAYS, THROUGH SLEEPER TO BIRMINGHAM.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE. Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT WILMINGTON:

No. 14—12:40 P. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON.

THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN SERVICE ATLANTA TO WILMINGTON — ALL STEEL CARS. THROUGH SLEEPER FROM BIRMINGHAM SATURDAY.

No. 20—12:10 A. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON. PASSENGERS MAY REMAIN IN SLEEPER UNTIL 7:00 A. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Building. 'Phone 178.

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NOTICE

Now is the Time to buy Fruit Jars. We have Ball Bros.' Mason Jars, with zinc caps, any size.

We will make Special Prices now on Evaporated Peaches.

Just received, large lot extra fancy Rose Rice, which can offer at attractive price.

Request quotations before too late.

McNair & Pearsall

NO STATEWIDE SECOND PRIMARY ANTICIPATED

Judge Manning Has Big Lead Over All; Sinclair Second.

State Board of Elections Waiting for Returns from Forty Counties Yet—Eight Sentenced to Atlanta Prison.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., June 7. — Members of the State Board of Elections are all here waiting to perform their official duties in the canvass of the Statewide primary returns, but they are coming in so slow that the members of the board have to spend their time in comparative idleness. The official returns are in from only sixty of the counties, leaving forty yet to be heard from. The missing returns are straggling in, a few in almost every mail now, but it is likely to be Friday or Saturday before the total votes for the State officers will be available.

It is stated now, positively, however, that there will be no second Statewide primary for any purpose, the only second primaries to be pulled off being those for Congress in the Sixth, between Godwin and Brown, and in the Seventh between Robinson and U. L. Spence.

The returns as to the vote for attorney general, which are now complete from 71 counties, give Judge J. S. Manning a majority of 2,500 over all three competitors. It has been thought that Edmund Jones was second best in the contest, but it appears now that N. A. Sinclair is leading Jones. It seems settled that the lead Judge Manning will have over his closest competitor will eliminate the possibility of any second primary being demanded, even though Judge Manning should not be found to have an actual majority of the votes cast in the primary.

During the term of the United States court, just adjourned here, Judge Henry G. Connor sentenced eight prisoners to terms in the Federal prison at Atlanta, and the commitments have just been made out for Marshal W. T. Dortch to send them to Atlanta to begin their sentences.

PROGRESSIVES TURBULENT; REPUBLICANS VERY CALM

(Continued From Page One.)

der. Paraphrasing a remark made by the late President McKinley, this is a year—whatever may have been true of past years—when politics is patriotism and patriotism is politics. Therefore the audience will please rise aand sing two verses of America."

The Convention Opens.

The band launched into the air and, led by a male quartette, the floor and galleries joined in a mighty chorus. There was a moment of confusion as the delegates found their seats again and then the Rev. John Timothy Stone, of Chicago, read a prayer. The big audience remained seated at his request.

Secretary Reynolds then read the call for the convention, which was published last December. The delegates talked and moved about while Mr. Reynolds read. Mr. Hilles then presented Senator Harding, of Ohio, as temporary chairman and put the question. A rolling chorus of "ayes" swept the hall and former Senator Crane, Senator Borah, of Idaho, and former Representative W. B. McKinley were appointed a committee to escort Mr. Harding to the platform. The Idaho delegation announced that Senator Borah was unavoidably absent, so Mr. Crane and Mr. McKinley marched up with Mr. Harding. His appointment was the signal for the first genuine outburst, but it was brief and he plunged into his prepared speech, appealing for harmony, counselling the delegates that it was not a time for "recrimination, but a day of reconsecration."

Scores Democratic Administration.

He spoke more than an hour, referring seldom to his manuscript and interrupted frequently by applause and cheers as he scored the Democratic administration for inefficiency, incapacity and extravagance and declared the party's allegiance to protective tariff and national defense. He closed with a peroration on Americanism and Republicanism, which was marked with applause lasting less than a minute. The delegates rose to their feet and some cheered. Some hats were thrown in the air and there was some waving of handkerchiefs, but the delegates quieted quickly and the temporary chairman recognized speakers from the floor who offered the customary resolutions for perfecting the temporary organization.

That was quickly over with, the meeting places of the committees were announced and at 1:25 o'clock the convention adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow. The delegates piled out into the driving rain where they found 1,000 automobiles furnished by Mayor Thompson's reception committee waiting for them. The committeemen assembled in hotels and the resolutions committee returned later to the Coliseum to give a public hearing to any one who wanted to suggest planks in the platform.

Day's Work Quickly Over.

The first day's work was over quickly and quietly with every one talking about the placid matter-of-fact way things had started off.

All the temporary officers will become permanent officers when the convention assembles tomorrow. That makes Senator Harding, of Ohio, permanent chairman. The motion to make all the temporary officers permanent was carried without a dissenting vote in the committee on permanent organization.

VARIOUS INTERESTS HEARD BY RESOLUTIONS COMMITTEE

Coliseum, Chicago, June 7.—The committee on resolutions of the Republican National convention held its first hearing at the Coliseum late today on matters which various interests desire to have dealt with in the party's platform.

Senator Lodge, chairman, presided. Three delegations of women were heard on equal suffrage question and a committee representing union labor urged certain planks.

The women's delegation represented the National American Woman's Suffrage Association, the congressional union for woman suffrage and the woman's anti-suffrage association.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National Woman's Suffrage Association, presented a memorial which requested that the committee insert the following plank:

"The Republican party, re-affirming its faith in government of the people, by the people, for the people, favors the extension of the suffrage to women as a measure of justice to one-half the adult people of this country."

Mrs. Catt made a brief speech and then presented Mrs. Abbie E. Krebs, a delegate-at-large, from California. Mrs. Krebs said the Republican party would never regret its action if it endorsed a women's suffrage plank. Several other women also spoke.

The National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage then was given a hearing, Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, of New York, president, said the organization she represented has members in 24 states.

Mrs. Alice Dill Chittenden, president of the New York State Association, opposed a woman suffrage plank in the Republican platform, she said, because it was a controversal question, and the times were too serious for political parties to take up such matters.

Some one opened the doors and several thousand women suffragists poured into the hall as those opposed were leaving.

Some of the suffragists began hissing, but leaders quickly suppressed the demonstration.

Representative of the Woman's Party, organized by members of the Congressional Union for Woman's Suffrage, next were heard. Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch, of Kansas, said the biggest things the Republica nparty had done was to write the 14th and 15th amendments into the constitution.

"You have stood by the black man; now we want you to stand by the women," she added.

The resolutions committee then listened to Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and Frank Morrison, secretary.

The Federation asked the committee to adopt planks pledging the party to maintain the Federal law, securing to the workers the legal right of voluntary association for mutual protection and welfare; protecting their rights against unwarrantable issuance of injunction and guranteeing the right of trial by jury in alleged contempt cases committed outside the presence of courts.

It urged vigorous enforcement of the seamen's act and the most liberal interpretation of its provisions; demanded that the immigration and contract law be enforced and so extended as to exclude from entrance to the United States all persons who cannot read some language, and urged the early enactment of a law providing for adequate assistance to public educational institutions in the various states which shall provide for industrial education and vocational training in accord with Federal provisions and standards.

The Federation also asked the enactment of a federal child labor law; the enforcement of all the Federal 8-hour laws and their extension to comprehend all departments of government; the enactment of a law for a comprehensive and generous workmen compensation act; the enactment of legislation excluding from interstate commerce the products of convict labor, government ownership of the telephone and telegraph and creation and maintenance of a bureau of safety under the Department of Labor.

A demand was made that all adaptations of speeding up systems be forbidden on all government work, and that the powers and the function of the federal bureau of mines be extended. Enactment of a law was urged, bestowing upon the people of Porto Rico the full right of citizenship.

Adequate compensation for all employes in the civil service and legislation establishing a reasonable minimum wage for all such employes, creation of a tribunal to which all employes in the competive civil service may appeal for redress of grievances, enactment of a comparative federal compensation law to apply to all civil service employes, enactment of a retirement law for superannuated and disabled employes of the civil service, a declaration that the acceptance of employment in the civil service of the government must not impair the employes right of repetition and woman suffrage also were advocated.

Petitions were also presented by speakers for civil service for all government employes.

A committee of negro delegates and others wanted a plank pledging the party to enact legislation to equalize the representation in congress of all the states and in the electoral college.

Former Governor Foss, of Massachusetts, headed a committee that asked for a National prohibition plank.

The American Jewish Association and allied organizations urged a plank declaring that whatever the United States can legitimately do to attain peace for Europe and to aid to procure equal rights without discrimination because of race or creed to all men in all lands should be done.

The committee will hold no more public hearings.

SENATOR SMOOT IS CHAIRMAN OF CREDENTIALS COMMITTEE

Coliseum, Chicago, June 7.—The Republican committee on credentials was organized with the election of Senator Smoot as chairman over W. Y. Morgan, of Kansas, 28 to 16. Charles H. Innes, of Massachusetts, was elected secretary. Notices of protests were given by six states and the District of Columbia.

P. M. Long, O. D. Street, P. D. Baker, James J. Curtis, William L. Chenault and J. W. Atkins, delegates-at-large from Alabama, who were seated on the temporary roll by the National Committee, were seated by the Credentials committee. Charges were made by contesting delegates-at-large that the Long faction did not comply with the law in calling the convention which named the six delegates at large seated on the temporary roll.

The committee reversed the National committee and seated Charles J. Allison, of the Long faction, as delegate from the Ninth Alabama district, over W. L. Saunders, of the Mason faction. Allison questioned the regularity of the district convention which named Saunders. The committee upheld the National Committee, which seated G. W. Bean, of Tampa, in the Ninth Florida district over C. H. Alston.

The four Jackson delegates at large from Georgia were seated over the Blun delegates. This action sustained the National Committee which ruled that a convention held at Atlanta, regularly represented the party.

The committee sustained the National Committee in the contest in the first Georgia district and seated B. W. S. Daniels, of the Jackson faction. J. H. Watson, a Jackson man, seated on the temporary roll by the National Committee, was placed on the permanent roll as delegate from the second Georgia district.

The committee sustained the National Committee and placed F. G. Boatwright, of the Blun faction, on the permanent roll as delegate from the third Georgia district.

By agreement of the contestants the action of the National Committee in the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh and twelfth Georgia districts was sustained.

The action placed on the permanent roll 12 Jackson delegates, regarded as

SUMMER WEARINESS

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Quickly relieves hot weather languor, exhaustion and nervousness.

BIG DELEGATION IS COMING

Many Citizens of Columbus to Attend Good Roads Convention at Wrightsville.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., June 7.—The county commissioners of Columbus are very active for the success of the State Good Roads Convention to be held at Wrightsville Beach on June 21, 22 and 23. At a recent meeting they appointed the following delegates from all parts of the county and a large number of them have already agreed to attend:

G. Herbert Smith, M. B. McAuly, Dr. T. V. Moore, Acme; Luther Lennon, E. J. Grimsley, Freemans; W. R. Allen, New Berlin; Mack Meyers, S. B. King, W. R. Love, B. L. Daniel, Armour; F. S. Finkensteadt, A .T. Clark, Dr. Slade Smith, D. W. Merritt, H. C. Carpenter, A. S. Barbour, J. W. Dale, Bolton; B. J. Simmons, B. A. Marlowe, John H. Moore, J. Whit Ward, Bryant Long, Old Dock; J. G. Butler, Clyde M. Gore, C. F. Gore, Pireway; W. A. Marlowe, Dothan; Glenn Holmes, Guide; W. P. Marlowe, Wattsville; J. B. Harrelson, Esau Nealy, W. H. Thompson, Forney Richardson, J. O. Adams, W. H. Phillips, D. S. Hines, Don MacRackan, Walter H. Powell, A. W. Baldwin, J. T. Best, A. S. Richardson, J. B. Schulken, L. V. Grady, Clarence Spivey, Dr. R. C. Sadler, Frank Collier, Joe M. Smith, Dr. W. Ross Davis, J. L. Powell, J. C. Hooks, J. M. Brown, T. G. Sessions, W. O. Baldwin, Jas. M. Shipman, Seymour High, Whiteville; D. W. Brown, Dr. Floyd Johnson, I. L. Green, J. R. Williamson, A. L. Griffin, A. G. Floyd, Dr. J. C. Williamson, Cerro Gordo; M. D. Elvington, J. W. Powell, B. C. Powell, Geo. H. Powell, A. R. Waller, J. P. Waddell, J. F. Rogers, Fair Bluff; J. C. Stanley, Mollie; A. A. Williams, B. P. Harrelson, H. G. Harrelson, Clarendon; John A. Mills, C. B. Harrelson, Auty Baldwin, C. D. Harrelson, R. M. Garrell, J. N. Cox, Tabor; E. C. Wooten, M. W. Pridgen, I. A. Singletary, Clarkton; J. E. Thompson, Chas. Rankin, John W. Hall, F. B. Pierce, Geo. H. Wayne, Luther Nance, W. H. Hickman, Hallsboro; F. B. Gault, G. H. Applewhite, St. Julian L. Springs, Lake Waccamaw; J. P. Council, Neill D. Smith, R. B. Ethridge, K. C. Council, Wananish; E. S. Wright, Lock Burris, Boardman; A. R. Benton, W. D. Thomas, E. C. Thomas, D. F. McLelland, Evergreen; J. A. Brown, F. T. Wooten, J. T. McKenzie, J. R. Blake, Pritchard Lennon, D. W. Monroe, Dr. W. F. Smith, Ira Lennon, Charles Lenhart, E. T. Usher, T. E. Barden, Jeff D. Thompson, Chadbourn; J. B. Cox, Guide; James Strause, Freeman.

favoring the candidacy of Senator Root, and five Blun delegates, said to be Hughes supporters.

John R. Hadley and Charles G. Moore, contesting delegates from the fifth Oklahoma district, were seated, reversing the National Committee. It was a victory for the faction of J. J. McGraw, elected National committeeman today. The regularity of convention calls was in question.

The action of the National Committee in seating the McGraw delegates from the sixth district of Oklahoma was sustained.

A request of a contesting negro delegation from North Carolina for a hearing was denied.

BUTLER IS GIVEN PLACE ON THE RESOLUTIONS COMMITTEE

Coliseum, Chicago, June 7.—Members of committees of the Republican National Convention announced today included:

Resolutions—Marion Butler, North Carolina, and E. F. Cochran, South Carolina.

Credentials—J. D. Parker, North Carolina; John F. Jones, South Carolina; R. W. Fulwiler Virginia.

Republican National committeemen so far selected include:

Alabama, O. D. Street; Arkansas, H. L. Remmel; Florida, Henry S. Chubb; George, Henry S. Jackson; Kentucky, A. T. Hert; Louisiana, Armand Romain; Maryland, William P. Jackson; Mississippi, L. B. Moseley; North Carolina, John M. Morehead; Oklahoma, J. J. McGraw; South Carolina ——; Tennessee, James M. Littleton; Texas, H. F. MacGregor; Virginia, Alvah H. Martin.

REDUCTION OF SOUTHERN DELEGATES IS APPROVED.

Chicago, June 7.—By a vote of 28 to 6, the Republican convention's committee on rules and order of business today approved the present basis of apportionment of delegates to the National Convention made by the National committee in December, 1913, which reduced the representation of Southern states 89 delegates. Under this rule each state is given four delegates at large and one delegate for each congressional district with an additional delegate in each district casting 7,500 or more Republican votes.

Irvin B. Tucker, of North Carolina, was the only representative of a Southern state to support the suggestion that the South's representation be cut down. He wanted Congressional districts which cast less than 2,000 Republican votes deprived of delegate representation.

Another rule aproved by the convention committee was that Republicans shall not be required to participate in primaries in Southern states where the party has no representation on the boards of election.

HUGHES' CHANCES BECOME STRONGER, AS THE DAYS PASS

(Continued From Page One.)

party hope to forestall action in their convention until Friday. The convention today having gone over until 3 p. m. tomorrow, they plan to occupy the entire afternoon session if they can with a discussion of a platform and other questions. The efforts to delay making a nomination is because a few of the leaders still profess that there is some prospect of preaching an agreement with the Republican managers.

No Peace Committees.

Neither the Republican nor the Progresive convention appointed committees today to confer with each other respecting peace plans as had been expected. They may do so tomorrow but there is opposition in both conventions to such a course. Both feared difficulty in selecting the personnel of a conference committee.

Before the demonstration for Colonel Roosevelt in the Progressive convention today it was suggested the party might name a candidate other than Colonel Roosevelt and that later, if the Republicans named Justice Hughes and his speech of acceptance proved satisfactory the progressive candidate could withdraw in the interest of harmony and a united front to the Democratic party at the polls would be presented. This plan, however, has been abandoned.

IF HUGHES IS NOMINATED ROOSEVELT WILL ALSO RUN?

Oyster Bay, L. I., June 7.—While Colonel Roosevelt refrains from making any public statement, officially disclosing his real attitude toward the political situation in Chicago, it is well known to his intimates here that he is opposed to the nomination of Justice Hughes and it is their confident belief that if Justice Hughes is nominated, Colonel Roosevelt will himself become a candidate.

Colonel Roosevelt said late tonight he had received no message from former Senator Jackson. He declined to discuss the question of his going to Chicago.

THREATS TO END RAILROAD CONFERENCE ARE AGAIN MADE

Chairman Lee Refused to Answer Questions of the Employes.

New York, June 7.—The refusal today of Elisha Lee, chairman of the managers of the railroads of the United States, to answer questions asked by the employes' representatives as to just where the railroads stood on the wage scale, the objective point of their conference here, brought forth a storm of protests from the questioners who reiterated yesterday's threats to terminate the conference.

The union men charged the managers with bad faith and declared that the latter had made them run the gamut of questions as to how the employes stood but were unwilling to submit to questions themselves. Mr. Lee finally restored order by saying:

"Now I get your point of view," and signified his intention to answer the questions.

Mr. Lee asserted that the men's queries were such that they could not be answered off hand. He said that satisfactory replies would be made at tomorrow's conference, when the men will continue their questioning.

Charleston, S. C., June 7.—Bisnop Henry Pinckney Northrop, of the Catholic Diocese of Charleston, died here today. He was born in Charleston in 1842 and was ordained a priest in 1865.

$1.00 Pongee Silk today 69c per yard. C. H. Fore & Co. (advertisement.)

ASK FOR and GET
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

ANYTHING DONE IN THE TAILORing Line. Leger Meyer, second floor, Princess building. je8-1t*

WANTED — FIRST CLASS OPERATives in all departments for new cotton and hosiery mills. Good wages. In answering, state age, experience, etc. Address "Textile," care Star. je8-4t*

FOR RENT — THE SEVEN-ROOM modern house, 909 N. 5th street, and 5 room house 308 Wright street. Rents reasonable. A. D. Wessell; 'Phone 650-J. je8-1t*

FOR RENT — TWO LARGE CONNECTing rooms; back porch; breezy exposure. One furnished in white; front as dining-sitting room; kitchen same floor. Call between four and seven P. M., 218 S. 3rd. 'Phone 1757-J. je8-7t

PRIVATE TUTORING — INSTRUCTION unexcelled; charges reasonable. No. 914 Murchison Bank Building. 'Phone 790. je8-2t*

BOOK-KEEPER WANTED — MUST be a willing worker, ambitious and capable of working up to a higher position. Address "Book-keeper," P. O. Box 115, City. je8-1t*

WANTED — BRIGHT BOY, HIGH OR grammar school; some knowledge of stenography, for clerical position in office; must be quick and accurate, and willing to work; small salary to start, but chance to advance. Address in own handwriting, or with sample of typing, giving references and telephone number. "Willing Worker," care Star. je8-1t

LOST — GOLD MAPLE LEAF PIN AT Lumina, Wrightsville Beach. Kindly return to Dixie Cottage, and greatly oblige the owner. je8-1t*

FANCY CULTIVATED BLACKBERRIES —Extra large baskets, fine peaches, native cucumbers and squash. Very best of beef, veal, lamb and pork. Try us. We have the goods. aBtson's Meat Market; 'Phone No. 72; 115 Market street. je6-tf

FOR RENT — CLOSE IN, ONE BLOCK from the post office, two connecting rooms, connected with bath; in private residence. One room large, light and cool; other has private porch. Address "C. B. A.," care Star. je6-tf

WANTED — SECOND-HAND DRESSer and wash stand; also two iron bedsteads and springs. Address "W," care Star. je6-3t

FOR SALE — PAIR MEDIUM SIZED young mules; fine condition. 'Phone No. 317, Box 1064, City. je6-tf

BAGGING — SUGAR BAG CLOTH COTton ties for covering and packing cotton. Large quantities; best quality; lowest prices. Imperial Bagging Company. P. O. Box 1037, Norfolk, Va. my30-tu,th,su-7t

"SERVICE FIRST" — FINE COMMERcial and job printing. Multigraph fac-simile typewritten letters; direct mail campaigns. "Let Harriss print it." Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. fe17-th,sa,tu-tf

FOR SALE — GOOD DRIVING HORSE, and first class rubber tire buggy. Good opportunity. Apply at 211 S. 6th street or address P. O. Box 93. je7-2t

WANTED — TO RENT, FOR THE SUMmer months, and permanently, if possible, furnished flat or cottage in good residential section of Wilmington or suburbs. Prefer cottage with good-sized lot. Give full particulars in first letter; rent and length of lease. Address "Tenant," care Star. je7-2t

FOR RENT — COTTAGE, NO. 309 WALnut street, between Third and Fourth streets; four rooms, bath and kitchen. Possession given immediately. "Cottage," care Star. je6-tf

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR EXchange. Supplies and parts for all machines. Special attention given repair work. You can have your old machine made to work like new at a small cost. Telephone 996. B. W. Thacker, 814 Murchison Bank Building; agent for L. C. Smith Noiseless and Corona Portable. je7-5t

SWEET CREAM AND MILK FOR SALE —Pine Grove Dairy Farm. Adolph G. Ahrens, proprietor. 'Phone 936. m.28-t*

WANTED — POSITION AS BUYER and manager of stores or comissaries. Capable and experienced in all lines. Have always produced results. If you have vancancy, or if you are not getting the desired results from your business, write me, giving full particulars, salary, etc., in first letter. Married; age 35; references furnished. Correspondence confidential. Address Manager, care Star. je1-8t*

WANTED — A PRINCIPAL, ONE PRImary and one music teacher, for Carver's Creek Preparatory School; eight months' term. For particulars, address Dr. J. D. Devane, East Arcadia, N. C. my31-14t

DID YOU READ "THREE WEEKS," by Eleanor Glyn? You should read her latest one: "The Career of Katherine Bush," now running in the Cosmopolitan Magazine. 'Phone your orders to 745. Gordon Bros. my24-tf

FOR SALE — 1,000 TONS 71-2 PER cent prime cotton seed meal, at a very low price. Wire me, collect, if you are interested; I can sell you. V. B Sharpe, Maxton, N. C. mh9-tf

WANTED — TO BUY SOME CHEAP second hand bicycles. Queen City Cycle Co., 209 Market street. 'Phone 862. ap30-tf

WANTED—TWO HUNDRED WHITE laborers for new Aluminum plant. Wages, $1.70 per eight hour day, seven days per week. Excellent chances for advancement to good men. Houses with excellent light and bath at lowest rates. Pure filtered water. We can also use brick-layers, carpenters and machinists. Apply at once to the Employment Bureau, Tallassee Power Co., Whitney, N. C. ma27-21t

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE FOR wrapping or placing under carpets, tied up in neat bundles and for sale at this office, 10 cents per hundred. mh23-tf

LIMES, LIMES, LEMONS AND BANAnas. We have 'em. Send us your orders. Bear Produce and Mdse. Co., 19 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. my23-tf

NOTICE — TO THE TRAVELING PUBlic, that we have the most complete line of leather suit cases and hand bags; also trunks, in the city, at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, No. 6 South Front st.; 'Phone 642. my10-tf

FOR SALE — SIX-ROOM COTTAGE AT Winter Park; water, sewerage and lights; located on highest spot in Park; just a hundred yards from station, between shell road and car line. Lot 99x240 feet. Has large barn, servants' quarters and fruit trees. Address "Cottage," care Star. mh23-tf

QUALITY PRINTING; FACSIMILE EMbossing and engraving; multigraphing, typewriting; Notaries Public. Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. fe17-tf

Use your Porch 24 hours a day. Enclose it with Vudor Shades and live on it in cool comfort during the hot days of Summer.

We have them in all sizes.

Prices reasonable.

No extra charge for putting up.

C. W. Yates Comp'y

——117 MARKET ST.——

COTTON

Large and Small
SHIPMENTS
Have Prompt Attention

W. B. COOPER & CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

American Bank & Trust Co.

Corner Front and Market Sts. Wilmington, N. C.

RESOURCES OVER $2,500,000.00

Designated Depositary for the
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER
CITY OF WILMINGTON

"The Bank of Personal Service."

THOS. E. COOPER, ... President
MILTON CALDER, ... Vice-President
CHAS. E. BETHEA, ... Cashier
E. FRED BANCK, ... Asst. Cashier.
ROBT. L. HENLEY, ... Asst. Cashier.

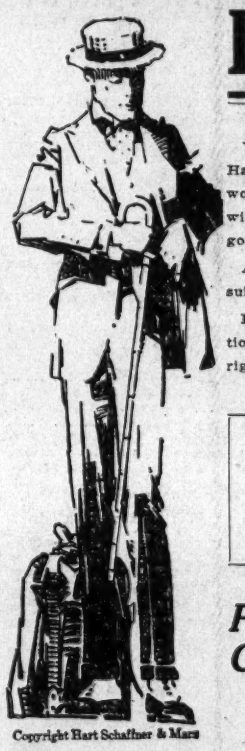
MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus - $1,650,000.00
Resources - - - - - 8,000,000.00

This Bank stands ready to furnish customers every facility and best possible service.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.

J. W. YATES, V. Prest. — J. V. GRAINGER, V. Prest.
C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier. — M. F. ALLEN, Asst. Cash.
W. S. JOHNSON, Asst. Cash. — J. V. GRAINGER, Jr., Asst. Cash.



David's

You might wear the finest looking Hart Schaffner & Marx suit in the world, but it douldn't look very well without a linen collar that fits, and a good shirt, and a nice four-in-hand tie.

All of these things that go with the suit are here.

Besides the above, there's a nice selection of straw hats, canes; the exactly right things.

You will notice that our salesmen in the furnishing goods have some very definite ideas about collars, ties, shirts—they know the business; they have made a study of it. Talk with them—ask them to show you the goods and prices.

Palm Beach and Cool Cloth Suits $7.50 and Up.

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

The A. David Company

JUNE FIRST

A New Interest Quarter Begins on the Above Date.

Deposits made now and until June 2nd, draw interest from June 1st, and receive three full months interest on September 1st.

Your success begins to take form when you start to save. Open your account at this bank and get your plan working.

HOME SAVINGS BANK
Wilmington, N. C.

Buy at Home

Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee insist that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that really helps build the city. That being the case, patronize the

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

The Only Oil Company in the City Whose Money Remains in Wilmington.

Due to the Fact That Our One Cent Sale is a Mammoth Success,

Our General Delivery is Impaired to a Certain Extent. However, we have a Competent Registered Pharmacist in Charge of the Prescription Department, who will give you the same prompt and accurate attention as in the past. We solicit your business, we appreciate it, we give you in return the best to be had at any price.

YOUR LIFE-LENGTHENING FRIENDS

ELVINGTON'S PHARMACY

Everybody Reads the Star Business Lsocal